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# GUIDE

TO THE

NATIONAL MUSEUM

AT

## AMSTERDAM

Second Edition; enlarged

SCHIEDAM — H. A. M. ROELANTS

*Prills 11-*



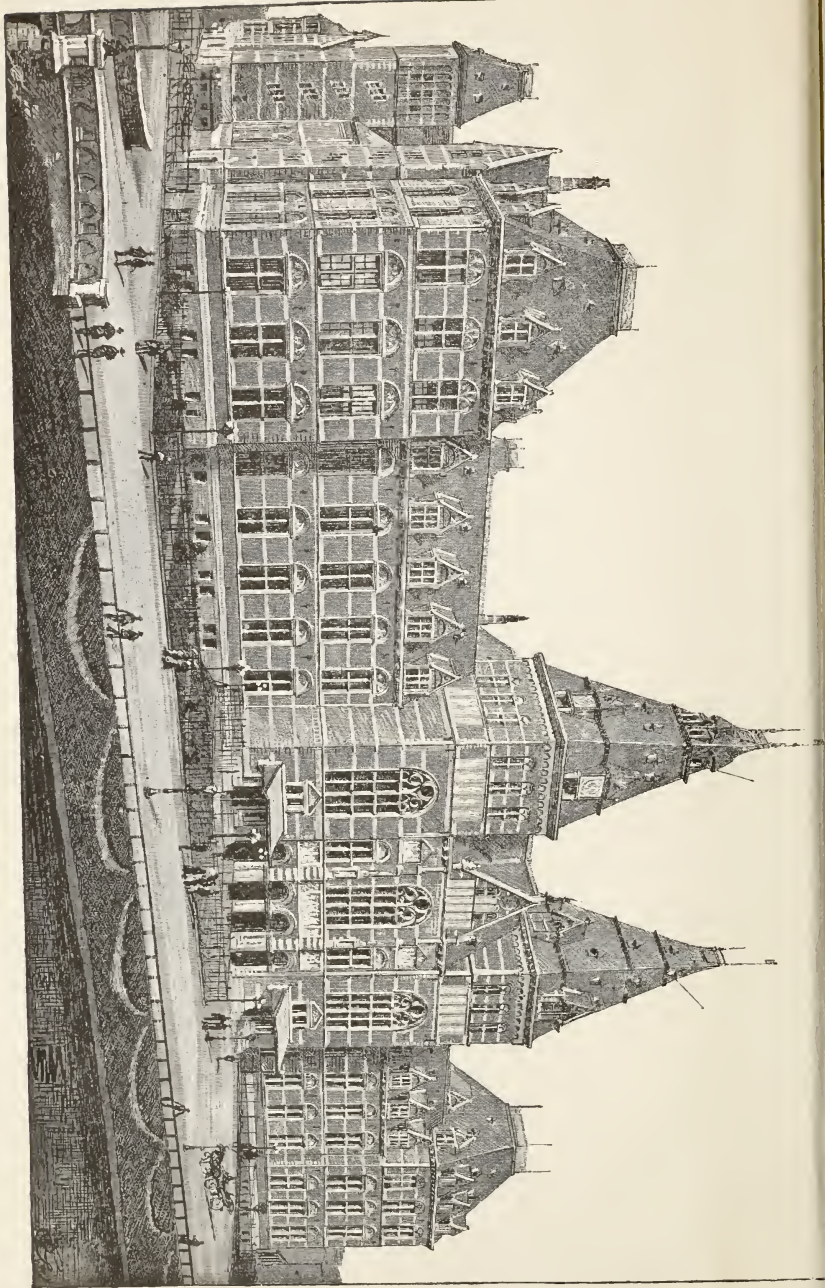


# GUIDE



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VIEW ON THE NATIONAL MUSEUM.

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# GUIDE

TO THE

# NATIONAL MUSEUM

AT

# AMSTERDAM

WITH

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GROUND-PLANS

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Second Edition; enlarged

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SCHIEDAM

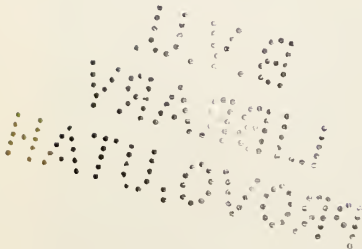
H. A. M. ROELANTS

1890

*Amsterdam July 4 1891*



*Every Copy is signed:*



# CONTENTS

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	Page
.....	I
BUILDING:	
External ornamentation (North side) .....	2
„ „ (South side) .....	6
„ „ (East side) .....	10
„ „ (West side) .....	10
Other external ornamentation .....	11
Materials used .....	13
Number of rooms .....	13
COLLECTIONS ON THE FIRST FLOOR:	
Management .....	14
Origin of the collection of pictures .....	14
Staircase and Entrance-hall .....	18
Entrance-hall .....	21
Reading gallery .....	29
Reading gallery (East side) .....	32
Strandberg-hall .....	37
Polingian-hall .....	43
International hall .....	43
Collection of the Old-Dutch school .....	48
Collection of the Dutch school, 16th century .....	51
Upper-hall .....	56
Collection de Poll-hall .....	59
Collection of Anatomy-Pictures .....	61
Portrait-hall .....	63
Library Cabinets .....	72
Witte van Citters collection .....	79
Library Cabinets .....	81
Card collection .....	82
Million-hall .....	90

# CONTENTS.

	Page
Van der Hoop Museum.....	9
Modern art .....	10
Halls of the Society for forming a public collection of contemporary art.....	10
Modern art (from the Pavilion „Welgelegen” at Harlem).....	10
Halls of the Royal Archeological Society: Old-Dutch Governors' room.....	11
Gold-leather room.....	11
Grand gallery (West side).....	11

## WEST INNER COURT:

Collection of casts .....	12
---------------------------	----

## COLLECTIONS ON THE GROUND FLOOR:

Halls of the Royal Archeological Society: Old-Dutch Parlour .....	12
Hall of the Admirals .....	12
Collection of Engravings and Drawings .....	13
Library and Numismatic collections.....	14
Refreshment room and Retiring rooms .....	14
Dutch Museum for History and Art .....	15
Hall of textile art, etc. ....	15
Ceramic hall .....	15


## EAST INNER COURT:

Models, etc. of the Dutch navy .....	15
National costumes.....	15
Weapons. Collection Snouckaert Van Schauburg .....	16
Jacob Van Campen's Hoogerhuis .....	16
Hindelopen room .....	16
Mementos of the winter-quarters of the Dutch in Nova-Zembla .....	16

## COLLECTIONS ON THE GROUND FLOOR (continued):

Ecclesiastical Architecture .....	16
Civil Architecture .....	16
East Pavilion-hall (collection of silver).....	17
Historical relics of the House of Orange-Nassau, etc. ....	17

NATIONAL NORMAL SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS OF DRAWING .....	18
NATIONAL SCHOOL FOR ART APPLIED TO INDUSTRY.....	18

 In using this Guide, follow the dotted line indicated on the ground-plans.



# GUIDE

TO THE

## NATIONAL MUSEUM.

**Site.** In connexion with the foundation of the Museum it is a fact worth notice, that the ground on which it is built was presented by the City of Amsterdam to the State. It occupies an area of three hectares of which 11.000 square metres are built over.

The open space is laid out in gardens in the Dutch style of the 16th, 17th and 18th centuries, where clipped hedges of beech and box are variegated by bowers and a maze, while the remainder of the grounds is every here and there adorned with the remains of Dutch monuments of architecture, of late years taken down in various towns, and erected again here. Such

are the old Bergpoort (Mountgate) of Deventer, from the year 1619, and the Heerenpoort (Lord's gate) of Groningen, from 1621, here built back to back against each other; while near the Deventer gate are placed some old pieces of ordnance obtained in 1888. Mutually connected and forming together an elongated quadrangle, we find against the western backwall the old fine archway of the Gymnasium (Grammar School) of Leiden, the portico of the Huygens-house at the Hague, built by Jacob Van Campen, the gate of the old Admiralty of Rotterdam, a wall of the Valkenhof at Breda, and some columns and arches of the demolished Little Church at Edam, etc. Finally some groups of statues from the 18<sup>th</sup> century and an old bronze Chinese pagoda give a peculiarly quaint character to this park shortly to be completed.

This surrounding park gives the building the advantage of complete isolation, by which circumstance light is obtained freely, and the comparative safety of the building from fire is promoted. A tunnel, on the southside, connects the eastern and the western portion of the park, separated from the high road by a wrought iron railing.

**Building.** The walls of the building consist of brickwork (of such a dimension as was not usual in Holland in subsequent times variegated by free stone. As to the style, the architect has striven strictly to deduce all the forms from and to bring them into harmony with the construction, while the ornamentation is of a piece with that of the Dutch „Renaissance” of the 16<sup>th</sup> century. Under the building there is an archway 71 Metres long. The facade has a width of 135 Metres. The height of the two principal towers at the facade is 62 Metres, that of the corner-turrets 43 Metres.

**External ornamentation.** On either side of the two main entrances are placed the figures representing *Architecture*, *Sculpture*, *Painting* (Northside). and *Engraving*: the two former at the east wing of the building, in which are exhibited the Dutch architecture and sculpture in stone, wood, metal and other materials, from the earliest times to the 19<sup>th</sup> century; the two latter at the west wing, where the cabinet of engravings is placed.





THE VIRGIN OF HOLLAND BETWEEN TRUTH AND BEAUTY. CENTRAL GROUP  
OF THE RELIEF OVER THE ARCHWAY.

Over the archway, at the spot where the grand hall is situated there is for outside ornament a relief representing the Virgin of Holland on a throne, paying homage to the Dutch artists. At her feet there are two figures, as emblems of *Beauty* and *Truth*, in the shape of virgins. *Beauty* appears to the left, holding in her left hand her emblem, the lily branch, and in her right a pair of compasses resting on a globe, the emblem of perfection; her eyes are fixed on the Virgin of Holland, while the lower part of the body is draped. To the right *Truth* is seated, having an open bible in her right and a mirror in her left hand. (See Pict. 1.)

Next to the throne there are two emblematic figures: *Wisdom* and *Justice*; the former like Minerva with cask, lance and shield, the latter with sword and scales; both as guardians and advisers for the homage offered by Holland to the artists, whose works should excel by *Beauty* and *Truth*. On either side some artists are advancing to receive the coronets awarded them by the Virgin of Holland.

To the right are three architects, as the representatives of the Carolingian, the Romane and the mediaeval periods: Eginhart, Charlemagne's architect in front, John ten Doem, the builder of the Cathedral church at Utrecht, and Keldermans who built the town-hall at Middelburg and the church at Zieriksee.

To the left appear: the sculptor Klaas Sluter, the painters Dirk Stuerbout and Lucas Van Leyden.

In the next division comes to the right: Rembrandt, the king of light in front, and grouped around him Adriaen van Ostade, Gerard Dou, Jan Steen and Paulus Potter.

In the division to the left follow first Ridder (knight) Adriaan Van der Werff, Jan Van Huysum, Jacob De Wit, Rachel Ruysch, the flower painter, and the renowned engraver Jacobus Houbraken.

On either side of these groups are placed representations with emblematic figures of the different fine arts.

To the right the art of drawing and painting is represented: in the middle of the background is the model, a beautiful woman and a child; on the fore-ground two figures seated: the painter a man in his prime, bearing the stamp of the earnestness of life, opposite to him a young woman, while both are studying and delineating the

model. In the corner to the right there are two standing figures: the youth holds the drawing pencil, whilst the other with his hand on the boy's shoulder seems to be his adviser. On the left, a little more to the front, two youthful drawers are busily engaged, whilst on the pre-ground the figure of a stalwart man kneeling unrolls a drawing and seems to study the contents of it.

On the left: architecture and sculpture in operation. The architect "Magister operum" is conspicuous by his attitude and gesture: he is dressed in the classical gown and mantle and gives his orders to one of the male figures, apparently the foreman; next to the architect a stonecutter, engaged in tracing his stone with level and compasses; more to the centre a vigorous man carrying a beam to the monument building, a wall of which is represented in the background. On the foreground a sculptor engaged in chiseling a female figure; while a youthful ornamentist comes carrying a stone with stoop-work.

These three reliefs, of which the middle one has a width of 7 M. and the two others of 3.50 M. each, are separated by buttresses, supporting the figures of *Art* and *History*.

*Art* is represented as a woman holding in her right hand a drawing pencil, brush and chisel, whilst her left rests on a trunk from which shoots a scion, to show that art should always grow and flourish.

*History*, as a woman crowned with laurels, the roll of history and pencil in her hand.

The gable is crowned by the figure of *Victory*, a woman with the Dutch crown and spread wings, distributing wreaths.

At the base of this triangular gable are placed two figures in a sitting posture. They represent *Inspiration* and *Labour*, both requisite to produce in art a work at least to be deemed worthy of the crown of victory. The figure placed on the east side represents *Inspiration* in the guise of a youth looking to Heaven. In one hand he has an open book (the Bible), whilst in the other he keeps his pencil, ready to draw the inspiration received. By his side is an eagle, with the ancient as well as the mediaeval poets and artists the emblem of inspiration, since he flies highest and his keen eyes are able to face the sun.

On the westside *Labour* is represented as a man more advanced in years bending over his table. In it he traces with a style the outline of his study. An ox, the emblem of labour, is placed by his side.

The two large reliefs, adorning this wall somewhat lower, represent emblematically the foundation of the Museum, bearing the date of the royal appointment, July 12, 1876, and on the westside the date of the opening, July 13, 1885.

In consequence of the authorisation given by the Secretary of State for Foreign affairs of 17 June 1880, artists of every nation were invited to enter into a competition for the execution of the works of sculpture to the Museum. This call was attended to by 8 Dutch and 6 foreign artists, with the result that Mr. F. Vermeylen at Louvain was commissioned to execute the figure of *Victory*, the large relief the ornaments over the doors and six figures, and Mr. Bart van Hove, of Amsterdam, to furnish the figures representing *Inspiration* and *Labour*, as also all the busts over the windows.

In the main building and at the same height in both towers have been placed 26 figures in ornamental tiles, representing the different towns renowned for the culture of art and art-industry.

These figures support the escutcheons or banners of the towns they represent. Group in the centre wall: the Dutch towns, as: Amsterdam, Haarlem, Leiden, the Hague, Delft, Dort, Rotterdam and Gouda.

Group on the right tower east of the archway: the towns of the 'Sticht' and 'Oversticht', as: Utrecht, Deventer, Zwolle, Kampen and Groningen.

Group on the left tower, west of the archway: the towns of the former dukedom of Guelders and the county of Zutphen, as: Maestricht, Nijmegen, Zutphen, Roermond, Arnhem.

Group on the eastside: the towns of Brabant and Friesland, as: Breda, Bois-le-Duc, Bolsward and Leeuwarden.

Group on the westside: the towns of West-Friesland and Zeeland, as: Hoorn, Alkmaar, Middelburg and Zieriksee.

**External ornamentation.** In the south front, at the same height of the building, have been placed two effigies and nine figures (Southside.) in ornamental tiles, representing persons who have more especially influenced fine art.

In the main or centre building of this gable the following figures will be placed:

Ornamental tiles: *The Emperor Charlemagne*, who first made arts to flourish in the country by the foundation of the Valkhof with chapel

Nymegen, who had the church of St. Servatius at Maestricht enlarged and also founded the Emperor's chapel at that place.

*Hendrik van Vianden*, who in the 13<sup>th</sup> century founded the Cathedral church at Utrecht.

*David of Burgundy*, bishop of Utrecht, who called the celebrated painters Van Eyck to perform their labours in the Cathedral church.

*Monulphus*, who built the church of St. Servatius, the crypt of which was discovered in 1882, and has now been quite restored.

*Amalia Van Solms*, who honored and patronized fine art, and favorably influenced it in the flourishing period of Frederick Henry.

To the right of this: sculptured. *Bernulphus*, bishop of Utrecht, who built and adorned many churches at Utrecht and elsewhere.

In ornamental tiles: *Tulp* and *Six*, burgomasters of Amsterdam, as types of the patronage of arts by patricians in the 17<sup>th</sup> century.

Left: sculptured. *Frederick Henry* who in the 17<sup>th</sup> century made specially flourish architecture and greatly encouraged art in general.

In ornamental tiles: *Louis Napoleon*, who, in a couple of years' time, bought objects of art to the value of about 300.000 guilders in behalf of the Museum at Amsterdam, thus laying the foundation of the Dutch State Museum.

*King William I*, who founded the celebrated Royal Collection of Pictures „Mauritshuis” at the Hague, laid the foundation of the collection of works of art by modern masters at the „Paviljoen” at Haarlem, and who in every way promoted art.

In the large spaces not yet finished at the height of the first floor, where the pictures are kept, the following representations in ornamental tiles will be placed on the front. The centre space against the wall of the Rembrandthall will represent:

Rembrandt painting his „Staalmeesters” (The Syndics) whilst surrounded by his pupils.

To the right of this: David of Burgundy, receiving the brothers Van Eyck, at Utrecht.

To the left: Albrecht Dürer, on his art-journey through the



Picture 2.



TRIUMPHAL CAR OF TINTIN  
Group in ornamental of P



TING AMSTERDAM.  
f Prot. G. Sturm.

Netherlands, received at Bois-le-Duc by the goldsmiths-company and the brethren of St-Luke's guild.

Next to this follow six representations, three to the right and three to the left:

I. William II, king of the Roman empire, count of Holland, considers with his architect the foundation of the castle with the Grand hall, at the Hague.

II. The foundation of St. Luke's guild, at Amsterdam in the 16th century.

III. Granting the patent of the erection of the manufactory of tapestry, at Middelburg.

IV. The Dutch towns, represented as virgins, present each a stained glass to the church of Gouda, after the fire of 1552.

V. Amalia Van Solms considers with Huygens, Pieter Post and Jacob Van Campen the foundation of the Orange hall.

VI. The Batavian Republic founding the first Public Museum.

**External ornamentation.** I. The foundation of the church of St. Servatius at Maestricht, by St. Monulphus.

**(Eastside.)** II. Foundation of the Valkenhof, at Nymegen by the emperor Charlemagne.

III. Foundation of the Cathedral at Utrecht, by Hendrik van Vianden.

IV. The act of building the church of St. John at Bois-le-Duc, in the 15th century.

**External ornamentation.** The glory of Amsterdam is represented here in four divisions in an historical-emblematic procession of celebrated persons, who from the 13th to the end of the 18th century have cultivated or in any other way promoted Dutch art, or who have more especially contributed to the glory of Amsterdam; they are preceded by heralds and standard-bearers.

In this procession emperors and kings, statesmen and generals, scholars and artists, Maecenates and merchants, in mixed company come to pay homage to Dutch art.

The first division contains the authorities: count Floris V, Lord of Amsterdam, 1281; Bishop Guy of Hainault, Lord of Amstel, who



1300 granted the town statutes and freedoms, followed by Duke Brecht of Bavaria, who in 1358 was inaugurated as Ruwaard (governor), with Maximilian, who granted Amsterdam the imperial town, and Charles V, who in 1515 was inaugurated at Amsterdam. Then follow the statesmen Willem Eggert, Joost Buyck, Willem Burdes as also Allard of Amsterdam, who wrote the first history of Amsterdam, with Jac. Cornelisse, Corn. Teunissen and Dirk Laurensz, artists.

The second division is formed by the princes: Frederick Henry, Maria De Medicis, Christina of Sweden, Cosmo De Medicis. Next by the scholars and statesmen: Hendr. Laurensz. Spieghel, Corn. De Raeff, J. Van de Poll, Joan Huidecoper; together with Wouter Valenier, Gerard Schaepe and Gerbrand and Cl. Pancras, who with the architect J. Van Campen founded and completed the Amsterdam townhall. Further Nic. Tulp, Joh. Six, Joh. Hudde, Andries and Corn. Bicker.

The third division consists of literati and artists: P. Czn. Hooft, Joemer Visscher, Jak. Heemskerck, Krul, Van Baerle, Vossius, Vonel, J. Vos, Joan Bloem, Jan Van der Heyden, Hendrik De Keyser, Talpaert Van der Wiele, Brederô, S. Coster, Tesselschade, Adam Vermees, Sweelinck, Corn. Visscher, Th. De Keyser, Ferd. Bol, Nic. Verchem.

The fourth division represents: the Triumphal car of the Virgin representing the City of Amsterdam closing the procession, preceded and surrounded by trumpeters, banner-bearers and allegorical female figures. Over the car genii are hovering, holding a ribbon with a couplet of Vondel's, purporting that:

On the Amstel and the Y a glorious prospect opens of her, who as Empress wears the crown of Europe. 1)

All these representations have been executed under the superintendence of the Architect of the Museums of the State, Dr. P. J. H. Cuypers, after cartoons of Prof. G. Sturm.

**Further external ornamentation.** In the heads of the arches above the windows the principal Dutch artists of former days are immortalized, alternately by bust or name, in sculpture or in coloured

1) See Pict. 2.

tiles. They are divided into two sections, respectively headed Rembrandt and Van der Helst, whilst the others follow in retrograde chronological order.

Painters: Rembrandt Van Rijn, Frans Hals, M. Van Miereveld, Ant. Moro, D. Barentsz, Jan Van Scorel, Jacob Cornelissen, Luc Van Leyden, Corn. Engelbrecht, Dirck Stuerbout, H. and J. Van Eyck

B. Van der Helst, J. Van Ravesteyn, Thomas De Keyser, Lievens, F. Bol, G. Flinck, G. Dou, N. Maes, L. Bakhuisen, C. Troost

J. Van Ruysdael, M. Hobbema, N. Berchem, Jan Van Goye, Adriaan Van der Velde, J. Van der Heyden, Willem Van der Veld, Albert Cuyp, Hackaert, Both.

Willem Van Heerlen, Pieter Pourbus, G. Jz. Van Oudewater, Maarten Van Heemskerck, Pieter Christi, Corn. Van Haerlem, Dirk Vander Star, Cornelis Antonisz., J. Jzn. Mostaert, Jeroen Bosch, Paulus Moreelse, Bernard Fabricius, Ger. Honthorst, A. Bloemaert, Van den Eeckhout, Koning, J. De Wit, Wijnants.

G. Metz, Aart Van der Neer, Jan Steen, P. De Hooghe, D. D. Heem, Johannes Vermeer (from Delft), Rachel Ruysch, A. Van Ostade, M. D'Hondekoeter, J. B. Weenix, G. Ter Burg, Isaac Van Ostade, Em. De Witte, K. Du Jardin, Brueghel, Paulus Potter, A. Van de Venne, C. Van Everdingen.

On the eastside, consequently near the cabinet of engravings, the following are called to remembrance, —

Engravers: Jeroen Ewaldzoon, Corn. Bos, N. De Bruyn, Hondius, Corn. Bloemaert, R. Persijn, H. Bary, D. Matham, P. Soutman, D. De Bray, N. Verkolje, Romeyn De Hooghe, Reinier Vinkeles, Ploos Van Amstel, Picardt, Cornelis Cort, Coornhert, Goltzius, Muller, J. Matham, J. Saenredam, C. De Pas, S. De Bolswaert, W. Jz. Delf, Corn. Visscher, Corn. Van Doelen Hzn., Suiderhoff, Vaillant, Blooteling, Luiken, Houbraken.

On the Library, the following

Historiographers of art: Lucas De Heer, Carel Van Mander, Arnout Houbraken and Gerard De Lairese.

Architects, art manufacturers, etc. find their places in the decorative portion inside the Museum. 1)

1) The description of the decoration of the Museum is about the same as what, in 1884, was furnished to some newspapers.



**Materials** For the construction of the Museum the following materials have been used:

- 8,000 piles, from 10 to 18 Metres (400 for Director's house.)
- 160 M<sup>3</sup> Oak ground timber.
- 400 M<sup>3</sup> Deal ground ribs and floors.
- 100,000 Bricks, the greater part of which of large size and 100,000 profile bricks.
- 1,500 M<sup>3</sup> Blue free stone, petit granit de l'Ourthe.
- 2,000 M<sup>3</sup> White quarry stone, as:  
     Roche d'Euville for outside work and for those parts which have to bear heavy weights.  
     Savonnière for sculpture, outside and inside the building.
- 20,000 KG. Iron for roofs and supports of rafters.
- 2,500 M<sup>2</sup>. Zinc N<sup>o</sup>. 16 for roofcovering.
- 50,000 KG. Lead for roofcovering.
- 9,600 M<sup>2</sup> Roofslates (system Fourgeau).
- 7,000 M<sup>2</sup> Coarse white, half white and best French glass of different thickness.
- 16,000 M<sup>2</sup> Floors of mosaic, earthwork, cement and tiles.
- 1,000 M<sup>1</sup> Wrought iron railings round the grounds.

<b>Number of rooms.</b>	The building contains the following number of rooms.	
	Basement	141 rooms.
	Groundfloor	70 id.
	Ist Floor	67 id.
	II <sup>nd</sup> id.	32 id.
	III <sup>rd</sup> id.	20 id.
	Total 330 rooms.	

**Collections.** The Museum was solemnly opened in the name of King by the Minister of the Home Department, Mr. J. Heemskerk Az., on July 13. 1885. It contains the following collections:  
 1. the public Museum of pictures 1);

2) Hitherto, with the Cabinet of Engravings, forming the collection in the 'Appenhuis'.

- b.* the public Collection of engravings and drawings;
- c.* the Dutch Museum for History and Art, formerly established at the Hague;
- d.* the public Collection of works of art by modern masters, formerly established in the Pavilion „Welgelegen” at Harlem;
- e.* the Museum Van der Hoop belonging to the city of Amsterdam, lodged before in the former Hospital for Old Men at Amsterdam;
- f.* the objects of art and antiquities received as a loan from that city;
- g.* the objects of art received as a loan from corporations or private persons;
- h.* the public Collection of plaster casts of sculpture;
- i.* the library, containing the books and engravings belonging to the said collections and institutions gathered in the Museum.

**Management.** Under the superintendence of an Imperial committee the general management is entrusted to a chief director; each collection being placed under the management of a special director.

**Origin of the collection of pictures.** The collection took its origin in virtue of a decree of king Louis Napoleon of April 21, 1808, by which the erection was ordered of a Royal Museum at Amsterdam. It was formed of the remnant of the pictures and curiosities left by the last Stadtholder, William V. The Prince's art-collection proper had, after his departure on January 18, 1795, been carried to Paris by the French. To the remaining works of art were added some pieces taken from public buildings, and some others which since 1798 had been collected in the Palace in the Wood near the Hague; subsequently this collection had, in 1805, again been removed to the ancient cabinet of the Stadtholder, where it obtained the name of „National Museum” The nucleus of this Museum, consisting of 96 pictures and 38 „curiosities,” was conveyed in December 1808 to the new Royal Museum at Amsterdam. To this were added 57 pictures, bought for about 100,000 guilders on June 6, 1808, at the auction of the collection Van der Pot van Groenevelt at Rotterdam and eight pictures, of the Old School, sent in 1808 from the Hague.

also 7 pictures, of the Old School too, given by the city of Amsterdam. Further some pictures were received as presents, among which the fine portrait of the Lieutenant-Admiral-General M. A. de Ruyter.

At last, in 1809, the collection Van Heteren, consisting of 137 pictures, was bought for 100,000 guilders. Besides, also in 1809, 7 pictures, from the collection of Mrs. Bicker were obtained by purchase. Finally a number of casts from the Musée Napoléon at Paris and some antiquities from the province of Drenthe were incorporated into the museum.

The whole collection was placed in some of the upper rooms in the Royal palace on the Dam, whither also the Museum of Natural History from Harlem was conveyed, after which it was opened to the public.

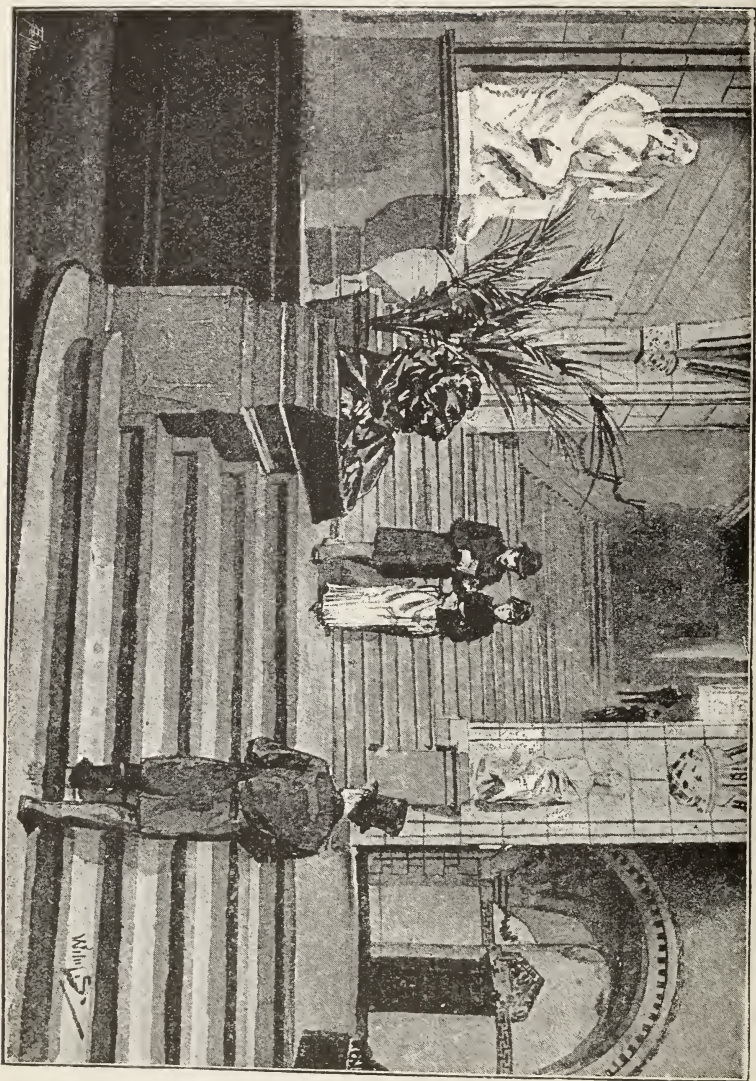
In 1810 the collection was extended by the addition of the numismatic cabinet from the Hague. Further it was resolved to give the museum the name of Dutch Museum. In the same year this country was incorporated into France, and the city of Amsterdam, as proprietor of the most important pictures, was forced to bear the expenses of the Museum, since else it would have gone the way of all collections of art. It was resolved, September 3, 1814, to remove the collection of pictures, etc. as also the Museum of Natural History, to the 'Trippenhuis'.

In 1815 it was opened to the public. Of the plaster casts some new were presented to the Municipal Academy for drawing and the others to the University of Leiden.

The numismatic collection went back to the Hague in 1816, whilst on the other hand the collection of engravings at the Hague was added to the Museum at Amsterdam.

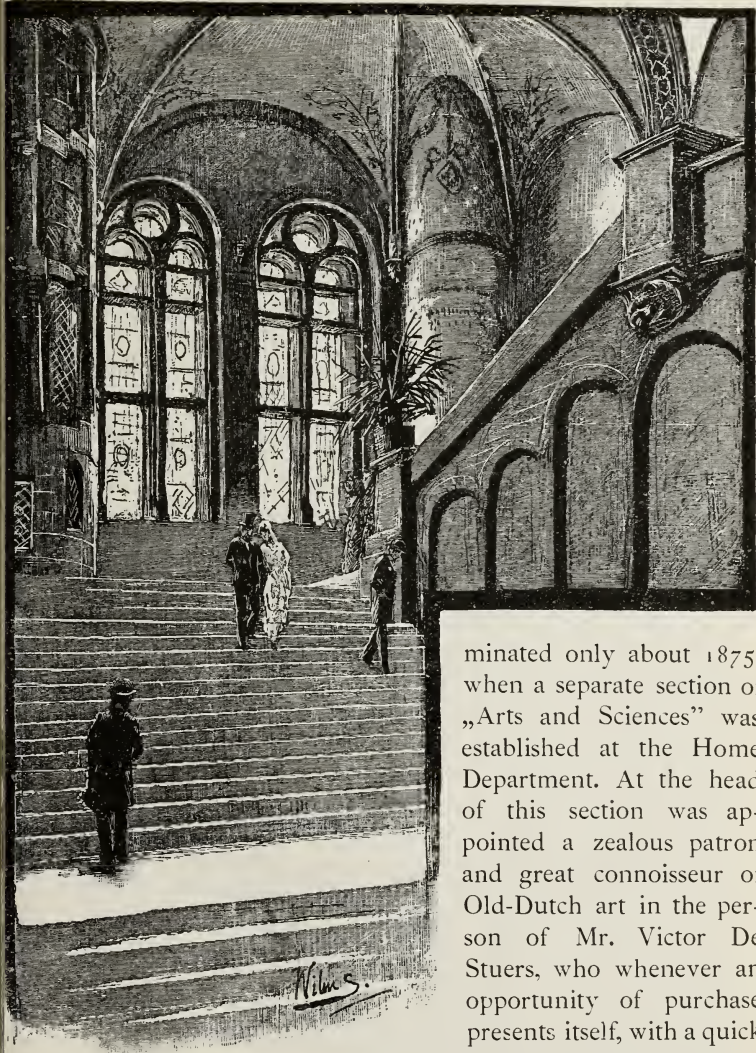
The antiquities, curiosities and sculpture were in 1825 transferred partly to Leiden, partly to the Hague, and the Museum of Natural History to the former town. In the same year some pieces were exchanged for others from the Royal collection of pictures at the Hague.

From 1814 till 1830 was a time of thriving for the collection. From 1830, the year when the secession of Belgium took place, a time of stagnation followed, with regard to purchases, and it ter-



VESTIBULE.





STAIRS TO THE PICTURE HALL.

minated only about 1875, when a separate section of „Arts and Sciences” was established at the Home Department. At the head of this section was appointed a zealous patron and great connoisseur of Old-Dutch art in the person of Mr. Victor De Stuers, who whenever an opportunity of purchase presents itself, with a quick eye and great energy watches, as much as possible,

to retain the art treasures for this country. Besides, the Museum received some highly interesting legacies, viz. the collection Dupper

(1870), Liotard (1873), Mrs. Van Winter-Bicker (1878), Jhr. J. S. H. Van de Poll (1880), as also several other presents, among which that of Jhr. J. S. R. Van de Poll (1885) deserves separately to be mentioned.

Since 1838 the modern pictures had been separated from the collection and added to the Museum of Modern art in the Pavilion „Welgelegen” at Harlem. A second transfer of modern art followed thither in 1848, again to form part of the Museum at Amsterdam 37 years later.

In the last eight years the collection has been greatly enriched by presents and purchase, and that not least in 1885, when it obtained its greatest extension by the addition of pieces, representing Civil guards and Governors, belonging to the city of Amsterdam, and also by some other pictures, which hitherto were hidden in the Townhall, former Workhouse and elsewhere, altogether forming a number of 165 pictures.

Indeed, the old Museum 'Trippenhuis' boasted of some of these pieces, as Rembrandt's „Nachtwacht” (Nightwatch), and 'Staalmeesters' (Syndics), Van der Helst's 'Schuttersmaaltijd en de overlieden van St. Sebastianus Doelen' (Banquet of Municipal guards and Masters of St. Sebastian's Shooting company), G. Flinck's Festival of Municipal Guards, Du Jardin's Governors of the Workhouse, and also Willem Van de Velde's View of the Y; but these pieces had never been done justice to by the light in which they were seen there.

Since 1885 the public Collection of Works of art by modern masters, formerly on view in the Pavilion 'Welgelegen' at Harlem, has been incorporated into the Museum. This collection, including some modern pieces already there, counts nearly 200 pictures.

The modern masters are well represented, as well in this collection as by the pictures ceded as loans in 1885 and belonging to the „Society for the formation of a public Collection of Contemporary art.

The aggregate of the collection of pictures, as well old as modern art, by far exceeds 1900 pieces, among which upwards of 500 as loan

**Staircase and Entrance hall.** Entering the building from the side of the Stadthouderskade (Stadtholder's quay) we see in the





ENTRANCE HALL.

vestibule first of all a large list of names, painted in three columns containing in chronological order the names of the persons of who presents or legacies have been received.

On either side of the lowest step are placed two lions couchant and two figures in seated posture, representing a Batavian and



ENTRANCE HALL. DETAIL OF THE SCULPTURE.

„Beggar”; which last two are from the hand of the sculptor F. Vermeylen. Before mounting the grand staircase we perceive on the wall of the entrance No. 1244, a picture attributed to Pieter Cornelisz. Van Ryck (1568—16..) representing an Old-Dutch kitchen with an abundance of all sorts of eatables, and in the background a repast, in which the parable of the rich man and Lazarus is alluded to. On the foot of the stairs we see the statue of Peace, by F. Vermeylen, and further on the stairs the cast of the Antinous of the Capitoline.

The walls of the staircase are adorned with three pictures belonging to the city of Amsterdam, the first instance painted for the „Oudezyds Huiszittenhuis” (Pensioners’ Hospital), as: 198. Jan Gerritsz. Van Bronckhorst (1603—1662) Allegory of a distribution of food. — 655. Cornelis Holsteyn (16..—1658) Allegory of a distribution of peat. — 877. Jacob Van Loö (1614—1670) A distribution of food.

On the staircase a pithy quotation from the preface of Vondel’s works has been placed:

„De Laurier wordt den dichter niet van den gemeenen hoop geschenkt/ maer van zulken/ die met kennis en zekerheit

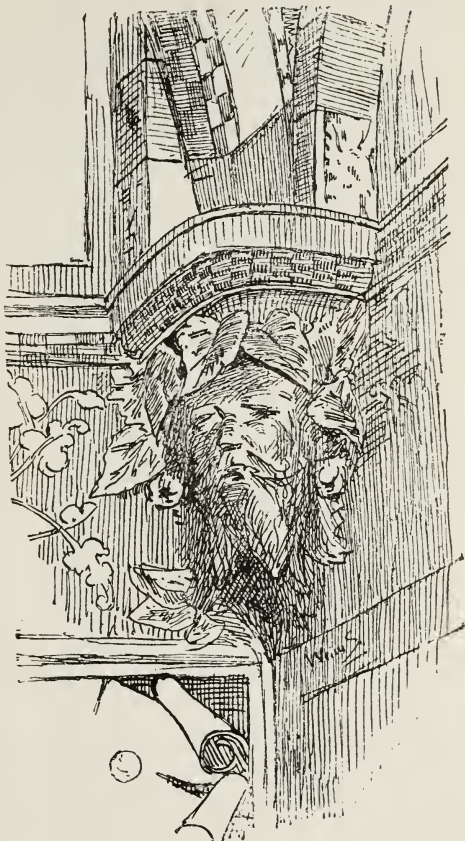


kroon uitreiken/ en het snaterbekken der aelsteren van glwanzang  
onderscheiden 1).

Entrance hall. This stair-  
case leads to the Entrance  
hall 2) — the „salle des  
perdus” of the Mu-  
seum — excelling by a  
decoration both of  
sculpture and painting, of  
which especially the sculp-  
tured foliage has a great  
aesthetic value, and in seve-  
ral places so delusively  
passes into painting, that it  
is often difficult to say  
where the chisel ends and  
the brush has been continued.

The ornamentation forms  
a harmonious whole, to  
be divided into three parts.  
I. The floor represents  
the material world.

The central space shows  
the Alpha and Omega,  
the beginning and the  
end with beams shooting  
from them; around this  
the signs of the zodiac,  
and further on water with fishes, plants and species of animals. Next  
come the months of the year, the four historical rivers of Paradise:



ENTRANCE HALL. SCULPTURED CORBEL.

1) The poet is presented with the laurel, not by the common crowd, but by those who, with knowledge and assurance offer the crown, and who distinguish the matter of magpies from the swan's song.

2) See picture 5. The Entrance hall has an area of 40 M. by 11,46 and is divided to five vaulted compartments. Its height is 13,50.

the Phryson, Gihon, Tigris and Euphrates, and finally, in the four corners, the Sun, Moon and the planets Jupiter and Venus, surrounded by stars.

The space to the left side contains in the centre: Time, round which are Morning, Noon, Evening and Night, and in the corners the four periods of life: Childhood, Youth, Manhood and Old Age.

The space to the right shows in the centre the four chief elements: Air, Earth, Water, Fire, and in the corners the four seasons: Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter.

Besides, in the mosaic of the floor the following inscriptions are placed in commemoration of the foundation and construction of the Museum:

IV DECEMBER MDCCCLXXIII THE II CHAMBER OF THE STATES GENERAL  
PRONOUNCES THE NECESSITY OF THE FOUNDATION OF  
A MUSEUM BY THE STATE.

XII JULY MDCCCLXXVI KING WILLIAM III APPOINTS  
PETRUS JOSEPHUS HUBERTUS CUYPERS  
ARCHITECT OF THE BUILDINGS OF THE NATIONAL MUSEUM.

XIII JANUARY MDCCCLXXVII THE FIRST PILE FOR THE FOUNDATIONS  
OF THE NATIONAL MUSEUM AT AMSTERDAM  
HAS BEEN RAMMED INTO GROUNDS PRESENTED BY THE CITY.

II. The walls <sup>1)</sup> and windows allude to the social world.

III. The ceilings and whatever is at a height with them represent the intellectual world.

The eye is, however, especially struck by the large windows of stained glass which adorn the entrance hall.

These paintings on glass are not from the hand of a Hollander.

<sup>1)</sup> It is intended in the course of time to decorate the spaces, as yet open, with wall paintings, the subjects of which are taken from Dutch art-history. Between these spaces are the golden initials of King William III and his consort Queen Emma, under whose prosperous reign this grand structure has been raised in honour of this country's art. The walls contain moreover the figures of some animals emblematic the meaning of which is as follows: *Strength* is represented by the Lion, *Gentleness* by the Lamb, *Temperance* by the Camel and *Prudence* by the Serpent.

are the work of Mr. W. Dixon, painter upon glass, London. We should, however, add that in 1882 six artists, among whom three foreigners, were invited to enter into competition for these windows. The one who approached nearest what was required was the English painter Mr. Dixon, who was consequently commissioned with the execution.

The three large windows are chiefly decorated with figures relating to painting, architecture and sculpture.

A place of honor has been given here to architecture, as it occupies the centre arched window (see picture 6) and is represented by four female figures, personifying the principal phases in architecture: Classical, early-Christian, Gothic and Renaissance styles. These figures express, in a plastic manner, what is characteristic in the styles of architecture. The peculiar character is given by posture and dress; and the seriousness and calmness of the classical, the religiousness of the ecclesiastical and the gracefulness

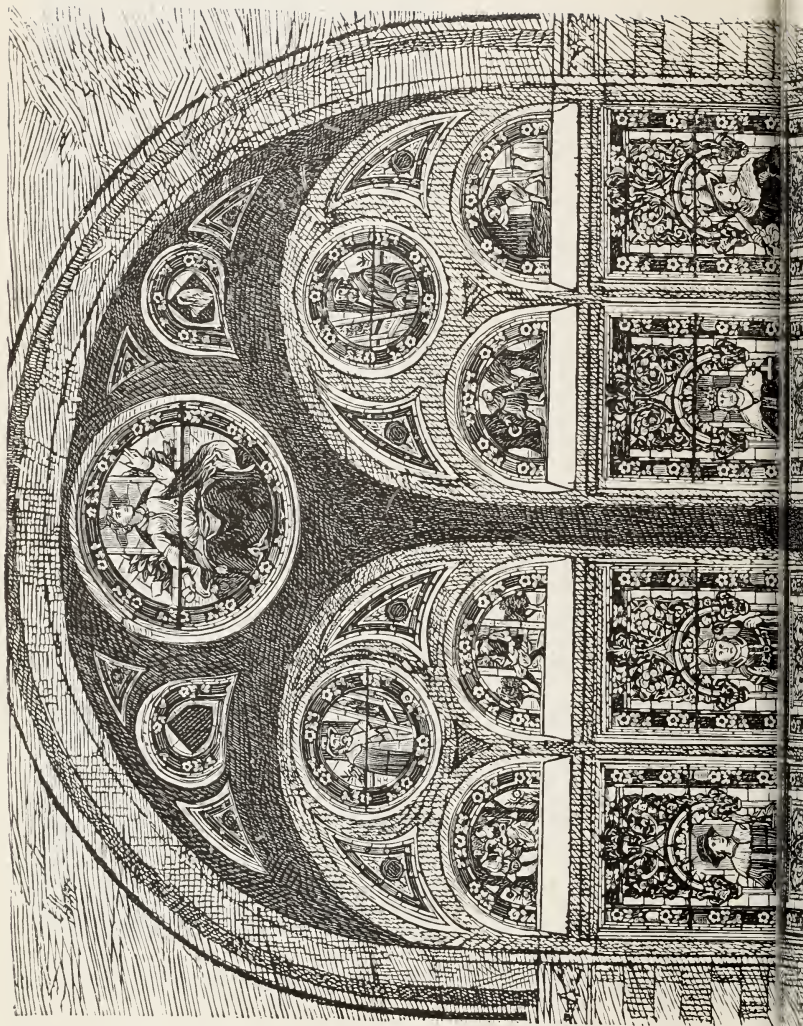


THE ARCHITECTURE OF THE PERIOD OF RENAISSANCE. COMPARTMENT FROM THE CENTRE WINDOW.

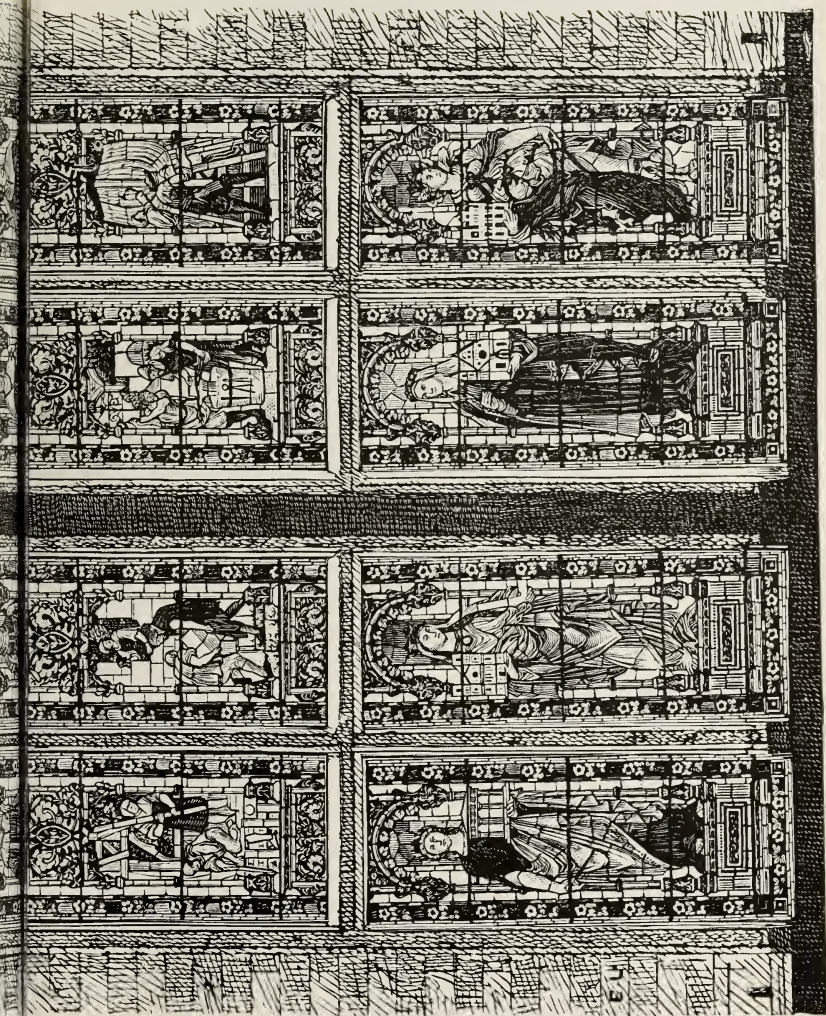
the renaissance has been very well rendered here. Each of the female figures holds in her hand the model of a building from these



Picture 6.







PAINTING ON GLASS IN THE ENTRANCE HALL. — CENTRAL WINDOW.

different periods — a Greek temple from Pæstum, the demolished Mary's church of Utrecht, the Grand Hall of William, king of the Roman empire, at the Hague, and the Townhall at the Hague.

The four spaces above them contain the following representations: the process of Architecture in wood, stone and metal, the fourth representing Shipbuilding.

The arched window, left of the spectator, glorifies Painting. The four lowermost spaces represent four masters as the types of the ancient and more recent schools: Apelles, Willem Van Heerle, Lucas Van Leyden and Rembrandt. Straight above these, four spaces represent the process of the art of Fresco Painting, of illuminating manuscripts, of the art of staining glass, and of painting on pannel or canvas.

The arched window to the right relates to sculpture. As with painting, here four of its renowned votaries are seen, viz: Phidias, Sluter, Jan Terwen and Hendrik De Keyser.

In the four spaces above these is represented the practice of Sculpture in marble and other stone, in wood, and the embossing and casting in metal of objects of art.

In the two smaller windows, placed between the three large arched windows, Philosophy, Theology, Poetry and Music find their places: they are represented by Plato, Thomas à Kempis, Vondel and Sweelinck.

The four spaces above these contain pictures of Mathematicians, Doctors, Poets and Singers.

In the twelve spaces of the three large windows, directly under the outline of the arch, social life is represented by the following principal persons: in the centre window, a King, a Warrior, a Priest, and a Doctor; in the second window, an Artist, a Merchant, a Farmer and a Fisher; in the third window a Builder, a Weaver, a Potter and a Mechanician.

All the persons in these twelve compartments are represented in the dress of the 16th century.

Especial notice deserve the twelve small medallions in the four half circles, standing for the twelve months, represented by men engaged in different sorts of labour according to the time of the year.

In the six circles above these the portraits are placed of some distinguished Dutch painters on glass: Lange Pier, Jan Van Bronckhorst, Petrus Feddes, Bouchorst, Dirck Pietersz. Crabeth and Wouter Pietersz. Crabeth; the three large circles display in an emblematic way Faith, Hope and Love.

Between the arches about the vaults, the intellectual world and mental life is represented. As point of issue: Poetry finding tolerance in words with the poets, — in form and colour with the votaries of the liberal arts: architects, painters, sculptors, engravers and decorators — and in sounds by the composers and bell-founders. The arts observable by sight are placed to the left, — those observable by hearing to the right of poetry.

The arts are represented, in medallions, by celebrated men from different centuries as: the poets by David, Homer, Dante, Shakespeare, Racine, Goethe.

The architects by Eginhard, Pierre De Montereau, Keldermans. The painters by Memlinc, Raphaël and Frans Hals.

The sculptors by Michel Angelo, Lucca Della Robbia and Aert uellijn.

The secondary artists by Albrecht Dürer, as an engraver, the brothers Crabeth as painters on glass and Jan De Maecht as a tapestry weaver.

The composers by Gregory, Palestrina, Rolant De Lattre, Brecht, Sebastian Bach and Richard Wagner.

The bell-founders by Joannes De Traiecto, Willem and Jan van Vechel, Geert Van Wou, Willem and Jan Moer, Hendrik Van der, François and Petrus Hemony 1).

In connexion with the above, the following texts, are placed on the wall:

„Ende Godt schiep den mensche nae sijnen beelde. Man ende wijf schiep hij se. Ende Godt seide tot hen: Weest vruchtbaar ende vermenighvuldigt ende vervulset de aerde ende onderwerpt se. 2)

1) The first known Dutch bell-founder has been the said Joannes de Traiecto (of Maastricht) who lived in the 13<sup>th</sup> century.

2) „God created man in his own image. Male and female created he them. And he said unto them: Be fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth, and subdue it. Gen. I. 27, 28.





GRAND GALLERY.

Geeft zijnen naem de grootdadigheyt ende becht hem/ met de stemme  
ulver lippen.

Daer is geschreeven/ de mensche en sal by broot alleen niet leven/  
maer by alle woort dat door den mond Gods ontsaet.

Laet ons loven de vermaerde Mannen en onse Ouders in haren ge-  
slachten.

Alle dese hebben in de geslachten haers volcks glorie gekregen/ ende  
in haren dagen syn zo geprezen gelveest.

Bloeyet bloemen gelijck selien/ ende geeft rent en krijcht looveren ter  
gratiën.

Deel gloriën heeft de Heere ghemaect met syn grootdadigheyt van  
't begin der werelt. 1)

So all these pictures on glass, with portraits and adages on the  
wall form together an entire chain of thought, having the undeniable  
merit of being original, and from this very quality already possessing  
great charm. 2)

Before leaving the Front-hall it is worth while to pay attention  
to four nicely painted representations of the chase of the Flemish  
painter of animals, David De Coninck (1636—17..) adorning the  
south wall; and further to the graceful group „Prima Vera” — the  
awakening of Spring — projected by Bart Van Hove.

**Grand gallery.** From the Entrance hall we go to the Grand galle-  
No. 244—247 of ry 3), on the right and the left side divided into four  
the ground-plan. compartments, where chiefly large pictures, repre-

1) Give glory to his name and confess him with the voice of your lips. Eccl. Ch. 39.  
It is written, Man shall not live by bread alone, but by every word that pro-  
ceedeth out of the mouth of God. St. Matth. IV. 4.

Let us praise the celebrated Men and our Parents in their generations. Eccl. 44. 1.  
All these have received glory in the generations of their people, and have been  
praised in their days. Eccl. 44. 7.

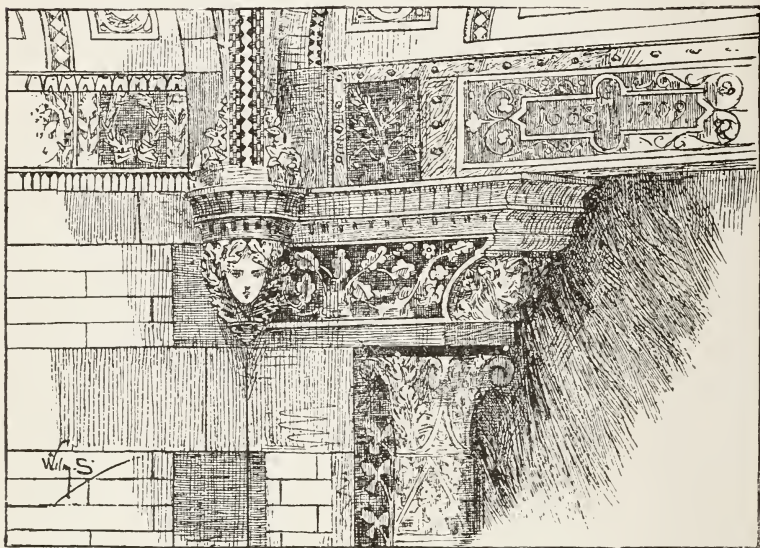
Flourish flowers like lilies, and emit fragrance and get foliage for a grace. Eccl. 39. 19.  
Many glories has the Lord wrought with his magnificence from the beginning of  
the world. Eccl. 44. 2.

2) Refer also to (J. A. Alb. Thym) „Elucidation of the Decoration of the Front-  
hall and the Rembrandt hall of the Public Museum. — Amst. C. L. van Langen-  
huysen 1885” small 8°. Published in Dutch.

3) Height 13.50 M.

senting assemblies of governors, civic guards and shooting-companies adorn the wall (see pict. 7).

In the middle of the gallery are ranged a huge vase <sup>1)</sup> of Algerine marble, a bust of William I, the king, who did so much for art, sculptured by Godecharle in 1815, the large plaster of Paris model of the bronze Victory which decorates the gable of the building and has been moulded by the able hand of the Belgian sculptor François Ver-



GRAND GALLERY. DETAILS OF THE CAPITAL OF THE  
SCULPTURE AND IRONWORK.

meulen; a small group in marble (children romping) by Jan Baptiste Xavery; a bust in plaster of the statesman Anton Reinhart Falck, by W. Geefs, a present of Mr. J. Tideman in 1885. Right and left against the walls the following busts: a marble bust of Dr. H. J. A. M. Schaepman projected by J. Th. Stracké and executed by the latter's son F. L. Stracké, presented to the Museum in 1889. A bust

<sup>1)</sup> Standing besides this vase the visitor enjoys an interesting view on the distant masterpiece of Rembrandt: *The nightwatch*.



in marble of Pope Leo XII by Louis Royer (1793—1868), also one of Joanna Cornelia Ziesenis, *née* Wattier, celebrated actress (born at Rotterdam 13 March 1762, died at Voorburg 23 April 1827) by P. J. Gabriël (1785—1853); a similar bust of Cornelis Apostool, from 1808 till 1844 Director of the Picture gallery, also by P. J. Gabriël. Further a bust in terra cotta of Anna of Brunswick—Luneburg, Crown-princess of Great-Britain, consort to the stadtholder Willem III, Prince of Orange, made by Michiel Rijsbrack in 1737; a bust in white marble of the stadtholder Prince Willem II, probably by Jacobus Verhulst. On the opposite side: two busts in terra cotta of the Princes of Orange, Philips Willem and Maurits by the Antwerp sculptor Joan Claude De Cock (1611—1735), and finally the plaster cast busts of the Stadtholder Willem IV and his consort, of which the original, sculptured in marble by J. B. Xavery, is found in the „Mauritshuis” at the Hague: as also the plaster cast busts of the Stadtholder Willem V and of his consort Frederika Sophia Wilhelmina, Princess of Prussia, the original in marble of which by Marie Anne Falconet, *née* Collot (1748—1821) may also be seen in the „Mauritshuis”. High on the wall at both ends of the gallery there are symbolical presentations painted by Mr. G. Sturm, born in Austria, by whose artistic talents not only the pupils of the Government school of Art applied to Industry are benefited, but who also by his pencil and brush contributed to the decoration of the building. These paintings are afterwards to be followed by others for which spaces are left open. As to the decoration of the top walls the following is to be noticed: each compartment is devoted to one of our provinces and destined to represent the share which each of them has had in the cultivation of Arts. In the centre of these spaces is to be placed a female figure as a symbol denoting the branch of art in which the province more especially excelled, and on either side figures occupied in the cultivation of this branch, while the coats-of-arms in the corners denote the province and its capital town. The south space relates to North-Holland, where painting, as the characteristic branch of this province, is represented by Rembrandt who, while bending his knee receives the laurel wreath out of the hands of the Amsterdam Virgin, while four artists, among whom the architect of the Townhall, Jacob Van Campen, are placed around. Besides the southern

compartment only the northern one is as yet ready, in this the coat-of-arms of Drenthe is joined to that of Groningen, because the former province cannot boast of any particular cultivation of Art and that there are found no other works of art than buildings in brick of the same kind as those found in Groningen.

In the construction of the grand gallery, with the cabinets or recesses connected with it, a combination of bricks and iron has been made, in a manner hitherto — 1880 — not yet applied. 1) The central gallery has been entirely covered by cross- and ribbed-vaults in brick, while the key-stone of the arched roof — formed by a stone ring supported by the vault ribs and closing them — emits daylight for lighting the nave. By the application of rafters composed of welded and wrought iron, connected with the brick vaulted roofs of the cabinets, a contrivance is made admitting of lighting from the top, and framing the different divisions into one whole. Besides the manner of decoration is peculiar and new; faithful to the principle once adopted, the construction is at once the point of departure for the ornamentation, even in its minutest details; for instance, the projections and clinch-nails of the iron beams are used as motives in the painted ornamentation.

Visitors are cautioned that the names of the painters placed along the wall have no relation to the pictures hung beneath these; nearly every picture has the name of its artist on the frame; should it be wanting then it is uncertain by whom it was painted.

**Grand gallery.** Following the dotted line on the ground plan of the picture halls, begin on the left.

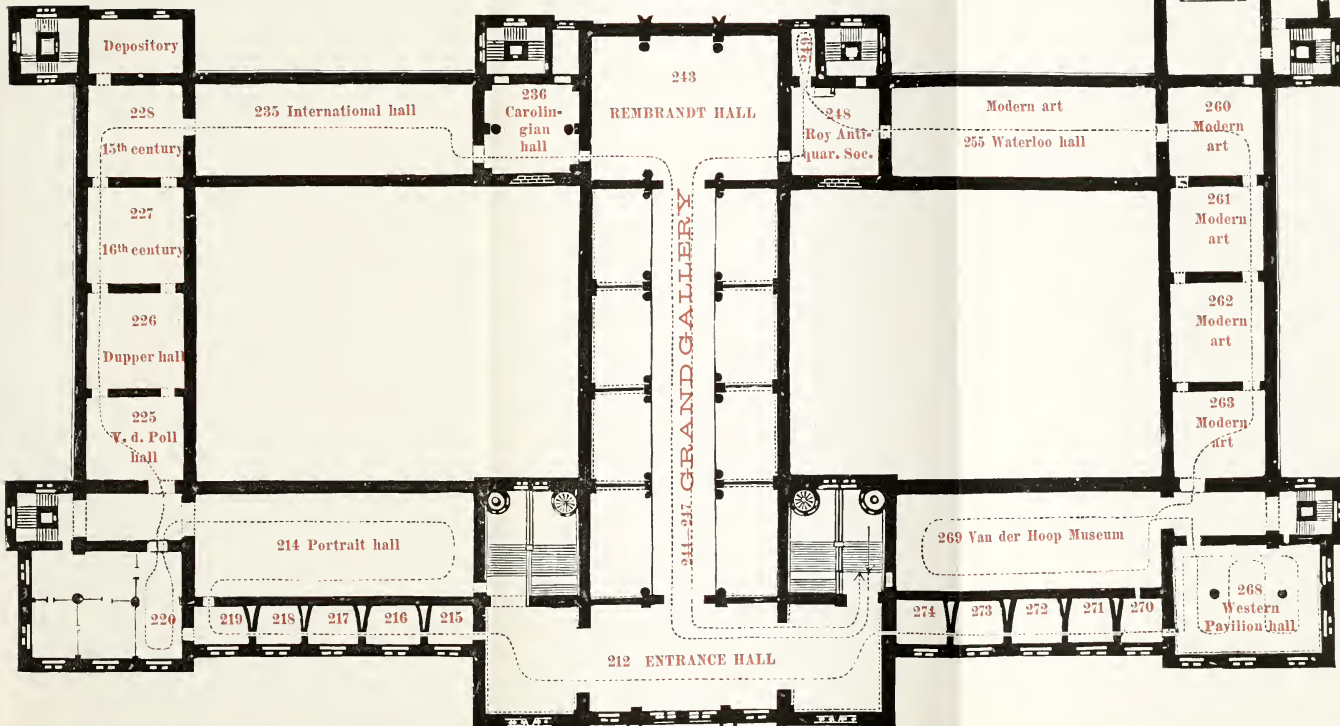
**First Compartment.** 565. Dutch school of the middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> century. **ment left.** Portrait of Mr. Willem Van de Velde, Secretary to Hugh Grotius. — 84. Abraham Hendricksz. Van Beyeren (1620—1675). Still life with fishes. — 70. Adriaen Cornelisz. Beeldemaker (1630?—17..). Huntsmen and dogs. — 1611. Jan Baptist Weenix (1621—1666). Dead game. — 566. Dutch school, middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Elselina or Elsje Van Houweningen, the faithful helpmate in the escape of Hugh Grotius from Loevesteyn, March 23. 1621, afterwards

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1) Communicated by the Architect, Dr. P. J. H. Cuypers.



1<sup>st</sup> floor  
PICTURE HALLS





ried to Mr. Willem Van de Velde, whose portrait has been mentioned above. — 830. Anthonius Leemans 1630—16..). Still life — 1552. François Verwilt (16..—1691). The Admiral's little dog — 264. Cornelis Jacobsz. Delft (1571—1643). The poulterer. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1883. — 1555. Jan Victors (1620?—16..). Joseph interpreting the butler's and baker's dreams. — 1538. Lieve Schuier (1630?—1686). The arrival of Charles II, king of England, at Rotterdam, May 24. 1660. — 466 Hendrick Heerschop (1620?—16..). Anthonius found by Cecrops's daughters. 1). — 634. Dutch school, half of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. The Magistrate and the civic guard of Albrecht. — 27. Adriaen Backer (1635—1684). Portrait of Daniel de Witt, Elder of the Remonstrant congregation at Alkmaar. — 592. Attributed to J. Van Wyckersloot. Some persons playing at cards on the side of a cradle, in which a bearded baby is asleep. (Allegorical presentation, probably relating to the appointment of Prince William III as stadtholder in 1672). Present of Prof. Dr. J. J. Van Brekenbergen, 1882. — 1132. Paulus Potter (1625—1654). Bearing. This picture takes its origin from the house in which the artist's widow lived after her second marriage.

and Compart- 92. Nicolaes Pietersz. Berchem (1620—1683). Present left. Ruth and Boas. — 690. Dutch school, middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. The unworthy guest. St. Matth. XXII, 11—13. — 75. Abrahamz. Beerstraten. The ruins of the old Town-hall at Amsterdam, after the fire, July 7, 1652. — 33. Jan De Baen (1633—1662). Portrait of Mr. Johan De Witt, Grand-Pensionary, etc. — 1131. Unnumbered. Abraham Cornelisz. Begeyn (16..—1697). Plundering. — 34. Jan De Baen. Portrait of Mr. Cornelis De Witt, Burgo-master of Dordrecht, Ruwaard (Governor) of Putten, etc. — 19. 1132. Asselyn, named Krabbetje (1610—1652). A swan defending its nest. Allusion to the vigilance of the Grand-Pensionary Mr. Johan De Witt, represented by the swan defending its nest of eggs (Holland) against the enemy, viz. England (a swimming poodle). — 821.

Erechtonius, son to Vulcan and Minerva, was born with serpent-formed legs; Minerva had entrusted the covered basket with the deformed child to Cecrops's daughters, prohibiting them opening it, yet one of them, Aglaura, opened the basket and discovered the deformed Erechtonius.



Gerard De Lairese (1641—1711). Mars and Venus. — 926. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt (1567—1641). Portrait of Jacob Cats, Poet and

Picture 8.

Page 35.



359. BERNHART FABRITIUS.

PORTRAIT OF AN ARCHITECT WITH HIS WIFE AND CHILD.

Grand-Pensionary. — 791. Philips De Koninck (1619—1688). Entrance of a wood, with figures by Adriaen Van de Velde. — 131. Joris Van Schooten (1587—1651). Adoration of the Magi. — 40

Van Goyen (1596—1656). View of a river. — 366a. Govert Flinck (1615—1660). Portrait of the Receiver Johan Uitenbogaart. — 32. Gerard De Lairesse, Mars and Venus. — 333. Nicolaes Eliaszen Pickenoy, named Claes Elias (1590?—16..). Corporalship of Captain Jacob Rogh and Lieutenant Anthony De Lange. Originating from the Voetboogsdoele (company of the cross-bow); possession of the city of Amsterdam 1). — 80. Anthonie Beerstraten (16..—16..). View of the former Regulierspoort at Amsterdam, in winter. Held as loan from the heirs of Mrs. P. M. N. Van Holthe tot Echten. — 352. Caesar Van Everdingen (1606—1679). Portrait of a Clergyman. — 91. Nicolaes Pietersz. Berchem. A ferry. — No. numbered. Jacob Hagers (1614—16..). The meeting of Jacob and Esau. Present of Mr. A. J. Enschedé, 1889. — 824. Gerard De Lairesse. Allegory of Virtue, originating from the „Werkhuis” (work-house); possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 407. Jan Van Goyen. View of the Valkenhof at Nymegen. — 353. Caesar Van Everdingen. Portrait of a lady, counterpart of N<sup>o</sup>. 352.

Third Compart. — 1607. Jan Weenix (1640—1719). Dead game and hunting gear. — 458. Abraham Van der Hecken (16..—16..). Butchery. Present of Mr. J. H. Van Marwyk Kooy, 1886. — 359. Bernhart or Barent Fabritius (16..—16..). Portrait of an architect with his wife and child, perhaps that of the Leiden architect Willem Van den Helm. — 1606. Jan Weenix. Dead game and hunting gear. — 196. Cornelis Brisé (1622—16..). Still life. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1885. — 246. Anthony Jansz. Van der Croos (1606—162?). View of the castle of Egmont in good condition. — 664. Michior D'Hondecoeter (1636—1695). Menagerie. — 814. Gysbert Van de Kuyl or Vercuylen (16..—1673). Company making music. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1885. — 970. Nicolaes Cornelisz. Moeyaert. (1609.—1669?). Three kinds of choice, Love, Wealth and Wine. Present of Mr. A. S. J. Koch, 1874. — 253. Aelbert Cuyp (1620—1691). Birds fighting. — 361. Govert Flinck. Isaäc giving Jacob his blessing. — 362. Govert Flinck. Civic banquet on the signing of the Peace of Munster, 1648. The captain of the civic guard, Joan Huide-

1) The pictures held as loans from the city of Amsterdam have the City arms in the right corner of the frame at the bottom.

coper van Maarseveen, is congratulated by the inferiors under command. Originating from the council-of-war chamber of the Townhall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 437. Joris Verder Hagen of Verhagen (16..—1669). Dutch landscape. According to some this is a picture by Jacob Van Ruisdael. — 410. Barthelemy Graet (1628—1709). Allusion to charity. Originating from the Men and Women Hospital; possession of the city of Amsterdam. 688. Romeyn De Hooe (1645?—1708). Emblematic representation of Mint-matters. — Not numbered. Cornelis Van der Voort (15..—1624). Portrait of Cornelis Pietersz. Hooft, Burgomaster of Amsterdam. — 662. Melchior D'Hondecoeter. The duck-pond. — Not numbered. Nicolaes Maes (1632—1693). The prayer without end. This picture is the principal work of this renowned master. Legated to the Society „Felix Meritis”; since 1889 possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1227. Jacob Van Ruisdael (1628?—1682). Cascade. — Not numbered. Dutch school, 1st half 17th cent. The castle of Teylingen. — 172. Juriaen Ovens (1623—1678). Portrait of Pieter Cornelisz. Hooft. Drost (Bailiff) of Muiderland, poet and historian. — 663. Melchior D'Hondecoeter. Clucking-hen in agony.

**Fourth Compart.** 475. Bartholomeus Van der Helst (1611?—1670). **ment: left.** Male portrait. — Not numbered. Jan Baptist Weytens (1625—16..) Shalmplayer. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1889. 222. Adam Camerarius (16..—16..) Christ and the Centurion. 1589. Cornelis Van der Voort. Representation of civic guards with 21 figures. Possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 476. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Female portrait. — 273. Simon Van der Doort (1653—1717) Maternal love. — 287. Joost Cornelisz. Droochsloot (1586—1666). Lodgment of the poor. Originating from the Workhouse. Possession of the city of Amsterdam. — Not numbered. Joh. Meerhout (16..—16..) Landscape with figures. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1888. — 343. Nicolaes Elias. Pickenoy, *alias* Claes Eliasz. Portrait of Reynier Ottsz. Hinlopen. — 971. Nicolaes Cornelisz. Moeyaert. Five 'Regenten' (Governors), two Regentessen (Governesses) and one Official of the Old-men- and -women-hospital (1640—1645). — 826. Adriaen Van Nieulant. (1587—1659?) Captain Abram Boeyens.

Lieutenant Anthony Oetges with seven bowmen of the company, who September 23, 1623 marched out of Amsterdam to pro- Zwolle, at the invasion of the Spanish troops from Lingen in 'Zevenwolde'. This picture had been left unfinished by Claesman at his death. Originating from the great military-council- chamber; possession of the city of Amsterdam.

342. Nicolaes Elias. Pickenoy, said Claes as. Portrait of Tryntje Tysdr. Van Nooy, of Reynier Ottsz. Hinlopen. — 409. Jan Goyen. View of the city of Dordrecht.

Originating from the Workhouse; possession of city of Amsterdam. — 656. Gysbert D'Honder (1604—1653?) Landscape with figures. — 7. Adam Pynacker (1621—1673) The shore an Italian lake. — 1046. Jacob Ochtervelt

..—17..) Four Governors of the Leprozen- (Lepershospital), with the housemaster and woman, with two children. Originating from Leprozenhuis; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 252. Aelbert Cuyp. Landscape in shepherds and cattle. — 1282. Dirck Dircksz.

Wtvoort (1610—1680). Four Governors and Official of the 'Saaihal' (cloth-hall). 1643. Originating from the room of the Masters of the h trade; lately from the 'Leprozenhuis'; session of the city of Amsterdam.

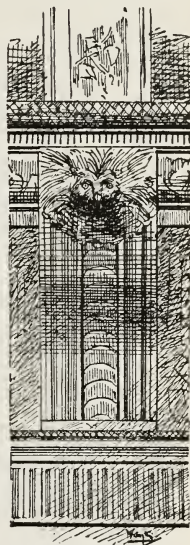
# Rembrandt- hall.

243 of the ground-plan.

Though here the pictures take the chief place, yet the hall itself deserves attention as well 1). On four columns of sunny-gray coloured Hungarian marble are placed caryatides carrying the vault which the glass roof rests. These caryatides are female figures of stone expressing, with a hint at Rembrandt's mastery over light shade, the variations caused by light and dark.

Here is Morning, represented by a virgin with her right hand moving her thin veil and holding roses in her left.

It measures 20 M. by 14.50 and 10 in height.



REMBRANDT HALL.  
ONE OF THE BRACKETS  
OF THE FRIEZE.





REMBRANDT HALL. ONE OF THE CARYATIDES.



day, a woman in her prime, surrounded by rays, with the sun-  
re in her hand. (see pict. 9).

Evening, a woman decked with flowers, with an olive-branch  
in her hand; her head and the upper part of her body are covered  
by an embroidered veil.

Night, dressed in a starry mantle; a veil covers her face; hold-  
ing a torch in one hand, she keeps herself wrapped in her mantle  
by the other.

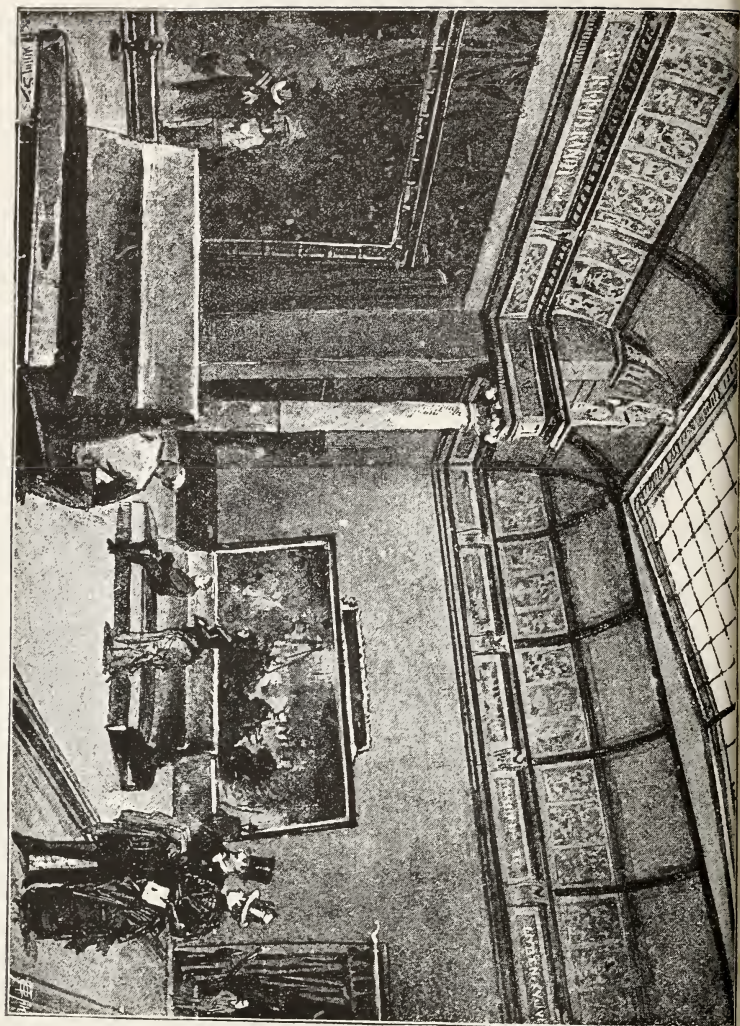
In the frieze on the walls several brackets of hewn stone have  
been placed, ingeniously alluding to the very meaning of these four  
seasons, according as they are placed; so with Morning there is a  
cock, the heads of a maiden and a youth on waking; with  
Day — to express the southern character — an Egyptian woman,  
of eastern type and a lion; with Evening, most suitable to amu-  
sement, a female head decked with roses, is placed, moreover a male  
head in a fool's cap hinting at revelling; while with Night a bat,  
a male head in poppies, a sleepy female and male head, and a  
great-owl sufficiently express the meaning. (see pict. 10).

Beginning above his master-piece and continued over the four  
corners some particulars of the great artist's life are stated in golden  
letters in the frieze, to the following purport:

REMBRANDT, SON TO HARMEN GERRITSEN VAN RIJN AND NEELTGEN  
VAN AMSTERDAM'S DAUGHTER VAN SVYDTBROVCH — BORN IN THE WEDDESTEEG  
AT AMSTERDAM LEYDEN XV JULY MDCVII — AT SINT ANNA PAROCHIE UNITED INTO  
MARRIAGE XXII JUNE MDCXXXIII TO THE LEEUWARDEN BURGOMASTER'S  
DAUGHTER SASKIA VAN VIJLENBORGH WHO IN JUNE MDCXLII LEFT HIM  
A WIDOWER — HE DIED AT AMSTERDAM VIII OCTOBER MDCLXVIII AND  
IS BURIED IN THE WEST CHURCH.

Rembrandt's initials are found in the mosaic of the floor and on  
the wall, where also those of his wife are placed.

Pictures; on the right: 364. Govert Flinck. Corporalship of Capt<sup>n</sup>.  
Govert Bas and Lieut. Lucas Conyn, 1645. Originating from the  
Burgomasters' chamber in the old Townhall; possession of the city  
of Amsterdam. — 467. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. The Schutters-  
banket (Civic-guard banquet) held June 18. 1648 in the upper hall



REMBRANDT HALL.

of the Cross-bow or St. Joris company-house at the 'Singel' in celebration of the peace of Munster. Originating from the St. Joris Doele (shooting-company), subsequently placed in the large military-council-chamber of the Townhall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 724. Karel Du Jardin (1622—1678) Governors of the Work-house, 1669. Possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1246. Rembrandt (1606—1669) Corporalship of Capt<sup>n</sup>. Frans Banning Cocq and Lieut. Willem Van Ruytenburg van Vlaerdingen, Lord of Vlaerdingen, 1642, generally known under the name of „the Nightwatch;” the most celebrated picture of this great Master. Originating from the Kloveniersdoele (Arquebusiers' shooting-company), subsequently placed in the small military-council-chamber of the Townhall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 444. Frans Hals the Elder (1580—1666) Corporalship of Capt<sup>n</sup>. Reynier Reael and Lieut. Cornelis Michielsz. Blaeu 1637, the so-called „thin company”. Originating from the large military-council-chamber of the Townhall; possession of the city of Amsterdam 1). — 477. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Corporalship of Capt<sup>n</sup>. Roelof Bicker and Lieut. Jan Michielsz. Blaeu before the Brewery „de Haen” (the Cock) on the corner of the 'Lastaadjé' (Geldersche kade and Boomsloot), 1639. Originating from the large military-council-chamber of the Townhall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1279. Joachim Van Sandrart (1606—1688) Corporalship of Capt<sup>n</sup>. C. Bicker Van Swieten, ready to go and receive Maria De Medicis, Queen-Dowager of France, whose marble effigy is in the midst of them; Sept. 1. 1638. Originating from the Kloveniersdoele, (Arquebusiers' shooting-company), afterwards placed in the Burgomasters' room of the old Townhall; possession of the city of Amsterdam.

In a fine oak shrine in the Rembrandt hall is deposited the Golden Book of the Museum, destined for the signatures of Royal and other illustrious visitors.

The first leaves in this book contain the record relating to the opening of the museum to the following purport:

1) The civic-guards picture by Hals was „made up,” i. e. in part completed by Pieter Codde. (Cf. P. Scheltema. *Aemstels Oudheid* [Amsterdam's Antiquity] VII 134). However Hals' style of painting is conspicuous in this fine piece.





CAROLINGIAN HALL.



On July 13 of the year 1885, the 37<sup>th</sup> year of king William the 3<sup>d</sup>'s reign, the national Museum was opened in H. M.'s name by His Excellency the Minister of the Home Departement, Mr. Jan Dinskerk.

The construction, begun in MDCCCLXXVII, was executed according to the plans and under the conduct of the Architect of the Museum, J. C. J. J. Hubertus Cuijpers.

In remembrance whereof this record is signed by the authorities present at the solemn opening, 1).

**Carolingian.** Going from the Rembrandt hall to the other picture-hall. No. 236 of the ground-plan. the emperor's hall of Charlemagne in the narthex of Servatius's at Maestricht (see pict. 11). This hall belongs, so to say, to the one situated underneath it, just as this is the case at Maestricht. The decoration of the door as also the curious window glass, finely framed in lead, deserve particular notice. They are careful reproductions of various samples from a remote period. In the centre of the floor mosaic Charlemagne's initials are placed.

**International** The hall entered next is the International hall 2), No. 235 of the ground-plan. thus named because the pictures of foreign masters have been brought together here. On the walls are to be seen the coats-of-arms of countries and towns where art flourished of yore.

. German tribe. Bruges, Brussels, Ghent, Antwerp, Cologne, Augsburg, Nurnberg, Maestricht.

. Italy. Bologna, Sienna, Florence, Rome, Venice, Napels, Milan.

. France. Paris.

. Spain. Madrid.

The Flemish school is represented in this hall best by far; the pictures by German masters are not sufficiently numerous to be set separate and have therefore been joined to the Flemish school. This is also the case with the Italian and French masters.

Beginning to the right on the south wall: 1220 Hans

) This nicely drawn calligraphic document is from the hand of the Architect and Civil-Engineer Jos. Th. J. Cuijpers, son to the architect of the Museum.

) Measuring 28.90 M. by 9.20; height 8 M.

Rottenhammer (1564—1623) Mars and Venus. — 1562. Flemish school 2nd half of the 16th cent. Doomsday and the seven capital sins. 1406. David Teniers the Younger (1610—1690). Village inn. Not numbered. Attributed to Maerten De Vos (1532—1603). Susan and the Elders. — Not numbered. Alexander Adriaensen (1587—1661) Fish. — 1407. David Teniers the Younger. Temptation of St. Antony. 742. Jacob Jordaens (1593—1678). The piece of money in the mouth of the fish; St. Matth. XVII, 27; originating from the Workhouse Possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 420. Pieter Gysels (1623—1691) View of a Flemish town. — 211. Jan Brueghel the Elder, surname Velvet Brueghel? (1568—1625) Adoration of the Magi. — 209. The same. Landscape on a river. — Not numbered. Joachim Bueckeler (1515?—1573). A Flemish kitchen, in the background Christ with Mary and Martha. — 309. Anthony Van Dyck (1599—1641). Portrait of Nicolaes Van der Borch, Burgomaster of Antwerp. — 741. Jacob Jordaens. A Satyr. — 244. Casper De Crayer (1584—1669) Adoration by the shepherds. — 1360. Adriaen Van Stalbeem (1581—1662) Landscape with trees. — 1012. Pieter Neeffs the Elder (1571—1661?) View in the Dominican-church at Antwerp. — 965. Anthony Mirou (15..—16..). Wooded landscape. — 1630. Jan Wildens (1581—1653). View of the city of Antwerp from the landside 1). Presence of Jhr. Dr. J. P. Six, 1852. — 245. Casper De Crayer. The Descent from the Cross. — 307. Anthony Van Dyck. Portrait of William II, born May 27, 1626, died Nov. 6, 1650, Prince of Orange, with his bride Mary Stuart, born 1631, died Jan. 3, 1661, Crownprincess of England, daughter of king Charles I. 2) 1634. — Joos Van Winghe (1544—1603). Night banquet and masquerade. — Not numbered. Frederik Van Valckenborgh (1570?—1623). Mountainous landscape. — 1404. David Teniers the Younger. Soldiers' guard-room. — 370. Frans Francken the Younger (1581—1642). Allegory of the Emperor

1) Mr. Max Rooses, custos of the Museum Plantin-Moretus at Antwerp drew our attention to this remarkable canvass, one of the two pictures, views of Antwerp from the side of the Scheldt and from the land-side, ordered to the painter by the Town-government, and on May 23, 1635 both paid with 600 florins (Antwerp Archives VII, 37).

2) This portrait is from the year 1641, and represents the Prince at the age of 15 and his bride at that of 10; it is the last picture made by Van Dyck.

hales the Fifth's abdication at Brussels in 1555. — 206. Jan  
 rughel the Elder, surnamed Velvet Brueghel. The fable of Latona.  
 et or Latona, loved by Zeus (Jupiter), whom she bore two  
 children — Apollo and Diana —, was persecuted everywhere by her  
 v's jealous spouse, Juno. In her flight with her children wishing  
 quench her thirst in a water, some peasants by their feet and tools  
 ac it muddy and utterly unpalatable; incensed at this unmerciful  
 behaviour, Latona changed those peasants into frogs. — 894. Vincent  
 (1600—1650?). Company of peasants. — 895. Vincent Malo.  
 hist with Mary and Martha. — 975. Joos De Momper (1564—1635)  
 atscape. — 53. Hendrick Van Balen (15..—16..). Homage of Bac-  
 to Diana. — 689. Daniel Van Heyl (1604—1662). Landscape and  
 ve — 1338. Gerard Seghers (1591—1651). Christ and the penitent.  
 East wall: 1343. Frans Snyders (1579—1657). Fruit and dead  
 ne. — 1633. Thomas Willeboirts, named Bosschaert (1614—1654).  
 a and Venus. In the face of the god of war, probably the portrait  
 general of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. has been expressed. Possession of the  
 ty of Amsterdam. — 1352. Spanish school; 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of  
 ail Balthazar, Infant of Spain, son of King Philip IV, at a youth-  
 lge; born Oct. 17, 1629; died Oct. 9, 1646. — 542. Spanish  
 hol, 1<sup>st</sup> half of the 16<sup>th</sup> cent. Christ deplored by the women. —  
 5. Spanish school, middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. The spiritual marriage  
 aint Catharine. — 714. Unknown, formerly under the name  
 sepe Ribera. Allusion to instability. — 996. Bartholome Este-  
 n Murillo (1618—1682). The Annunciation to the Virgin.  
 North wall. 197. Elias Van den Broeck (16..—1708). Flowers.  
 325. Jacobus Van Schuppen (1669—1729). Portrait of Eugene  
 acis, Prince of Savoy-Carignan, celebrated general of the Imperial  
 ms; born Oct. 18, 1663, died April 21, 1736. — 1219. Hans  
 ot nhammer. Mary with the child Jesus. — Not numbered. Elias  
 nden Broeck. Flowers and insects. Present of Mr. J. B. Wester-  
 out, 1888. — 195. Paulus Bril (1554—1626). Ruins. — 1222.  
 tis Paulus Rubens (1577—1640). Cimon and Pera; Roman filial  
 ve According to the tale of ancient writers 1) Cimon was com-  
 mitted to prison and condemned to be starved to death; his daughter

1) Festus and Solinus.

Pera, however, knew how to get access to him and to save his life by feeding him at her breasts. The magistrate learning this act of devotion, set Cimon at liberty. — 1405. David Teniers the Younger. Working people taking rest. — 180. Joseph Van Bredael (1688–1739). View of a village on a river. — 1344. Frans Snyders. Dead game and vegetables. — 208. Jan Brueghel the Elder, surnamed Velvet Brueghel. Landscape on a river. — 315. Flemish school. 1st half of the 17th cent. Holy Family. — 1245. David Ryckaert II (1612–1661). Shoemaker's workshop. — 207. Jan Brueghel the Elder, surnamed Velvet Brueghel. View of a town on a river. — 418. Giovanni Francesco Barbieri, surnamed St. Guercino (1591–1666). Copy. Mary Magdalen. — Not numbered. Abraham Brueghel, named Ryngraaf (1631–16..). Fruits. — 202. Christoforo Allori, named Bronzino (1577–1621). Judith with the head of Holofermus. Ancient copy. — Not numbered. Sebastiaen Vrancx (1573–1647). Market view in a Flemish town; possession of the Royal Antiquarian Society. — 371. Frans Francken II (1581–1642). † Adoration of Mary and the child Jesus. Present of J. F. W. Baron Van Spaen van Biljoen. 1808. — 225. School of Michel Angelo Amerighi, surnamed Caravaggio (1569–1609). Death of Orion. In Greek mythology Orion appears as a handsome, stalwart huntsman, who was loved by Eos (Aurora), which so much incited the gods, that Artemis (Diana) pierced him with an arrow. After his death Zeus (Jupiter), at Artemis' prayer, placed him as a constellation in the heavens. — 716. Italian school (school of Ferrara, about 1530). Marriage of the Virgin. — Not numbered. Italian school of the 17th cent. Saint Sebastian. Present of Mr. A. Willet, 1887. — 551. Italian school, middle of the 16th cent.; probably painted by a Dutch or Flemish artist in Italy. Harpsichord-player (portrait). — 367. Florentine school of the 14th cent. Mary with the child Jesus seated on a throne, surrounded by some Saints. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1886. — 713. Italian school? 17th cent. John the Baptist 1). — 1431. Benvenuto Tisio, surnamed il Garofalo (1481–1559). The Adoration by the Magi. — 1353. Johannes Spilberg (1619–1690). Civic banquet with

1) Dr. W. Bode holds the opinion that in this picture a work of Gerard Van Honthorst may be recognised.



22 figures of the company of Burgomaster Jan Van de Poll and  
 Lint. Gysbert Van de Poll, in honour of the former on his appoint-  
 ment as Colonel; painted by order of the Burgomasters of Amster-  
 dam in 1650. Originating from the large hall of the Handbow-  
 company; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 523. Hans Holbein  
 the Younger (1497—1543). Ancient copy. Portrait of Robert Sidney.  
 — 1560. Ægidius Sadeler (1570—1629). Ancient copy. The Univer-  
 sity-hall at Prague. — 1198. Guido Reni (1575—1642). Mary Mag-  
 dalen. — 903. Attributed to Quinten Massys or Metsys (1460—  
 1517?). Ancient copy. Portrait of Desiderius Erasmus, born Oct. 28,  
 1473, died July 12, 1536. — 296. Attributed to Herri or Hendrik  
 Bls, surnamed Civetta 1) (1480—15..). Paradise. — 1225. Petrus  
 Paulus Rubens. Copy. Ecce Homo. — 1221. Petrus Paulus Rubens.  
 Christ bearing the Cross. Project of his celebrated picture in the  
 Royal Museum at Brussels. — 1433. Tiziano Vecelli (1477—1576).  
 Copy. Penitent Magdalen. — 1013. Peter Neeffs the Elder. View in  
 a church by candle light. — 530. Peter Balten (15..—16..). St.  
 Martin fair. — 914. Peter Meulener (1602—1654) Landscape with  
 figures. This picture was originally the cover of a harpsichord. —  
 11. Flemish school, of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Glorification of the Virgin 2).  
 — 61. Adriaen Fransz. Baudewyns of Boudewyns (1644—1711)  
 Landscape. — 751. Flemish school: middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Young  
 woman near a table whereon fruit. — 310. Anthony Van Dyck.  
 Ancient copy. Saint Franciscus at the foot of the Cross. According  
 to tradition this picture was originally an altar-piece in one of the  
 vessels belonging to the Spanish „Silverfleet”, taken by the Admiral  
 Pt Hein, Sept. 9. 1628. — 1093. Gillis Peeters (1612—1653) Land-  
 scape with watermill. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1884. — 146. Daniel  
 Bone (1635?—1698) Peasants playing at cards. — 1014. Peter  
 Neffs the Elder. The Interior of a Church. — 305. Anthony Van  
 Dck. Penitent Magdalen. — 210. Attributed to Jan Brueghel the  
 Elder, surnamed Velvet Brueghel. Christ preaching in a fishing boat.

1) Surnamed thus in Italy, in consequence of his marking his pictures with a  
 church-owl. It is Dr. Oscar Eisenmann who attributes this piece to Bles.

2) Dr. A. Bredius attributes this piece to the Spanish painter José Antalines  
 (1539—1676).

Present of J. F. W. Baron Van Spaen van Biljoen, 1808. — 1324. Pieter Schubruch or Schaubruch (15..—16..) Rocky landscape and a river. — 419. Gualterus, Walter or Wouter Gysaerts (1649—17..) Wreath of flowers, in the middle of which a portrait of Hieronymus Van Weert, one of the Gorkom martyrs, put to death by Lumey in 1572; the portrait painted by David Teniers the Younger. — 1226. Petrus Paulus Rubens. Bad copy. Meeting of Jacob and Esau. — Not numbered. Balthazar Denner (1685—1749) Female portrait. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1888.

Westwall: 115. Nicolas Bertin (1667—1736) Joseph flying from Potiphar's wife. — 374. French school; 16th cent. Copy from the 18th cent. Portrait of Gaston De Foix, famous French general, born 1489, killed April 11, 1512 at the battle of Ravenna. — 116. Nicolas Bertin. Susanna and the Elders. — 1143. Gaspard Dughet (Gaspard Poussin) (1613—1675) Copy. Landscape on a river. — 166. Sebastian Bourdon (1616—1671) Spiritual marriage of Saint Catharine. — 1144. Gaspard Dughet (Gaspard Poussin). Landscape. — 378. French school: latter part of the 17th cent. Female portrait. Possession of Jhr. H. Teding van Berkhout. — 24. Jacques André Joseph Aved (1702—1766). Portrait of Willem IV, Prince of Orange, born Sept. 1, 1711, died Oct. 22, 1751. — 377. French school: latter part of the 17th cent. Male portrait. Possession of Jhr. H. Teding van Berkhout.

**Hall of the Old-Dutch school.** In the next hall the oldest pictures of the Dutch school, contained in the collection, are assembled. The decoration of the walls has a mediaeval character, thus being in keeping with the work of the masters found there.

No. 228 of the ground-plan. A band on the frieze along the walls bears the following inscription:

Der menschen cloeck vernuft noyt stouter Const voortbracht,  
Als die den Mensch, end' al dat schietlyck gaet verdwijnen,  
Oft sijn ghedaent verliest, met weelken oft met quijnen,  
Met een uytbecdend' stuck langh leven gheven tracht. 1)

1) Never man's superior intellect produced anything more admirable than the art which, by plastic representation, tries to secure long life to man and to all that, with fading or languishing, quickly vanishes or loses its form.

Maer heeft de Schilderij, noch yemandt vraghen mocht,  
 Niet anders om het lijf, als dats' ons stelt te voeren,  
 Het wesen van den gheen, die w'bebhen hier verlooren?  
 O Meen, Sij stelt voor t'oogh, al dat den Mensch oyt docht  
 Te sijn, oft connen syn, op Aerdt, oft in de locht. 1)

the names of a dozen Middle-Dutch painters are immortalized on as many tablets on the wall.

beginning on the right.

28. Unknown master, 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 14<sup>th</sup> cent. History of the Saviour divided into 18 representations. — 541. Unknown master, 1<sup>st</sup> half 16<sup>th</sup> cent. Adonis. — 297. Unknown master, end of the 15<sup>th</sup> cent. The prophetess Ann in the temple. — 403. Jan Gossaert, named Jan Van Mabuse (1470?—1541). Portrait of Philip of Burgundy, Admiral, Governor of Zutphen, knight of the Order of the Golden Fleece and subsequently Bishop of Utrecht, born 1464, died April 7, 1524. — Not numbered. Unknown master of the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the 15<sup>th</sup> cent. Christ on the Cross near which the Virgin, St. John and Magdalen; in the distance a Dutch town. — 761. Unknown master, end of the 15<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of a distinguished person. — Not numbered. Unknown master; latter part 15<sup>th</sup> cent. The Virgin. — 1418. Corns Tenisz. (16<sup>th</sup> cent.) Civic-guards of the Cross-bow company, F. B. Ao. 1559; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 525. Unknown master, 14<sup>th</sup> cent. Picture in remembrance of the Lords Van Montfoort, killed in the expedition against the Friese in 1345. Present left behind by Dr. H. Van der Lee, 1884. — Not numbered. Unknown master, latter part 15<sup>th</sup> cent. Ecce homo. — 1628. Rogier Van der Weyden (1400?—1464). The Lord's burial. — 719. Dirck Jacobsz. (1449—1567) Civic-guards from the Cloveniersdoelen (shooting-house of the arquebusiers, 1529); possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 158. Hieronymus Van Aecken, named Bosch (1462—1516). Day. The Adoration by the Magi. — 543. Unknown master of 1535. Portrait of a distinguished man, with the adage: „Omne fide deo;

Yet, some one might ask: Is it the only function of the picture to represent the appearance of one we have lost? No, it places before our eye all that man has thought he was or could be, on earth or in heaven \*).

From a sonnet by P. Van Veen in the 'Schilders-boek' (description of painting) by Carel van Mander, (Edition of 1604).

Betrovetet al Godt." — 533. Unknown master, 15<sup>th</sup> cent. Adoration of the Magi. — 57. Dirck Barentsz. (1534—1592). Civic-guards from the Cross-bow company. File G. A<sup>o</sup>. 1562; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 527 and 526. Unknown master, 15<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Franck Van Borselen and of Jacoba Van Beyeren (Jacqueline of Bavaria). — 1419. Corns. Teunisz. Civic-guards of the Arquebusiers' company, File F, A<sup>o</sup>. 1557. — 532. Unknown master, 15<sup>th</sup> cent. Mary with the child Jesus surrounded by S. S. Barbara, Caecilia, Catherin and Theresia. — 529. Unknown master, 16<sup>th</sup> cent. The Saviour and Salvator mundi, with golden crown and globe. — 530. The virgin Mary, counterpart of 529. — Not numbered. Jacob Cornelisz. Van Oostanen (14..—1530?). Male portrait, probably representing the painter himself. — 299. Albrecht Dürer (1471—1528) Copy. Portrait of Bilibald Pirckheimer, born 1470, died 1530, Counciller at Nürnberg, author and famous scholar. — 373. Unknown master 16<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of the Emperor Charles V. — 241. Jacob Cornelisz. Van Oostanen. Saul and the witch of Endor; 1 Sam. XXVIII: 7. — 58. Dirck Barentsz. Civic-guard banquet, called „de Poseters", Arquebusiers' company, File L. A<sup>o</sup>. 1566; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 382. Geertgen, the painter of the knights of St. John at Harlem, called Geertgen tot St. Jans (2<sup>nd</sup> half of 15<sup>th</sup> cent.). Allegory of the expiatory sacrifice of the New Covenant. — 1564. Unknown master (2<sup>nd</sup> half of the 15<sup>th</sup> cent.) Christ on the cross, surrounded by several saints. — 902. Quinten Massys (1460—1530). Copy. The Holy Virgin with the Child. — 545. Unknown master (1<sup>st</sup> half of the 16<sup>th</sup> cent.) Portrait of a court fool. — 718. Dirck Jacobsz. Civic-guards of the Arquebusiers' company, File E. A<sup>o</sup>. 1563; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1333. Jan Van Scorel (1495—1562). Solomon and the queen of Sheba. — 537. Unknown master of 1534. Civic-guards of the Arquebusiers' company. — 535. Unknown master. Two joined wings of a triptych with the coat-of-arms of Soutelande, Gael and Boelisz. — 547. Dirck Jacobsz.? Civic-guard of the Arquebusiers' company. — 1334. Jan Van Scorel. David and Bathseba. — 1332. The same. Civic guards of the Arquebusiers' company. File A. A<sup>o</sup> 1531. — Not numbered. Unknown master. Series of 6 portraits of members of the old noble family Van Naeldwyck, marked II—VII, as: II Henric Van Naeldwyc Heer Willemszoon



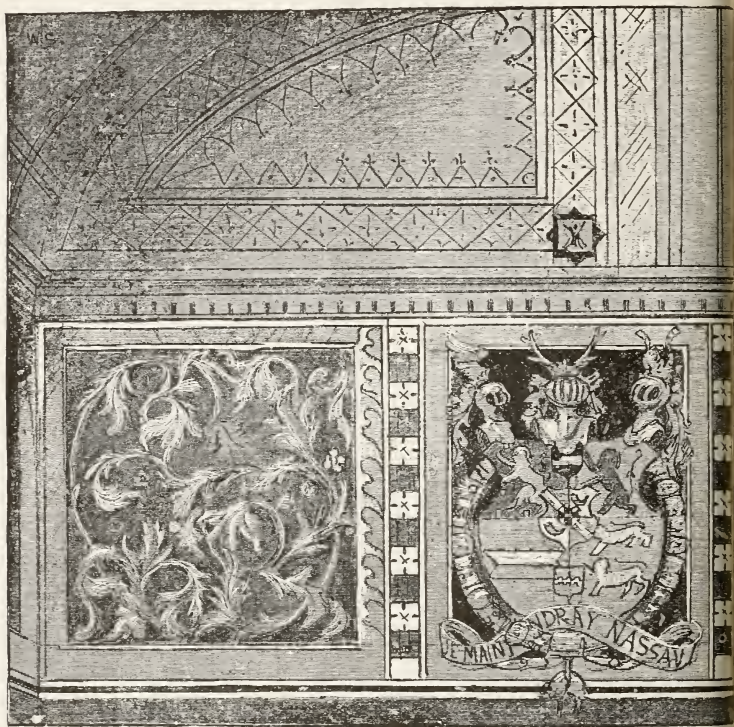
is wife was Haeze Van Scalwyc. — III. Willem Van Naeldwyc  
 Iericszoon, his wife was Sophie Van Teylingen. — IV. Heer  
 Ieric Van Naeldwyc Willemszoon, his wife was Katryn Van Heen-  
 lie — V. Willem Van Naeldwyc Heer Henricszoon, his wife was  
 Vieme Van Egmond Van de Watering. — VI Heer Henric Van  
 Naeldwyc Willemszoon, his wife was Machtelt Van Raephorst. —  
 II Willeme Van Naeldwyc Heer Henricsdochter, her husband was  
 an Heer Van Montfoort. — 1331. Jan Van Scorel. Magdalen.

In the middle of the hall there are six oaken stands with trip-  
 tych, in five of which the centre scene is wanting; they are by  
 unknown masters of the latter part of the 15<sup>th</sup> and the early part  
 of the 16<sup>th</sup> century, as: 534 *a* and *b*. Unknown master, 1<sup>st</sup> half 16<sup>th</sup>  
 cent Wings of a triptych: Jesus in the Temple in the midst of the  
 doctors (St. Luke III : 46). Reverse: Jesus descended to hell, brings  
 out the damned out of it. — The Circumcision (St. Luke II : 21).  
 Reverse: The Resurrection of Jesus (St. Matth. XXVIII). — Not  
 numbered. Unknown master, 2<sup>nd</sup> half 15<sup>th</sup> cent., central scene: Christ  
 on the Cross, near which the Virgin and St. John; in the background  
 view of the city of Utrecht; the wings represent: the Mass of St.  
 Gregory, and St. Christophorus bearing the Child Jesus through the  
 forest. — 536 *a* and *b*. Unknown master 1<sup>st</sup> half 16<sup>th</sup> cent. Wings  
 of a triptych: The rain of manna (Exodus XVI : 14—18). Reverse:  
 an emblematic female figure, painted gray, representing the Chris-  
 tian Church. — Melchizedeck brings Abraham wine and bread (Gen.  
 XI 18). Reverse: an emblematic female figure, painted gray, re-  
 presenting the Synagogue. — 1591. Unknown master 1<sup>st</sup> half 16<sup>th</sup>  
 cent Wings of a triptych on the obverse and reverse sides of which  
 are painted the portraits of two founders of a chapel or of an altar,  
 with their wives and attended by their patron-saints.

**al of the Dutch** The following hall contains works of masters  
**chool 16th cent.** of the Dutch School of the 16<sup>th</sup> century. The  
 N 227 of the decoration used points at this period in a heraldic  
 round-plan. manner by means of the escutcheons of the prin-  
 s who, in the 16<sup>th</sup> century, ruled in the North Netherlands:  
 the three last Counts of Holland: the Emperor Charles V,  
 Philip II, King of Spain, Francis, Duke of Anjou. Over the escut-

cheons of these princes is placed Charles the Fifth's emblem, the two pillars of Hercules with the motto *PLUS OVLTRE*.

The two first Stadtholders from the house of Orange-Nassau, represented by the escutcheons of William the Silent and



HALL OF THE 16th century. — DETAIL OF THE PAINTED DECORATION OF THE FRIE

of Prince Maurice of Nassau and between these the coat-of-arms of the Republic, with the old adage of the United Provinces: *CONCORDIA RES PARVAE CRESCUNT* 1). Somewhat higher Prince Maurice's emblem, the orange tree with the motto: *TANDEM FIT CIRCULVS ARBOR* 2).

1) By harmony little things increase.

2) In the course of time the scion becomes a tree.

Tree Bishops of Utrecht: Frederik of Baden, Philip of Burgundy and Henry of Bavaria.

Tree Princes of the Eastern Provinces: Charles, Duke of Flanders; William, Duke of Cleves; George, Duke of Saxony.

Beginning on the right: 2. Pieter Aertsen, named Lange Jan (1508—1573). The egg-dance. — 1570. Unknown master. Tarquin and Lucrece. — 549. Unknown master. Portrait of Kenau Simons

van Aslaer, born 1526, died before July 1589; at the head of 300 women she assisted in defending the city of Harlem against the Spaniards during the siege in 1572—'73. On the piece we read: „K. H.

hebde a woman, called Kenau, pious like a man, who at all times bravely combats the Spanish tyrant. Aetatis 47. 1573". —

56. Unknown master. Portrait of Isabella Clara Eugenia, consort of Albert, Archduke of Austria, b. Aug. 12, 1566, d. Dec 1, 1633.

567. Id. Portrait of Albert, Archduke of Austria, b. Nov. 13, 1559, d. July 13, 1621. — 376. Id. Portrait of Philip II, king of Spain, when a youth, born May 21, 1527; died Sept. 13, 1598. —

75. Id. Portrait of the Emperor Charles V, born Febr. 24, 1500; died Sept. 21, 1558. — 1565 and 1566. Id. Portraits of Philip III, king of Spain, born April 14, 1578; died March 31, 1621, and of his consort, Margaret of Austria. — 1170. Jan Anthonisz. Van Rave, died (1572?—1657). Portrait of Robert Dudley, Earl of Leicester—born 1530? died Sept. 14, 1588. — 755. Corn. Ketel (1548—1616)

— Civic-guards; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 756. Corn. Ketel? Civic-guards; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1660. Jacobus Wttewael (1566—1638). The meeting of David and Abimelech (I Sam. XXV: 23—34). — 1569. Unknown master. Joseph and Potiphar's wife. — Not numbered. Unknown master. The parable of the tares growing with the wheat. St. Matth. XIII: 24—30. — 463.

— Aert Pietersen (1550—1612). The Syndics of the Cloth-hall of Amsterdam, Ao 1599; on the frame we read:

„Betreet u cedt  
In t'gunst ghy weet.  
Oprechtlick leeft.  
Door gunst of haet  
Of eygebaat  
Geen oordeel geeft.”

Consider your oath in  
what you know.  
Live uprightly.  
Don't give an opinion  
actuated by favoritism,  
or hatred, or self-interest.





2. PIETER AERTSEN, NAMED LANGE PIER. — „THE EGG-DANCE”.



— 35. Corn. Van Haerlem (1562—1638). Adam and Eve in Paradise.  
 — 361. Karel Van Mander (1548—1606). Allegorical representation of the greed of the clergy. — 401. Hendrik Goltzius (1558—1616). Copy of Adonis. — 1472 to 1483. Otto Van Veen (1558—1629). Series of 12 representations from the revolt of the Bataves against the Romans 1). — Not numbered. Unknown master. Allegorical scene of the passion of Christ, with the letters J. H. S. and emblems of the Passion; possession of the Royal Antiquarian Society. — 436. Cornelis Cornelisz. Van Haerlem. Portrait of Dirck Volckertsz. Cornet, born 1522, died Oct. 29, 1590, Engraver, Poet and Scholar. — 441. Unknown master. Portrait of Elisabeth, Queen of England, died 1533, died March 24, 1603. — 1563. Unknown master. Competition between Apollo and Pan. — 759. Cornelis Ketel? Civic Guards. A<sup>o</sup> 1588; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — Not numbered. Pieter Aertsen, surnamed Lange Pier. Dutch market-view; in the background scenes of Christ's passion. — 754. Cornelis Ketel. Corporalship of Captain Dirck Rosecrans. A<sup>o</sup> 1588; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 540. Unknown master. Copy. Portrait of David Jorisz., born 1501, died August 25, 1556; Painter, Glasspainter, Philologist and Divine. — 56. Dirck Barentsz. (1534—1592). Portrait of Ferdinand Alvarez de Toledo, Duke of Alva, born Oct. 6, 1507, died December 11, 1582. — 3. Pieter Aertsen, surnamed Lange Pier. „De Gortenteller” („Counter of the Barley”) or the comical father of the house; on the picture is written: „Sal ick de ruysraet terecht bestellen, soo moet ick 't gort selfs in de pot tellen”. (To manage the household all right, I wot, I must myself count the barley into the pot”); possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 758. Kornelis Ketel? Corporalship of Captain Dirck Jacobsz. Roosencrans and Lieutenant Ruysch, A<sup>o</sup> 1584. Originating with the Kloveniersdoelen (Shooting-house of the Arquebusiers); possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 911. Cornelis Metsys (1511—1582?) The parable of the prodigal son. — 5. Pieter Aertsen, surnamed Lange Pier. The adoration of the shepherds; fragment of an altarpiece of the New-Church of Amsterdam 2). — 1108. Aert Pie-

1) These 12 pictures have been purchased, January 26. 1613 by order of the States-General for f 2200. It is the first known purchase of pictures from the public purse.

2) Cf. the article of Jhr. Dr. J. Six in the Dutch Spectator, 1886 No 12.

tersen (1550—1612). Civic-guards. Ao 1599; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 434. Cornelis Cornelisz. Van Haerlem. Massacre of the Innocents in Bethlehem. — 1644. Johan Wouters (15..—15..). The office of the Steward. — 465. Maerten Van Heemskerck. Portrait of Johannes Colman, about 1538. Rector of the convent of St. Aechten at Delft.

In the middle of the hall: 4. Pieter Aertsz., surnamed Lange Pier. Wing of a triptych, fragment of the Presentation in the Temple; reverse: King Balthazar, one of the Magi; possession of Jhr. Dr. J. P. Six. — 464. Maerten Van Heemskerck. Wing of a triptych, the Sibyl Erythrea; reverse, the portrait of Matelieff Dammasz.; possession of Jhr. Dr. J. P. Six.

**Dupper-hall.** The next hall takes us to the 17<sup>th</sup> century, the No. 226 of the glorious period of Dutch art. The inscription on the ground-Plan. upper part of the wall informs us that we are in the Dupper-hall; it is to the following purport:

Bij uiterste wilgbeschikking van 12 April 1862 heeft  
Leendert Dupper Willemszoon/  
Suijkerassinaleur/ geboren te Dordrecht 16 Augustus 1799/  
overleden aldaar 4 Maart 1870/ aan 's Rijks Museum te Amsterdam/  
zijne verzameling schilderijen van Oude Meesters nagelaten. 1)

The Dupper-collection consists of 64 pictures, for the greater part by celebrated masters of the Old-Dutch School. Beginning on the right when entering the following pieces are seen:

2) 188. Quiryn Brekelenkam (16..—1668). The mouse-trap. — 302. Cornelis Dusart (1660—1704). Peasant-fair. — 1148. Adam Pynacker (1621—1673). Italian landscape. — 43. Ludolf Backhuysen (1631—1708). The Zuiderzee. — 1664. Jan Wynants (1600—1697?). Hilly landscape. — 1072. Adriaen Van Ostade (1610—1685). The Quack. — 251. Aelbert Cuyp (1620—1691). Hilly landscape. — 178. Melchior Brassauw (1709—1757). The prodigal Son. — 32. Frans

1) By his last will of April 12, 1862, Leendert Dupper Willemszoon, Sugar-refiner, born at Dort, August 16, 1799, deceased there March 4, 1870, bequeathed to the National Museum at Amsterdam his collection of pictures by Old Masters.

2) The large pictures, higher on the wall, do not belong to the Dupper legacy.

Baens? (1571—16..). Civic-guard banquet; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1411. Gerard Ter Borch (1617?—1681). The painter's portrait. — 1486. Adriaen Van de Velde (1635—1672). Landscape. — 1346. Hendrik Maertensz. Sorgh (1621?—1670?) Guitar player. — 1365. Jan Steen (1626—1679). The Prince's birthday. — 1411. Jan Philip Van Thielen (1618—1667). Flowers. — 1412. Gerard Ter Borch. Portrait of Geertruida Matthyssen, the painter's wife. — 1486. Willem De Heusch (16..—1669?) Italian landscape. — 275. Gerard Dou (1613—1675). The Painter's portrait. — 990. Isaac De Mecheron (1670—1744). View in an Italian garden. Originating with the Botanical Gardens; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 126. Salomon Van Ruysdael (16..—1670). Trysting-place. — 170. Richard Brakenburgh (1650—1702). St. Nicolas-feast. — 490. Willem De Heusch. Italian landscape. — 1373. Jan Steen. The Rake. — 120. Jacob Van Ruysdael (1628?—1682). In the Wood. — 635. Unknown master. St. Nicolas-feast. — 1586. Cornelis Van der Voort (156—1624). Civic-guards with 12 figures, Lieutenant Pieter Hasseler 1623. Originating with the Handboogsdoele, (Handbow-company); possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1069. W. Ossenbeeck (16..—16..) Mercury as the messenger of Jupiter brings back to her father, his well beloved Iö, changed by Juno into a cow. — 1661. Thomas Weyck (1616—1677). The Alchymist. — 491. Willem De Heusch. Woody landscape. — 1579. Aert De Vois (1630—1680). Lady and portrait. — 1372. Jan Steen. The Quack. — 98. Job Adriaensz Berckheide (1630—1693). The Spaarne at Harlem. — 20. Jan Asselyn (160—1660?). Horsemen fighting. — 506. Meindert Hobbema (1638—1709). Water-mill. — 111. Dirk Van den Bergen (16..—166?). Landscape with cattle. — 442. Frans Hals. The court-fool. — 59. Johannes Both (1610?—1652). Italian landscape. — 97. Nicolaes Berchem (1620—1683). Landscape. — 274. Simon Van der Does (1633—1717). Landscape with cattle. — 815. Gysbert Verkuylen or Van der Kuyl (16..—1673). Cunning exceeds Strength. 1) Origin-

The subject of this picture has been derived from the following; Sertorius, a Roman commander, once in presence of his army, had two horses led to the front, one of which was old and decrepit and the other fine and gallant, with a splendid thick and beautiful of hair. By the side of the weak horse a tall and strong man was placed, but near the powerful animal there was a small and evidently

nating with the Townhall at Gorinchem. — 951. Frans Van Mieris, the Elder (1635—1681). Instability. — 1073. Adriaen Van Ostade, The Baker. — 1229. Jacob Van Ruisdael. Winter. — 841. Johannes Lingelbach (1623—1674). Camp. — 1362. Johan Adriaensz Van Staveren (16..—1669?). The Schoolmaster. — 748. Johan Van Kessel (1641—1680). In the Wood. — 1509. Willem Van de Velde, the Younger. A calm. — 963. Abraham Mignon (1640—1679). Fruit. — 790. Philip De Koninck (1619—1689?). Landscape. — 1531. Adriaen Verboom (16..—1670?) The cross-way. — 691. Samuel Van Hoogstraten (1626—1678). Portrait of Mattheus Van den Broucke, Councillor of India and Commander-in-chief of a rich fleet of 19 vessels of the E. I. Comp. returning in 1670; subsequently Common-councillor and Burgomaster of Dordrecht. He died in 1685. — 348. Aldert Van Everdingen (1621?—1675). Landscape in the North. — 408. Jan Van Goyen (1596—1656). Landscape. — 44. Ludolf Backhuyzen. The Y before Amsterdam. — 962. Abraham Mignon. Flowers. — 757. Corn. Ketel. Civic-guard banquet; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1383. Dirck Stoop (1610?—1688). Hunting party. — 430. Jan Hackaert (1629—1699?) In the Wood. — 1231. Jacob Van Ruisdael. View on Harlem. — 726. Karel Du Jardin. Italian landscape with cattle. — 406. Jan Van Goyen. View on the river before Dordrecht. — 1659. Pieter Wouwerman (1623—1682). Hunting party. — 1587. Cornelis Vervoort or Van der Voort (1576—1624). Governors of the Hospital for Old Men and Women; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 882. Nicolaes Maes. Woman spinning. — 1615. Adriaen Van der Werff (1659—1722). Christ's burial. — 1110. Aerts Pietersz. Civic-guard banquet (Fragment);

slight person. At a given sign the strong man began with both his hands to pull as hard as he could at the tail of his horse, as if he wished to pull it out, but the slight man began to pull out one by one the hair of the tail of the strong animal. Now, when the former, after having greatly bestirred himself to no purpose, had given up his impossible labour amid the laughing bystanders, but the latter without any trouble very soon rendered the tail bare, Sertorius pointed out to his men, how from this they might learn that perseverance, much more than violence, is sure to reach its aim and that many things which cannot be performed, when grasping the whole at once, will yield to gradual exertion. (Plutarch. Vit. Sert. c. 16). Communicated by Prof. J. S. Speyer by the intervention of Mr. J. G. Frederiks.



possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1347. Hendrick Maertensz. Soth. A Gale. — 842. Johannes Lingelbach. Dentist on horseback. — 86. Frederik De Moucheron (1633?—1686). Landscape. — 1213. Mlem Romeyn (16..—1694?). Landscape with cattle. — 1647. Phips Wouwerman (1619—1668). A camp. — 1149. Adam Pyncker. Place of pilgrimage. — Not numbered. Nicolaes Elias? (Pickering) Governors of the Rasphuis (prison); possession of the city of Amsterdam.

**Van de Poll.** In the next hall we see another private collection bequeathed to the Museum: the Van de Poll legacy. The inscription on the wall informs us when this collection was bequeathed:

Bij uiterste wilgsbeschikking van 25 December 1879 heeft  
 Jonkheer Jacobus Salomon Hendrik Van de Poll  
 Oethouder der gemeente Velzen geboren te Amsterdam 28 Juli 1837  
 overleden aldaar 23 Februari 1880 aan 's Rijks Museum te  
 Amsterdam zijne verzameling schilderijen nagelaten. 1)

By the side of this inscription may be noticed the coats-of-arms of Mulman and of the city of Amsterdam, right and left the escutcheons of the painters' guilds, and on the opposite side the coat-of-arms of the family Van de Poll.

The escutcheon of Mulman hints at the founder of the original nucleus of this collection, Hendrik Mulman, born of one of the principal families of Harlem, well known for its love of art. The collection made by Hendrik Mulman consisted of 193 pictures, for the greater part by masters of the Old-Dutch school, and of a number of drawings and engravings. On his death this collection was sold, and a considerable portion was transferred to other cabinets of art; e. g. Karel Du Jardin to the collection of G. Muller, the *Maid* by the Delft Vermeer to that of Six, and the Jan Steen

1) By his last will of December 25, 1879, Jonkheer Jacobus Salomon Hendrik Van de Poll, Alderman of the village of Velzen, born at Amsterdam, July 28, 1837, deceased there February 23, 1880, has bequeathed his collection of pictures to the National Museum at Amsterdam.

to that of Van der Hoop. However, the son of the deceased bought 28 pictures from the collection and on his death left them, together with the family portraits, to his daughter Anna Maria Muilman. By her marriage with Jhr. Archibald Jan Van de Poll, the collection came into possession of the latter's son, Jhr. J. S. H. Van de Poll, who bequeathed it to the Museum.

The legacy consists altogether of 52 pictures. Leaving the Dupperhall and beginning on the right we see the following pieces:

1453. Jacob Van der Ulft (1627—after 1688). Italian market-place. — 1534. Johannes Vercolje (1650—1693.). Musical party. — 1214. Willem Romeyn. Landscape with cattle. — 350. Aldert Van Everdingen. Landscape in the North. — 1036. Joannes Van Noort (16..—after 1672). Portrait of D. Wynants. — 1588. Cornelis Vervoort, or Van der Voort. Governors of the Prison; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1348. Hendrick Maertensz. Sorgh. Vegetable market. — 886. Nicolaes Maes. Portrait of Aeltje Denys. — 306. Anthony Van Dyck. Portrait of a member of the family Van der Borcht. — 1459. Werner Van Valckert (15..—16..). Corporalship of Capt<sup>n</sup>. Albert Coenraet Burgh and Lieut. Pieter Evertsz. Hulft; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 885. Nicolaes Maes. Portrait of Hendrick Wynants. — 1262. Cornelis Saftleven (1606—1681). Peasant-company. — 1468. Werner Van Valckert. Portrait of Lieutenant-Admiral Jochem Swartenhont. — 1461. Id. Governors of the Hospital for Lepers. — 93. Nicolaes Berchem. Italian ruins. — 1136. Paulus Potter (1625—1654). Landscape with cattle. — 189. Quiryn Brekenkam. Confidences. — 985. Jan Evert Morel (1777—1808). Fruit. — 339. Nicolaes Elias (Pickenoy) (1596—1667). Portrait of Maria Swartenhont. — 1514. Willem Van de Velde the Younger. Water in motion. — 1268. Herman Saftleven III (1610—1685). Hilly landscape. — 334. Nicolaes Elias (Pickenoy). Corporalship of Capt<sup>n</sup>. Dirck Theuling, possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1249. Rembrandt. Portrait of Elisabeth Bas, widow of Lieut.-Admiral Jochem Swartenhont. — 153. Willem Van de Velde the Younger. A calm. 2137. Salomon Van Ruisdael. Village inn. — 338. Nicolaes Elias (Pickenoy). Portrait of Marten Rey. — 304. Cornelis Dusart. Maternal joy. — 291. Hendrick Dubbels (1620—1676). A calm. — 900. J. H. Maschhaupt. Portrait of Jhr. Archibald Jan Van de Poll,

right of the Order of the Dutch Lion and Common councilor of Amsterdam. — 102. Gerrit Adriaensz. Berckheyde (1638—1698). View of the Oudezyds Heerenlogement at Amsterdam. — 884. Nicolaes Maes. Portrait of Marten Meulenaer. — 103. Gerard Berckheyde (1638—1698). View of the Heerengracht at Amsterdam. — 636. Unknown master. Portrait of Wynant Wynants. — 431. Jan Hackaert. Landscape with cattle. — 1035. Joannes Van Noordt. Scipio's generosity. — 75. Thomas De Keyser. Portrait of Pieter Schout, Lord of Hageslyn, born 1640, died May 29, 1669. — 666. Melchior D'Hondecoeter. Dead game. — 667. Id. Living birds. — 79. Anthonie Berstraaten (16..—16..). A view in Leiden in winter. — 632. Unknown master. St. John the Evangelist in the isle of Patmos. — 137. Joannes Van Noordt. Portrait of Dionys Wynants. — 1023. Constantyn Netscher (1668—1722). Portrait of the wife of Iman Mogge, Lord of Haamstede. — 330. Jan Ekels the Younger, (1759—1793). View in Amsterdam. — 280. Gerard Dou. Male portrait. — 331. Jan Ekels the Younger. A poor writer. — 845. Johannes Angelbach. Landscape with figures. — 901. J. H. Maschhaupt. Portrait of Jhr. Jacobus Salomon Hendrik Van de Poll. Alderman of Alzen, born July 28, 1837; died Feb 23, 1880. — 1345. Peter Syers (1681—1752). Female dealer. — 829. Sir Thomas Lawrence (1769—1830). Portrait of Willem Ferdinand Mogge Muilman. — 19. Ferdinand Bol. Portrait of Maria Rey, wife to R. Meulenaer. — 1460. Werner Van Valckert. Masters of the Grand-Mercers guild at Amsterdam; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 952. Frans Van Mieris the Elder, (1635—1681). Jacob's dream. — 749. Johan Van Kessel. Waterfall. — 1441. Còrnelis Troost (1697—1750). Alexander the Great at the battle of the Granicus. — 138. Ferdinand Bl. Portrait of Roelof Meulenaer. — 1375. Jan Steen. Dancing lesson. — 487. Jan Van Hemert (middle of 17<sup>th</sup> cent.). Portrait of Erik Meulenaer. — 1462. Werner Van Valckert. Governesses of the Hospital for Lepers; possession of the city of Amsterdam.

**Hall of Anatomy-Pictures.** This hall contains a very remarkable series of pictures belonging to the city of Amsterdam and originating with the ancient Surgeons-guild of that place. No. 220 of the ground-plan. Primitively also two master-pieces of Rembrandt be-

longed to this series: in the first place the lesson of Anatomy by Prof. Nicolaes Tulp, in 1828 sold to King William I and at present still exhibited at the Museum „Mauritshuis,” at the Hague, and further the lesson of Anatomy of Dr. J. Deyman. This piece, nearly destroyed in a fire which took place, November 8, 1723 in the room of the Surgeons' Guild, was sold December 20, 1841, but was bought again for the account of the city of Amsterdam, April 11, 1882. At present this restored fragment of the charred picture still gives, however, some idea of the original composition. 1)

Over the door: 1442. Cornelis Troost. Lesson in anatomy of Prof. W. Roëll. — Continuing to the right: 633. Unknown master. Portrait of 3 Masters of the Surgeons' guild. — 1156. Johan Maurits Quinckhart (1688—1772). Masters of the Surgeons' guild. — 1155. Id. Masters of the Surgeons'guild. — 1109. Aert Pietersz. (1550—1612). Lesson in Anatomy of Dr. Sebastiaen Egbertsz. De Vry. — 28. Adriaen Backer (1636—1684). Lesson in Anatomy of Prof. Frederik Ruysch. — 336. Nicolaes Elias (Pickenoy). Lesson in Anatomy of Dr. Joan Holland Fonteyn. — 35. Jan De Baen. The bodies of John and Cornelius De Witt on the gallows, August 20, 1672. 2) — 994. Louis Moritz (1773—1850). Portrait of Clemens Van Demmeltraadt, town-lithotomist at Amsterdam, born August 13, 1793, died May 7, 1841. — 216*a*. Jacobus Buys (1724—1801). Portrait of Johannes Monnikhof, Physician at Amsterdam, born 1707, died June 23, 1787. — 1123. Juriaen Pool (1666—1745). Portraits of 2 Masters of the Surgeons' guild. — 1250. Rembrandt. Lesson in Anatomy of Dr. Johan Deyman. (Fragment of a picture partly burnt in the 18<sup>th</sup> century 3). — 766. Thomas De Keyser. Lesson in Anatomy of Dr. Sebastiaen Egbertsz. De Vry. — 1011. Johan Van Neck (1636—1714). Lesson in Anatomy of Prof. Frederik Ruysch. — 1443. Cornelis Troost. Portraits of 3 Masters of the Surgeons'guild. — 150. Arnold Boonen (1669—1729). Masters of the Surgeons'guild.

1) In the days of yore there belonged to this collection a canvas with the portraits of Masters, by Nicolaes Maes, but which by sale afterwards found a place in the collection Van der Hoop.

2) This remembrance of the bloody murder of the brothers De Witt does not belong to the series of the Anatomy-pictures.

3) Jhr. Dr. J. P. Six possesses Rembrandt's sketch for this picture.



1154. Johan Maurits Quinckhart. Masters. — 638. Unknown. Masters.

**Portrait-hall.** The next room is the Portrait-hall. Among the No 214 of the pictures exhibited in it are the family portraits of the old Amsterdam family Bicker. This collection belongs to the city of Amsterdam, as is intimated by the inscription, together with the arms of Bicker and of the Capital on the east side of the hall:

Bij uiterste wilsbeschikking van 19 Mei 1877 heeft

Jonkvrouwe Jeanne Cathérine Bicker

Douairière van Jonkheer Josua Jacob Van Winter

geboren te Amsterdam 12 November 1779 overleden aldaar

21 April 1878 aan de Stad Amsterdam ter

afgafte in 's Rijks Museum hare verzameling schilderijen nagelaten. 1)

Before mentioning the principal pictures, the painted decoration of the hall requires our attention for a moment. At the top, in the middle, are seen the emblems of the temperaments: a snail, a crow, a butterfly and a turkey, each on as many shields, diversified by painted suspending plants. On the westside, are the emblems of sovereignty and nobility represented by escutcheons with different crowns and by others, enriched with the principal figures of heraldry. On the eastside, besides the inscription mentioned just now, there are escutcheons having relation to tailors, which hardly requires any explanation, since the presence of various portraits, chiefly remarkable for the costumes, serves to account for this homage to one of the oldest professions of social life, viz. tailoring.

Continuing the enumeration of the pictures, and beginning on the spectator's dexter side, we see, among others the 44 portraits of the Bicker family, some of which are hanging in the Passage from the Dupper- to the Portrait-hall. Near the Portrait-hall stands the beautiful marble bust (made by Bart Van Hove) of the poet

By her last will of May 19, 1877 Jonkvrouwe Jeanne Cathérine Bicker, Jonkvrouwe Josua Jacob Van Winter's Dowry, born at Amsterdam November 12, 1779, deceased there April 21, 1878 left to the City of Amsterdam her collection of pictures to be placed in the National Museum.

and historian Willem Hofdyk, born June 27, 1816, died August 29, 1888. Present of Mr. P. W. Janssen, 1890.

1445. Cornelis Troost. Sketch for the picture of Governors of the Orphan Poorhouse; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 819. Gerard De Lairese (1641—1711). The Revolution; allegorical representation in grey. — 1197*a*. Tibout Regters. Lesson of Anatomy of Prof. Petrus Camper; belongs to the before mentioned pieces of the Surgeons'guild; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 483. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Copy in pastel. Portrait of Catharina Gansneb, said Tegnagel, born 1595, married Jan. 4, 1615 to Andries Bicker: legacy Bicker with the following portraits; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 615. Unknown master, 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Pieter Pietersz. Bicker, born 1532, died 1614. — 484. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Copy. Portrait of Gerard Andriesz. Bicker, Dros (Bailliff) of Muiden, born June 6, 1623, died Sept. 16, 1666. — 234. Louis Bernard Coclers (1740—1817). Portrait of Catharina Six, born April 30, 1752, died Feb. 12, 1792, married 1769 to Jan Barent Bicker. — 648. Unknown master, 18<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Clara Magdalena Dedel, born Apr. 11, 1727; died June 8, 1778; married May 11, 1745 to Hendrik Bicker. — 1435. Dominicus Van Tol (16..—1676). Portrait of Hendrick Dirksz. Spiegel, Burgomaster of Amsterdam 1655, 1659 and 1665. — 647. Unknown master, 18<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Hendrik Bicker, born Oct. 23, 1722; died Aug. 25, 1783. — 233. Louis Bernard Coclers. Portrait of Jan Barent Bicker, born Aug. 27, 1746; died Dec. 16, 1812. — 818. Gerard De Lairese. Established authority; allegorical representation in grey, counter-part of No. 81 mentioned before; does not belong to the legacy Bicker. — 482. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Copy in pastel. Portrait of Andries Bicker. — 649. Unknown master, 18<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Jan Barent Bicker, born 1746, died 1812. — 618. Unknown master, 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Cornelis Bicker, Lord of Swieten, born 16.., died Sept. 15, 1654. — 481. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Copy. Portrait of Andries Bicker. — 866. Jean Etienne Liotard (1702—1789). Portrait in pastel of Clara Magdalena Dedel, wife of Hendrick Bicker. — 1090. Jan Palthe (1719—1769). Portrait of Agatha Hieronyma Nobel, born August 1730, died May 6, 1822; married to Pieter Cypriaan Testart. — 1088. Idem. Portrait of Mrs. Nobel and her grandchildren. —

Over the door: 1524. Adriaen Pietersz. Van de Venne (1589—1662). The king of Bohemia, with his spouse at the chase. Painted in grey; does not belong to the legacy Bicker. — 865. Jean Etienne Liotard. Portrait in pastel of Hendrik Bicker. — 1089. Jan Palthe. Portrait of Pieter Cypriaan Testart. — 645. Unknown master, 18<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Johanna Sara Pels, born Apr. 1, 1702, died July 28, 1791, married to Jan Barent Bicker. — 1276. Joa-  
chim Van Sandrart. Portrait of Eva Bicker, born 1619, died Dec. 27, 1699; married to Hendrik Bicker. — 108. Const. Netscher. Portrait of Agatha Bicker, married 1694, to Jacob van De Backer. — 999. Michiel Van Mijcher (1645—1705). Portrait of Anna Schaepe, born March 1600, died March 1725; married Aug. 26, 1688 to Mr. Hendrik Bicker Hendrikz. — 1456. Wallerant Vaillant (1603—1677). Portrait of Jacoba Bicker, born 1640, died 1695, married 1666 to Pieter De Graeff. — 1278. Joa-  
chim Van Sandrart. Portrait of Anna Bicker, married 1639 to Jacob Bicker. — 510. Charles Howard Hodges (1764—1837). Portrait of Hendrik Bicker, born 1777, died 1834. — 111. Id. Portrait of Wilhelmina Anna Van Hoorn, died 1853, wife of J. Bicker. — 637. Unkn. master, middle 16<sup>th</sup> cent. Miniature portrait of Jacob Pietersz. Bicker. — 646. Unknown master, middle 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Miniature of Jan Barent Schaepe; Alderman in 1659. — 650 and 651. Unknown master, 18<sup>th</sup> cent. Two miniatures of Jan Barent Bicker and his wife Catharina Six. — 1082. Juriaen Ovens (1622—1708). Portrait of Mr. Jan Barent Schaepe. — 930. Michiel Van



PORTRAIT HALL. DETAIL OF THE  
PAINTED DECORATION  
OF THE FRIEZE.

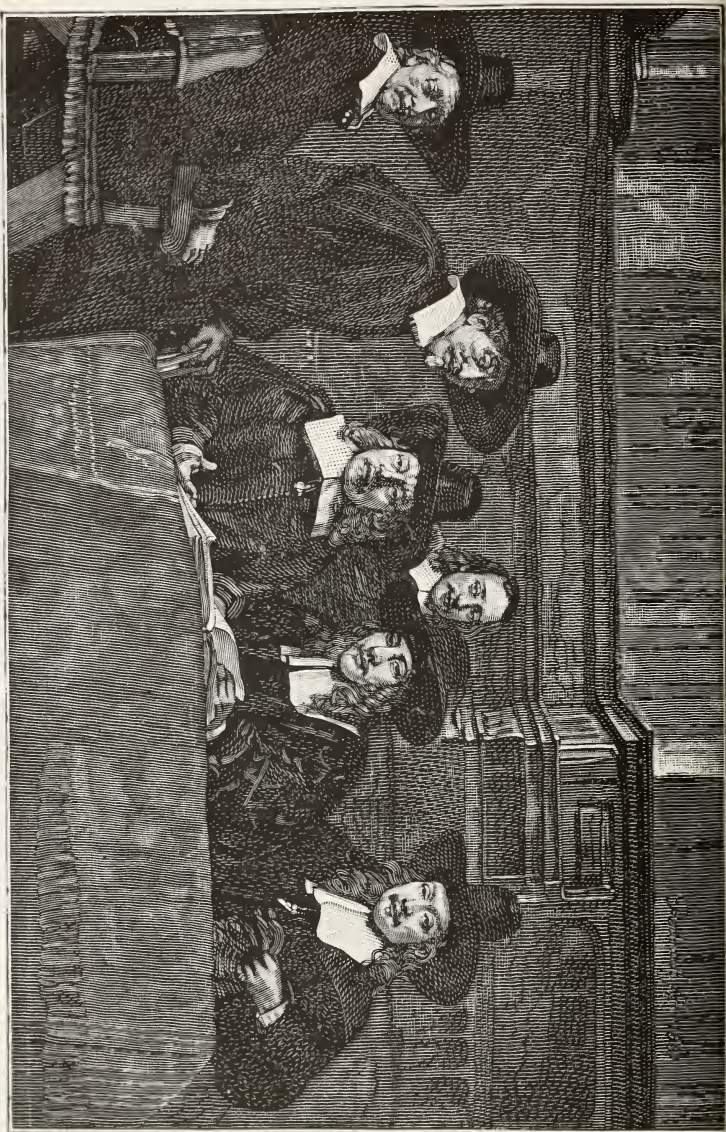
Mierevelt (1567—1641). Alleged Portrait of Johan Van Oldenbarnevelt, Advocate of Holland, born Sept. 14, 1547; beheaded May 13, 1619. — 1024. Const. Netscher. Portrait of Jacob Jan De Backer. — 998 Michiel Van Musscher (1645—1705). Portrait of Mr. Hendrik Bicker, born Aug. 1249, died Aug. 1, 1718. — 1277. Joachim Van Sandrart. Portrait of Jacob Bicker, Knight of St. Mark. — 1275. Id. Portrait of Hendrik Bicker, born 1615, died Oct. 20, 1654. — 1455. Wallerant Vaillant. Portrait of Pieter De Graeff, born 1638, died 1707. — 617. Unkn. Portrait of Alyda Boelens. — 613. Id. Portrait of Mr. Pieter Bicker. — 620. Id. Portrait of Agneta De Graeff. — 619. Id. Portrait of Dr. Jan Bicker. — 614. Id. Portrait of Anna Codde. — 616. Id. Portrait of Gerrit Bicker. — 1532 and 1533. Herman Verelst (16..—1690?). Portraits of Mr. Johan De Witt, Grand-Pensionary of Holland, born Sept. 24, 1625, murdered Aug. 20, 1672, and of his wife Wendela Bicker, born 1636, died July 1, 1668.

Further portraits not belonging to the Legacy Bicker: 725. Karel Du Jardin. Portrait of Gerard Reinst, celebrated collector of art at Amsterdam. Councillor and Alderman in 1646 and 1650; died June 29, 1658. — 265. Jacob Willemsz. Delft (15..—1601). Portrait of Paulus Cornelisz. Van Beresteyn. — 559. Unknown master, middle 17th cent. Portrait of Louisa Christina, Countess Van Solms, widow of Joan Wolfert, Count of Brederode; she was sister-in-law to the Stadtholder Frederik Hendrik, Prince of Orange. — 501. Paulus Van Hillegaert (1595?—1651). Portrait of the Stadtholder Frederik Hendrik, on horseback. — 469. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Portrait of Maria Henrietta Stuart, born 1631, died Jan. 3, 1661, Crown princess of England, widow of the Stadtholder Willem II, Prince of Orange. — 679. Willem (or Guiliam) Van Honthorst. (1604—1666). Portrait of the Stadtholder William II, Prince of Orange; born May 27, 1626; died Nov. 6, 1650. — 1523. Paulus Van Hillegaert. The Princes Maurits and Frederik, on horseback. — 1291 Godfried Schalcken (1643—1706). Portrait by candle-light of king William III of England, Prince of Orange, born Nov. 14, 1650; died March 8, 1702. — 924. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of the Stadtholder Frederik Hendrik, Prince of Orange; born Jan. 29, 1584; died March 14, 1647. — 384. Wybrandt De Geest the Elder, brother-in-law to



Rembrandt (1590 — 1659) Portrait of Henry Casimir I, Count of Nassau, Stadtholder of Friesland, Groningen and Drenthe, born 1611, died of his wounds near Hulst, June 14, 1640. — 670 and 671. Gerard Van Honthorst (1590—1656). Portraits of Prince Frederik Hendrik and of his consort Amalia Countess Van Solms; she was born 1602, died Ag. 8, 1675. — 390. Wybrandt De Geest the Elder. Copy of a former picture. Portraits of Prince William the First's brothers: the Counts Jan, Hendrik, Adolf and Lodewyk van Nassau. — 921. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt, after Cornelis De Visscher. Portrait of Prince William I of Orange (William the Silent) born April 14, 1583, treacherously murdered, July 10, 1584. — 922. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of Philips Willem, Prince of Orange, born Dec. 19, 1554; died Feb. 22, 1618, eldest son of William the Silent. — 383. Wybrandt De Geest the Elder. Portrait of Ernst Casimir, Count of Nassau, Stadtholder of Friesland, Groningen and Drenthe, born Dec. 22, 1573; died at the siege of Roermond, June 2, 1632. — 1247. Rembrandt. The Syndics (or masters of the cloth-workers' guild at Amsterdam) in 1661. Originating from the „Staalhof" (Smple-hall) in de „Staalstraat"; possession of the city of Amsterdam 1). — 923. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of the Stadtholder Maurits, Prince of Orange, born Nov. 13, 1567; died April 23, 1625. — 558. Gerard Van Honthorst? Portrait of Amalia, Countess Van Solms. — 672. Gerard Van Honthorst. Portrait of Prince Willem II. — 981. Paulus Moreelse (1571—1638). Supposed portrait of Sophia Hedwig, Duchess of Brunswick, at a youthful age. born Feb. 20, 1592; died 1642, married 1607 to Ernst Casimir, Count of Nassau. — 1520. Adriaen Pietersz. Van de Venne. Portraits representing Prince Maurits with his retinue on horseback; next to the Prince ride Frederik V, Elector of the Palatinate, King of Bohemia, the Prince's cousin, and Philips Willem and Frederik Hendrik, the Prince's brothers; in the second row: Willem Lodewyk and Ernst Casimir van Nassau, Stadtholders of Friesland and cousins to Prince

In the 'Staalhof' there were formerly six canvasses with portraits of Syndics; the oldest of 1559. Two of them are placed in the Museum: the one by Aert Pierson. (No. 1111) and the piece by Rembrandt mentioned above. The fate of the others appears to be unknown.



1247. REMBRANDT. — THE SYNDICS.

Marits, and behind these some noblemen. — 680. Willem (or Gilliam) Van Honthorst. Portraits of the Princes of Orange: Willem I, Maurits, Frederik Hendrik, Willem II and William III; the latter represented at a youthful age. — 385. Wybrandt De Geest the Elder. Portrait of Ernst Casimir, Count of Nassau, Stadtholder of Friesland, Groningen and Drenthe. — 386. Idem. Portrait of Sophia Hilwig, Duchess of Brunswick, consort to Ernst Casimir, Count of Nassau. — 1582. Johannes Vollevens the Elder (1649—1728). Portrait of William III, Prince of Orange, King of England. — 673. Gerard Van Honthorst. Portraits representing Frederik Hendrik, Prince of Orange, his consort Amalia, Countess of Solms, and their daughters Albertina Agnes, Henriette Catharina, and Maria. — 675. Idem. Portraits of the Stadtholder William II, Prince of Orange, and of his consort Mary, Crown Princess of England, daughter of King Charles I. — 366. Govert Flinck. Allegorical portrait of Amalia, Countess of Solms, dowager of Prince Frederik Hendrik. — 674. Gerard Honthorst. Portrait of Frederick William, Elector of Brandenburg (the Great Elector), born Feb. 6, 1620, died Apr. 29, 1688, and of his consort Louise Henriette, Princess of Orange, born Nov. 27, 1627; died June 8, 1667, eldest daughter to Prince Frederik Hendrik. — 644. Unknown master, 18th cent. Portrait of Frederick the Great, king of Prussia, at a youthful age, born 1712, died Aug. 17, 1786. — 1671. Johan Georg Ziesenis (1716—1777). Portrait of Willem V, Prince of Orange, at a youthful age, born March 8, 1714, died Apr. 1806. — 25. Jacques André Joseph Aved (1702—1775). Portrait of the Stadtholder Prince William IV of Orange, born Sept. 1, 1711; died Oct. 22, 1751. — Not numbered. Unknown master, 18th cent. Portraits of Willem Frederik, Hereditary Prince of Orange-Nassau, afterwards King Willem I, born Aug. 24, 1772; died Dec. 12, 1843, and of Willem George Frederik, Prince of Orange-Nassau, afterwards Lieutenant-Fieldmarshal and General-Major of the Ordnance in Austrian service, born Feb. 15, 1774, died Jan. 6, 1799, both represented at a youthful age, present of E. Baan Van Lynden van de Cannenburgh, 1888. — Not numbered. Unknown master, 18th cent. Portrait of Anna, Princess of Brunswick-Lueburg, Crownprincess of Great-Britain, consort of Prince Willem IV with her little daughter Anna; born Nov. 2, 1709, died Jan. 12,



1795. — Not numb. Unkn. master, 18th cent. Portrait of Prince Willem IV. — Not numb. Tethart Philip Christiaan Haag (1737—1812). Portrait on horseback of Frederika Sophia Wilhelmina, Princess of Prussia, consort of Willem V, Prince of Orange, born Aug. 7, 1747; died July 8, 1820. — 1142. Frans Pourbus the Younger (1569—1622). Portrait of Maria De Medicis, Consort of Henry IV, King of France, born 1575; died July 3, 1642. — 1335 and 1336. Pieter Willem Sebes (1830). Copies of the wings of a triptych, originating from the church at Zieriksee, representing Philip the Fair, King of Spain, Duke of Burgundy, etc. born 1478, died Sept. 25, 1506, and of his consort Joan of Arragon (Jeanne la folle), married 1496 1). — 1629. J. Berends. Copy of a supposed portrait of Charles the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, born 1433, died Jan. 5, 1477. Present of Mr. J. Berends 2). — 1337. Pieter Willem Sebes. Copy of a portrait of Jacoba Van Beyerén 3). — Not numb. French school. Portrait of Henry IV, King of France and Navarre, born 1553, died May 14, 1610. — Not numb. German school. Portrait of Mathias, Emperor of Germany, born 1557, died Feb. 15, 1619. — 539. Old copy. Portrait of Pope Adrian VI, born Feb. 28, 1459; died Oct. 18, 1523. — 125. Hendrick Bloemaert (1601—1672). Portrait of Johannes Putkamer, Licentiate of Theology, lying in state. Present of Mr. W. A. Hopman, 1882. — 1595. Abraham De Vries (16..—1650?). Portrait of David De Moor. — 486. Lodewijk Van der Helst (1645—16..). Portrait of Adriana Hinlopen. — 939. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt (Manner of). Portrait of Cornelia Tedingh Van Berckhout, third wife of Lieutenant-Admiral Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp; born Oct. 5, 1614; died Oct. 12, 1680. — 266. Jacobus Delff (1619—1661). Male portrait. — 23. J. Attama (16..—16..). Male portrait. — 258. Jacob Gerritsz. Cuypp (1594—1652). Portrait of Margaretha Louisdr. De Geer, born 1585, married Jan. 1603 to Jacob Jacobsz. Trip, born 1575 4). — 568.

1) The original wings are to be found at the Museum in Brussels, the centre pannel, representing Doomsday, is in private possession. According to Mr. A. A. Reynen, Jacob Van Laethem is to be considered the painter of the triptych. (A. A. Reynen. „Un triptyque historique” in: La Fédération artistique).

2) The original, at the Museum in Brussels, is attributed to Rogier Van der Weyden.

3) The original at the Museum in Brussels.

4) Jhr. Mr. H. J. Trip. The Family Trip. Groningen, 1883, page 206.



Unknown master, 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Theodora De Visscher, wife of Jacques Ryswyck; legacy of Mrs. Widow Daniel Balguérie, *née* Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 392. Aert De Gelder (1645—1727). Portrait of the Czar Peter the Great, born July 11, 1672; died Jan. 6, 1725. — 44. Old copy. Portrait of Edzard I, Count of Oostfriesland in the first half of the 16<sup>th</sup> cent. — 1444. Cornelis Troost. Governors of the Charity orphanage, 1729. Originating from that orphanage; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 8 and 9. Pieter Van Anraadt. Male and female portrait, the latter presented by Messrs. C. F. Roos & Co., 1886. — 391. Wybrand De Geest the Elder. Portrait of a distinguished man. Present of Mr. A. Breius, 1887. — 978. Paulus Moreelse (1571—1638). Portrait of Maria Van Utrecht, wife of Johan Van Oldenbarnevelt, born 1553, died March 19, 1629. — 25. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of Johan Van Oldenbarnevelt, famous statesman and Advocate of Holland, born Sept. 14, 1544; died May 13, 1619. — Not numb. Frans Hals the Elder. Portrait of Jo-



PORTRAIT HALL. SCULPTURE ON ONE  
OF THE DOORWAYS.

hanes Barclaius, or John Barclay, scholar and author, i. a. of "Ardenis", born 1582; died Aug. 12, 1621. Originating from the Amsterdam University; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 163. Govert Flinck. Portrait of Joost Van den Vondel, poet, born Nov. 17, 1587; died Feb. 5, 1679. — 1544. Johannes Cornelisz. Verbrugg (1597—1662). Portrait of Pieter Jacobsz. Schout, Counsellor of Harlem 1602, Alderman 1602, 3, 5 and 6, Burgomaster 1609, 13, 14 and 16, died March 8, 1645. Married May 9, 1588 to Anna Mattheusdr. Steyn. — 570. School of Mierevelt. Portrait of Hugo De Groot (Grotius), celebrated lawyer and Statesman, born

April 10, 1583; died Aug. 28, 1645. — 1273. Hercules Sanders (1606—16..). Portrait of a distinguished lady. — 1085. Juriaen Ovens. Family-scene. — 1446. Cornelis Troost. The Inspectors of the Collegium Medicum, 1724; possession of the city of Amsterdam 1). — 1216. Jan Albertsz. Rootius (1615?—1674). Portrait of a girl with a he-goat. — 311. Copy after Anthony Van Dyck. Portrait of Prince Frederik Hendrik. — 1641. Benjamin Wolff (1758—1825). Copy after Titian, Tiziano Vecelli. Portrait of Francis I, King of France, born 1494; died March 31, 1547. — 594. Abraham Willaerts (1613—1671?). Portrait of a married couple with their child members of the family Van Beresteyn, full length in a landscape 2), — Not numb. Jan Van Wyckersloot (16..—16..). Portrait of a distinguished lady, with the coat-of-arms of Persyn. — 744. Gothart or Godart Kamper (1614—1679). Female portrait. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1885. — 1049. Hendrick Ten Oever (16..—16..). Family-scene. — Not numb. Unknown master, early part 17th cent. Portrait of a distinguished lady. — Not numb. Anthony Palamedesz. (1600—1673?). Portrait of a distinguished lady, with the coat-of-arms of Bas. Legacy of Mrs. Widow D. Balguérie, *née* Van Ryswyck, 1823.

**Easterly Cabinets.** From the Portrait-hall we go to the Cabinets 3), five of which are situated to the east and five to the

No. 219—215 west of the Entrance-hall. They get their light from of the ground plan. the north, and chiefly contain such pictures of the Old-Dutch school, as, from their smaller dimension and more minute execution, are to be seen best in smaller rooms.

**Cabinet No. 219.** Beginning on the dexter side: 897. Jacob Marrel, or Marrellus (1614—1685). Flowers. Present of Mr. H. W. Mesdag, 1883. — 203. Adriaen Brouwer (1606?—1638). Peasants at a drinking-bout. — 1559. David Vinckboons (1578—1629). Soldiers chased by peasants. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1887. — 927. Michiel

1) This picture is the principal work of the master and shows how gifted a portrait painter and colorist Troost was.

2) This piece is attributed by Dr. W. Bode to Abr. Willaerts.

3) 5 M. by 5.50. Height 7 M.

Jan. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of Frederik V, Elector of the Palatinate, King of Bohemia, born Aug. 10, 1596; died Nov. 19, 1632. — 753. Cornelis Ketel. Portrait of Grietje Pietersdr. Codde, wife of Jacob Claesz. Bas. Legacy of Mrs. Widow D. Balguérie *née* Van Ryswyck, 1821. — 26. Hendrick Avercamp (1585—1633?). Amusement on the ice. — 59. Bartholomeus Van Bassen (15..—1652). Interior from the part part of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent.; with figures by Esaias Van de Velde. — Not numb. Aert Van Antum (15..—16..). The State-yacht sailing past the castle of Ysselmonde in Aug. 1617. — 1558. David Vinckboons. Soldiers playing the master at the peasants. — 567. Unknown painter. Portrait of Pieter Van Ryswyck, born 1615, died Feb. 27, 1668. Legacy of Mrs. Widow D. Balguérie, *née* Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 52. Cornelis Ketel. Portrait of Jacob Claesz. Bas, Alderman 1580, Burgomaster of Amsterdam 1581, died Nov. 12, 1589. — 827. Pieter Pietsz. Lastman (1583—1633). Isaac sacrificed; in gray. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1887. — 204. Adriaen Brouwer. Peasants fighting. — 1076. François De Momper (16..—16..). The Valkenhof at Nymegen. — 162. Thomas De Keyser. Family scene representing Rombout Hoerbeets, Pensionary of Leiden, 1590, and Councillor in the High-council 1596, born June 24, 1561; died Sept. 7, 1625, his wife Hilgonda Van Wensen and their children. — 502. Pauwels Van Hillegaert (1596?—16..). Prince Maurits with his retinue on the Buienhof (outer-court) at The Hague riding to the chase. — 1492. Esaias Van de Velde (or Willem Buytenwech?) Amusement on the ice outside the walls of a town. — 1260. Pieter Jansz. Saenredam (157—1665). View in the Maria church at Utrecht 1). — 235. Pieter Codde (1599?—1678). The Adoration by the shepherds. — 109. Claes Van Beresteyn (16..—1684). Landscape. — Not numb. Attributed to Pieter De Bloot (1600?—1625). Quack at a market place. — Not numb. Bartholomeus Breenbergh 1599—16..). The Adoration of the Magi. — Not numb. Aert Aertse (16..—16..). Fishers and huntsmen. — 1258. Pieter Jansz. Saenredam. The interior of the Maria church at Utrecht. — 928. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of Johannes Uitenbogaert, clergyman, born Feb. 11, 1557, died Sept. 4, 1644. — 39. David Bailly (1584—1657). Portrait of

1 This remarkable building dated from the 11<sup>th</sup> cent.; it was demolished about 1813.

Maria Van Reigersbergh, wife of Hugo De Groot (Grotius), born Oct. 7, 1589; died April 19, 1653. — Not numb. Gillis D'Hondecoeter (15..—1638); father to Gysbert D'Hondecoeter. Landscape. — 879*a*. Jan Lys (159.—1629). Musical party. — Not numb. Pieter Schey (15..—16..) View of Venice <sup>1)</sup>. Present out of the inheritance of Mr. J. L. De Bruyn Kops, 1888. — 929. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of Lubbert Gerritsz., born 1535, died 1612, Pastor of the Baptist Congregation at Amsterdam. — 569. Unknown master. Male portrait. — 261. Dirck Dalans the Elder (1600?—1676. Italian landscape, with figures by Moises Wttenbrouck (15..—1648). — Not numb. Aert Aertse. Fishers and peasants. — 1259. Pieter Jansz. Saenredam. View in the Maria church at Utrecht.

**Cabinet No. 218.** Beginning on the sinister side: 909. Gabriel Metsu (1630—1667). Old woman in meditation. — 1577. Arie De Vois. The jolly fishmonger. — 1484. Adriaen Van de Velde. The ferry. — Not numbered. Pieter De Bloot. Peasant fair. — 130. Idem. The lawyer's office. — 1052. Jan Pietersz. Opperdoes (1631?—16..). Landscape with farm. — Not numbered. Willem Cornelisz. Duyster (15..—16..). Tricktrack players. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1887. — Not numbered. School of Rembrandt. Old woman reading; property of Mr. A. J. Hoekwater. — 1384. Abraham Storck (1630?—17..). Italian sea-port. — Not numbered. Nicolaes Knupfer (1603—1660). Cincinnatus and the ambassadors of the Roman people. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1888. — 1287. Roelant Savery (1576—1639). The poet crowned at the animals' festival. — 1289. Idem. The prophet Elyah fed by the ravens. — 792. Salomon Koninck. (1609—1656). Old man in his study. — 957. Frans Van Mieris the Younger (1689—1763). Hermit. — 1212. Willem Romeyn (16..—169..). The reposing flock. — 81. Cornelis Pietersz. Bega (1620—1664). Peasant concert. — 1266. Herman Saftleven (1610—1685). View of the Rhine. — 165. Hans Boulengier (1600—16..). Flowers. — 982. Paulus Moreelse. Miniature portrait of Frederick V, Elector of the Palatinate and King of Bohemia. — 1381. Hendrick Van Steenwyck the Elder (15..—1603?). Interior of a grand build-

<sup>1)</sup> This representation is partly a fancy.



3. — Not numbered. Van Borculo (15..—16..). Portrait of  
 Hendrickus Van Zyl, Councillor in the Court of Utrecht, 1592; died  
 1274. Joachim Sandrart. Portrait of Pieter Cornelisz. Hooft.  
 Drost (bailiff) of Muyden. — 1209. Gilles or Jilles Rom-  
 mers (16..—16..). Wooded landscape. — 1521. Adriaen Pietersz.  
 Van de Venne. The soulfishing; allusion to the clerical parties  
 between Catholics and Calvinists) in the Netherlands in 1614. 1) —  
 157. Isaac Isacsen (1590—16..). Abimelech returns Sarah to Abra-  
 ham. Present of Mr. A. Bredius, 1885. — 750. Jan Van Kessel (1626  
 1669). Insects and fruits. — 1526. Adriaen Pietersz. Van de Venne,  
 Prince Maurits lying in State, 1625. — 522. Gerard Hoet (1648—  
 1733). Family-scene. — 1019. Caspar Netscher (1639—1684). Por-  
 trait of Constantyn Huygens. Poet and consecutively Secretary, Coun-  
 cillor and Auditor of the Princes of Orange Frederik Hendrik, Wil-  
 lem I and Willem III; b. Sept. 4, 1596; d. March 28, 1687. —  
 128. Jacob Van Ruysdael. The castle of Bentheim. — 727. Karel  
 van Mordrin. A trumpeter on horseback. — 1121. Cornelis Van Poelen-  
 burg (1586—1667). The nymphs spied out. — 344. Ottomar Elliger  
 (1631—1679). Flowers. — 492. Jan Van der Heyden (1637—1712).  
 Drawbridge. — 1650. Philips Wouwerman (1619—1668). Deer  
 on a meadow. — 303. Cornelis Dusart (1660—1704). Peasant inn. — 1267.  
 Gerrit Saftleven III. Village on a river. — 659. Melchior D'Honde-  
 coete. Animals and plants. — 1522. Adriaen Pietersz. Van de Venne.  
 Prince Maurits at the Ryswyck fair, 1618. — 360. Willem Ferguson  
 (1611—16..). Dead poultry. — 232. Pieter Claesz. (15..—1660),  
 the artist to Nicolaes Pietersz. Berchem. Still-life. — 54 Gerbrant Ban-  
 der (1611—16..). Male portrait. — 898. Otto Marseus Van Schrieck  
 (1622—1678). Insects, lezards, etc. — 1071. Adriaen Van Ostade.  
 Peasants resting. — 416. Jan Griffier (1656—1718). View of a river.  
 141. Rachel Ruysch (1664—1750). Bouquet. — 493. Jan Van der  
 Meer. Drawbridge. — 1666. Jan Wynants. Landscape with cattle.

**Tablet No. 217.** Beginning to the left: 1116. Egbert Van der  
 Meer (1611—1664). Interior of a farm-house. — 257. Benjamin Ger-

1) As early as the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. this picture is mentioned as a principal work of  
 the master (Cf. Cornelis De Bie, *Guldencabinet*. Antwerp 1661, page 234).

ritsz. Cuyp (1612—1625). Joseph interpreting the butler's and baker's dreams. — 1374. Jan Steen. A woman scouring. — 1135. Paulus Potter. Shepherd's hut. — 593. Unknown master. Portrait of a young man. — 1490. Esaias Van de Velde. Bell bound on the cat, alluding to the execution of the Advocate of Holland Johan Van Oldenbarnevelt. 1619. — 1251. Rembrandt. Juno? 1). — 277. Gerard Dou. Hermit. — 552. Unknown master, perhaps Karel Van Mander. Rural scene. — 563. Unknown master. Portrait of Willem Van Oldenbarnevelt. Lord of Stoutenburg and St. Aldegonde, born 1590, died 16.. — 1050. Jan Olis (1610?—16..). View in a kitchen. — 1340. Karel Slabbaert (15..—1654). Grace before meat. — 1070. Adriaen Van Ostade. Painter in his studio. — 729. Karel Du Jardin. The peasant on his farm. — 349. Allart Van Everdingen. Landscape. — 682. Pieter De Hooch (1630—1677?) Basement. — 167. Esaias Bourss. (16..—16..). Interior with an elderly married couple, of whom the woman is at her spinning wheel. — 86. Nicolaes or Claes Pietersz. Berchem. Italian landscape. — 1265. Herman Saftleven III. View of a river. — 1652. Philips Wouwerman. Heron chase. — 1256. Pieter Jansz. Saenredam. View in St. Bavo's at Harlem. — 183. Adam Van Breen (15..—16..). View of the Vyverberg at the Hague; in front Prince Maurits and retinue. — 1074. Adriaen Van Ostade. The jolly peasant. — 1018. Eglon Hendrick Van der Neer (1643—1703). The young Tobias with the Angel. — 1649. Philips Wouwerman. A landscape. — 279. Gerard Dou. Portrait of a distinguished married couple; the landscape by Nic. Berchem. — 271. Simon Van der Does. Shepherds reading. — 1371. Jan Steen. Portrait of baker Oostwaard. — 113. Dirck Van den Bergen. Oxen fighting. — 290. Hendrick Dubbels. (1620—1676). View of a river. — 278. Gerard Dou. An inquisitive person. — 190. Quiryn Brekelenkam (16..—1668). The reader. — 90. Nicolaes Pietersz. Berchem. A herd of oxen passing through the water. — 101. Gerrit Adriaensz. Berckheyde. View of the 'Dam' at Amsterdam. — 324. Gerbrant Van den Eeckhout. The adulterous woman. — 380. Adriaen Van Gaesbeeck (16..—1650).

1) The subject is liable to doubt: on one hand the two peacocks in the background make us think of Juno, but on the other hand the woman represented might be meant for the nymph Calisto. The piece takes its origin from the collection of Hamilton-palace, under the incorrect name of „Narcis.”

portrait of a youth in a study. — 979. Paulus Moreelse. The pretty  
 everdree. — 89. Nicolaes Pietersz. Berchem. The three flocks. —  
 15. Emanuel Murant (1622—1700? The old farm. — 1578. Arie  
 e. The jolly musician. — 1367. Jan Steen. Parrot's cage. —  
 54. Thomas De Keyser. So-called portrait of Lieut.-Admiral Pieter  
 etersz. Hein and family.

abinet No. 216. Beginning to the left: 162. Johannes Both.  
 alin landscape with ferry. — 743. Willem Kalff (1621—1693).  
 illife. — 443. Frans Hals. A jolly man. — 1134. Paulus Potter.  
 en with their cattle. — 905. Jan Van der Meer (1656—1705).  
 neherd asleep. — 1573. Hendrik Cornelisz. Van Vliet (1611?—1675).  
 ien in the Old Church at Delft. — 728. Karel Du Jardin. Muleteers.  
 — 75. Jan Van Huysum (1682—1749). Sacrificing-festival. — 695.  
 pha. Van Huchtenburgh. (1646—1733). Portrait of the Stadtholder  
 Vilam III. — 1662. Thomas Wyck. Interior of a farmhouse. —  
 86. Quiryn Brekelenkam. An interior. — 460. Jan Davidsz. De  
 Vee (1606—1684?) Fruit. — 1264. Cornelis Saffleven. Shepherds  
 payer at a rising storm, — 76. Jan Abrahamsz. Beerstraten. The  
 ilehouse and New Bridge on the Y at Amsterdam, in winter. —  
 07. Gabriël Metsu. Breakfast. — 187. Quiryn Brekelenkam. The fire-  
 de. — 960. Abraham Mignon. Still-life and fruit. — 112. Dirck  
 anden Bergen. Landscape with herd and cattle, — 704. Jan Van  
 uium. Arcadian landscape. — 411. Barent Graet. The Prodigal  
 on. — 1120. Cornelis Van Poelenburgh. Adam and Eve cast out  
 Paradise. — 987. Frederik De Moucheron. Italian landscape. —  
 2. Jan Van Assen (1635—1695). Male portrait. Present of Mr. A.  
 recus, 1887. — 1006. Mathys Naiveu (1647—1721?) St. Jerome.  
 — 115. Aert Van der Neer (1603—1677). Landscape in winter. —  
 60. Johannes Both. Farm-yard. — 1240. Rachel Ruysch. Flowers.  
 — 49. Jan Hackaert (1629—1690?). Avenue of ash-trees; the figures  
 y Adriaen Van de Velde. — 1638. Emanuel De Witte (1607—1692).  
 interior of a church. — 1596. Roelof Van Vries (1631—16..).  
 arthouse. — 1651. Philips Wouwerman. Riding school. — 300.  
 ornelis Dusart. Village gleemen. — 85. Abraham Hendriksz. Van  
 eyen. Flowers. — 837. Hendrick Van Limborgh (1680—1759).  
 children playing. — 1663. Jan Wynants (1600—168..). Landscape



443. FRANS HALS. — „A JOLLY MAN.”



the downs and huntsmen; the figures by Adriaen Van de Velde. — 17 Jan Van Bylert (1603—1671). Guitar-player. — 171. Richard Brixenburgh. Interior of a farmhouse.

Cabinet No. 215. This room contains a rather interesting collection of family portraits, the legacy of Jhr. Mr. Jacob De Witte Van Citters.

According to the inscription on the wall this acquisition was obtained by the State in 1875.

Bij uiterste wilsbeschikking van 16 Juni 1875 heeft  
Jonkheer Meester Jacob De Witte Van Citters Advocaat voor den  
Hoogen Raad der Nederlanden geboren te 's Gravenhage  
16 Mei 1817 overleden te Montreux 3 October 1875 aan 's Rijks  
openbare verzamelingen nagelaten een groot aantal  
portretten/ prenten en kunstvoorwerpen 1)

On the right and left have been placed the arms of the testator and of the province of Zeeland, his family's birth-place.

Beginning to the left: 605. Unknown master. Portrait of Wilterio Del Prado. — 394. Geldrop Gortzius (1553—1618?). Portrait of Lucretia Pellicorne. — 599. Unknown master. Portrait of Margarita Cassier. — 317. Ph. Van Dyk (1680—1752) Portrait of Adriaan Casper Parduyn. — 318. Idem. Portrait of Maria Van Citters. — 31. M. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of Paulus Van Beresteyn. — 932. Idem. Portrait of Volckera Nicolaesd. Duyst, called Knobbert. — 600. Unknown master. Portrait of Philippe Le Mire. — 601. Idem. Portrait of Antoinette Walleran. — 606. Idem. Portrait of Jacob Pergens. — 607. Idem. Portrait of Anna Boudaen Courten. — 608. Idem. Unknown male portrait. — 597. Idem. Portrait of Ruben Parduyn. — 604. Idem. Portrait of Willem Courten. — 603. Portrait of Pieter Boudaen Courten — 316. Ph. Van Dyk. Portrait of Adriaan Parduyn. — 602. Unknown master. Portrait of Hortensia del Prado. — 393. Geldrop Gortzius. Portrait of Jan Fourmenois. — 323. Ph. Van Dyk.

By his last will of June 16, 1875 Jonkheer Meester Jacob Van Citters, Advocate to the Supreme Council of the Netherlands, born at the Hague, May 16, 1817, deceased at Montreux October 3, 1875, left to the public collections a great number of portraits, engravings and objects of art \*).

Whatever, in this legacy, does not belong to the pictures has been placed in the public collections of the State.



C.  
D.

429 JAN HACKAERT. — „AVENUE OF ASHTREES”.

Portrait of Arnout Van Citters. — 546. Unknown master. Portrait of Cornelis Van Citters. — 322. Ph. Van Dyk. Portrait of Abraham Wucen. — 320. Id. Portrait of Jan Boudaen Courten. — 1297. Snaelcken. Portrait of Miss Van Gool. — 1296. Idem. Portrait of Jonkvr. Josine Clara Van Citters. — 654. Unknown. Male Portrait. 37. Ph. Van Dyk. Portrait of Jonkvr. Anna Maria Hoeufft. — 5. Geldorp Gortzius. Portrait of Jeremias Boudinois. — 396. Id. Portrait of Lucretia Del Prado. — 1140. F. Pourbus the Elder. Portrait of Guiliam Courten. — 611. Unknown master. Portrait of Magdalena Van Citters. — 319. Ph. Van Dyk. Portrait of Adrian Casper Parduyn. — 610. Unknown master. Portrait of Coris Verheye. — 609. Unknown. Portrait of Steven Van Dalen. — Further some pictures of family arms of Van Citters and of families related to them.

**Westerly Cabinets.** To go to the five westerly Cabinets we cross the Entrance-hall.

**Cabinet No 274** contains the legacy of Miss Liotard, consisting of crayon drawings from the 18th century. Jean Etienne Liotard, grandfather, from whose hand this collection is, was born at Geneva in 1702, and died there in 1789. He excelled in making portraits with pastel, a sort of coloured chalk, used again at present, which requires very great artistic skill in the handling. There are also portraits enamelled by him on copper, of which a very fine specimen is in this Cabinet.

Nine portraits of Princes and Princesses of Orange-Nassau by Johann August Tischbein (1750—1812), likewise drawn in crayon showing an extraordinary talent in this line, are placed in this cabinet too. On the wall we see the arms of Liotard and of his native country, Switzerland, and an inscription to this effect:

*Bij uiterste wilsbegheerling van 27 Juni 1870 heeft*

*Marie Anne Liotard*

*geboren te Amsterdam 7 Juni 1793*

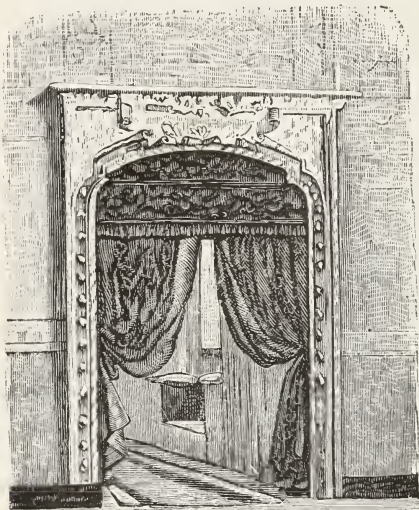
*overleden aldaar 2 Augustus 1873 aan 's Rijks Museum te*

*Amsterdam hare verzameling schilderijen nagelaten 1).*

By her last will of June 27, 1870, Marie Anne Liotard, born at Amsterdam, June 7, 1793, deceased there August 2, 1873, left to the National Museum at Amsterdam a collection of pictures.



Beginning to the left: 1423. Johan Friedrich August Tischbein (1750—1812) Portrait of Augusta Maria Carolina, Princess of Orange b. Feb. 28, 1743; d. May 6, 1787. — 1425. Id. Portrait of William Frederick, Hereditary Prince of Orange, afterwards King William I. b. Aug. 24, 1772, d. Dec. 12, 1843. — 1421. Id. Portrait of Prince William V, Stadtholder of the United Netherlands, b. March 8, 1744; d. Apr. 9, 1806. — 1422. Id. Portrait of Frederika Sophia Wilhelmina Princess of Prussia consort to Prince William V b. Aug. 7, 1747; d. June 1820. — 1426. Id. Portrait of Frederika Louisa Wilhelmina, Princess of Prussia consort to King William I. b. Nov. 18, 1774; d. Oct. 12, 1837. — 1429. Id. Portrait of Isabella, Burggravinne of Kirchberg, and Countess of Sayn-Hochenburg, consort to Friedrich Wilhelm, Prince of Nassau-Weilburg, b. Apr. 19, 1772. — 1424. Id. Portrait of Charles Christian, Prince of Nassau-Weilburg, b. 1735; d. 1788. — 1427. Id. Portrait of William George Frederick Prince of Orange, 2nd son of Prince William V, b. Febr. 1774; d. Jan. 6, 1799. — 1428. Id. Portrait of Frederica Louisa Wilhelmina, Princess of Orange, consort to Charles George August, Hereditary Prince of Brunswick-Wolfenbüttel, b. Nov. 28, 1770; d. June 6, 1811.



ENTRANCE TO THE WESTERLY CABINETS.

Legacy Liotard: 851. J. E. Liotard (1702—1789). Portrait of the Empress Maria Theresia of Austria, b. 1717; d. Nov. 29, 1780. — 870. Id. Landscape with cattle (after P. Potter) 1) — 852. Id. Portrait of Prince William V, b. Febr. 1744; d. Jan. 6, 1799. — 1428. Id. Portrait of Frederica Louisa Wilhelmina, Princess of Orange, consort to Charles George August, Hereditary Prince of Brunswick-Wolfenbüttel, b. Nov. 28, 1770; d. June 6, 1811.

1) This drawing in pastel, as well as Nos. 867, 868, 869, 871 and 872 have been presented in 1885 by Mrs. Tilanus, née Liotard.



Portrait of Mrs. Cognard, *née* Batailhy. — 857. Id. Portrait of Marie Joséphine Princess of Saxony, Dauphine of France, b. Nov. 4, 1731, d. 1777. — 861. Id. Portrait of Countess Coventry, in Turkish dress. — 862. Id. Apollo and Daphne. — 856. Id. Portrait of Louis of Bourbon, Dauphin of France, b. Sept. 4, 1729, d. Dec. 20, 1765. — 855. Id. Portrait of Count D'Algarotti. — 850. Portrait of Marshal Maurice of Saxony, b. Oct. 26, 1696, d. Nov. 30, 1750. — 869. Id. View of Mount Blanc, from the painter's house at Geneva. — 859. Id. Portrait of Mrs. Tyrell, wife of the English Consul at Constantinople. — 849. Id. The fair Reader. — 854. Idem. Portrait of Mrs. Boëre. — 868. Id. Portrait of the Emperor Joseph II, b. 1741, d. 1790. (Sketch). — 860. Id. Portrait of the Empress Maria Theresia (enamelled). — 863. Id. The three Graces. — 872. Id. Lymph Sleeping. — 864. Id. Genevese blackguard. — 853. Id. Portrait of M. Boëre, merchant at Geneva. — 867. Id. Portrait of Maximilian, archduke of Austria, Coadjutor of Trier, Cologne, Munster, &c. (Sketch). — 858. Id. Portrait of Lord Besborough, the painter's friend. — 862. Id. Portrait of the Duchess of Marlborough.

**Cabinet No. 273.** Beginning to the left: 1648. Philips Wouwerman. Grey horse kicking. — 88. Nicolaes Berchem. Landscape with water. — 1077. Isaac Van Ostade (1621—1649). Peasant inn. — 1666. Nicolaes Dirksz. Van der Heck (1<sup>st</sup> half of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent.). The castle of Egmont. — 1133. Paulus Potter. Orpheus taming the animals. — 1660. Paulus Moreelse (1571—1638). The little princess. — 87. Nicolaes Berchem. Landscape in winter. — 1654. Philips Wouwerman. Orspond. — 1645. Philips Wouwerman. Peasants fighting. — 457. Nicolaes Dirksz. Van der Heck. Egmont abbey. — 888. Nicolaes Maes. Portrait of Catharina De Hohepied, wife of Elbert Slicher. As a loan from Mr. H. Teding Van Berkhout. — 1294. Godfried Schalcken (1643—1706). Fire and light. — 658. Melchior D'Hondecoeter. Dead birds. — 1011. Johannes Both. Italian landscape. — 1021. Casper Netscher. Portrait of Christiaan Huygens?. — 1119. Corn. Van Poelenburgh. Girls coming out of the bath. — 1211. Willem Romeyn. Rest near the fountain. — 908. Gabriel Metsu (1630—1667). Old drinker. — 123. Pieter Van der Werff (1665—1708). Drawing-lesson. — 1366. 1119. St. Nicolas festival. — 1201. Pieter De Ring (middle of

the 17<sup>th</sup> century). Still-life. — 1118. Cornelis Van Poelenburgh. Cats bathing. — 1210. Willem Romeyn. The cattle in the water. — 99. Frans Van Mieris the Elder. Correspondence. — 1622. Pieter Van der Werff. Girls decorating Cupid. — 989. Isaac De Mouchen. View of Tivoli near Rome. — 1535. Nic. Verkolje (1675—1741). Portrait of Anthony Van Leeuwenhoek, discoverer of the infusca, born Oct. 24, 1632; died Aug. 26, 1723. — 887. Nicolaes M. Portrait of Elbert Slicher; as a loan from Jhr. H. Teding Van Bouchout. — 1293. Godfried Schalcken. Smoker. — 706. Jan Van Huysin. Fruit. — 1370. Jan Steen. The Quack. — 1020. Casper Netscher. A mother's care. — 224. Johannes Van de Capelle (middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> century). Sailing in Company. — 1413. Gerard Ter Borch. Paternal advice. — Not numb. Frans De Hulst (1611—1662). View of the town of Nymegen; possession of the Royal Antiquarian Society. — 707. Jan Van Huysum. Flowers. — 1640. Attributed to Emanuel De Witte. A landing on the stairs. — 1368. Jan Steen. Peasant wedding. — 1646. Philips Wouwerman. The peasants' victory.

**Cabinet No. 272** contains the portraits of some celebrated artists of the Dutch school, nearly all painted by themselves.

Beginning on the sinister side: 381. Joost Van Geel (1611—1698). The painter's portrait. — 223. Govert Camphuysen (1611—1672). The painter's portrait. — Not numbered. Charles Van Beveren (1809—1850). Portrait of the King's sculptor, Louis Royer, in his studio (1793—1868). — Not numbered. Jacobus Buys. Portrait of Cornelis Ploos Van Amstel. Art-patron (1726—1798); property of the Royal Antiquarian Society. — 181. Mattheus Ignatius Van Beuningen (1773—1839). The painter's portrait. Present of Jhr. Mr. Victor de Stuers, 1877 — 1581. Herman Van Vollenhoven (1<sup>st</sup> half of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent.) The painter's portrait in his studio. — 133. Ferdinand Bol. The painter's portrait. Legacy of Mr. A. Brondgeest, 1849. Not numbered. Charles Van Beveren. Portrait of Carolina Frederica, wife of the sculptor Louis Royer. — 1197. Tibout Regters. Portrait of Jan Ten Compe (1713—1761). — Not numbered. Jacobus Ludovicus Cornet (1815—1881). Portrait of David Pierre Humbert De Superville, art-critic (1770—1849). Present of Mrs. Widow Mr. K. J. C. Kneppelhout van Sterkenburg, née Drabbe, 1888. — 1614. Adriaan

an der Werff (1659?—1722). The painter's portrait. — Not numbered. Willem Key? (1520—1568). Portrait of the painter in his studio, with his three sons. — 1554. Attributed to P. Van Vianen

Picture 16.

Page 86.



1364. JAN STEEN. — THE PAINTER'S PORTRAIT.

atter half of the 16th and early part of the 17th cent.). The painter's portrait. — 1005. Martinus Mytens (middle of the 17th cent.) the painter's portrait. — Not numbered. Gerard Van Honthorst. The painter's portrait. — 723. Karel Du Jardin. The painter's portrait. —

Not numbered. Johannes Verkolje (1650—1693). The painter's portrait. Present of Mr. W. E. Van Pappelendam, 1888. — 777. Gofried Kneller (1646—1723). Portrait of the painter Cornelis De Bru (1624—1719). Present of Mr. A. Willet, 1885. — 488. Wybra Hendriks (1744—1831). Portrait of Jacobus De Vos, Senior, art-patro (1735—1833). Present of his Widow Mrs. De Vos-Wurfbain, 187 — 433. Johannes Van Haensbergen (1642—1705). The painter's portrait. — 179. J. De Bray; D. De Bray; J. Golingh; J. De Jor Their own portraits as Masters of St. Luke's or painter's guild Harlem in 1674. — 1364. Jan Steen. The painter's portrait. — 31 Copy after Anth. Van Dyck. Portrait of the drawer and engraver Michel Le Blon (1587—1657). Engraver, goldsmith and Agent Christina, Queen of Sweden, at Amsterdam. — Not numb. Gera Van Honthorst. Portrait of Sophia Coopmans, the painter's wife. 134. Ferdinand Bol. Portrait of the sculptor Artus Quellinus (1609—1668). — 1447. Corn. Troost. The painter's portrait. — 681. Pieter De Hooch (1630—1677). Supposed portrait of the painter 1). — Not numb. Paulus Moreelse. The painter's portrait. Present of Dr. A. Bredius, 1887. — 128. Norbertus Van Blommen (1670—1746?). Portrait of the art-dealer Jan Pietersz. Somer (1641—1726). — 4. Ludolf Backhuysen. The painter's portrait. — 1458. Wallerant Vaillant. Portrait of the painter Maria Van Oosterwyck. — 1160. Julius Quinkhart (1736—1776). Portraits of the painter himself and the patron of art, C. J. Ploos Van Amstel. — Not numb. Jean Auguste Daiwaille (1786—1850). Portrait of the painter Pieter Barbiers Pieters (1748—18..); possession of the Royal Antiq. Society. — 878. Christoffel Lubinitzki (1659—17..). The painter's portrait. — Not numbered. Ludolf Backhuysen. The painter in his studio. — 312. Copy after Anthony Van Dyck. This painter's portrait.

**Cabinet No. 271.** Beginning to the left; 1665. Jan Wynant Peasant dwelling. — 1257. J.... Van Nickelen (16...—1703). View in St. Bavo's at Harlem. — 1361. Johan Adriaensz. Van Staveren Old man at prayers. — 1341. Pieter Cornelisz. Slingelant (1640—

1) This piece has been bought in 1834 as a portrait of and by Pieter De Hooch but in both respects it is wrongly attributed.



691). Singing practice. — 1079. Johannes Dirckz. Oudenrogge (16..—1653). Weaver's workshop. — 1653. Philips Wouwerman. The carrier. — 276. Gerard Dou. Evening school; this picture, one of the master's most famous pieces, excels by the minute handling as well as by a transparent half opaqueness, brought about by the play of candle lights; this piece was purchased for the Museum in 1808 for 17,500 guilders (± 1458). — 1485 Adriaen van de Velde. A cottage.

173. Leonard Bramer. Subject from the Bible. Perhaps it represents Zachariah being stoned to death in the court of the temple. II Chronicles 24: 21). — 1117. Egbert van der Poel. (1621—1664). Ruins at Delft, after the blowing up of the powder-store; Oct. 12, 1654. — 838. Johannes Lingelbach. Italian seaport with beggars. — Not numb. Lambert Doomer (16..—1655). Peasant dwelling in the Rhine district; present Dr. A. Bredius, 1890.

272. Simon Van der Does. Shepherdess. — 356. Willem Eversdyck 16..—

1671). Portrait of Cornelis Fransz. Eversdyck, Auditor of the county and of the county of Zeeland, born May 20, 1586, died Dec. 19, 1666. — 1290. Benedictus(?) Schaak (16..—16..). Vanitas. — 1621.

Peter Van der Werff (1665—1720?). St. Jerome. — 696. Johan Vanuchtenburgh (1650—1702). Horsemen fighting. — 42. Ludolf Ackhuijsen. Sea in motion. — 1034. Reynier Nooms, called Zee-

man. (1623—166.). View of the 'Bothuisje' and the Y at Amster-

dam. (1623—166.). View of the 'Bothuisje' and the Y at Amster-

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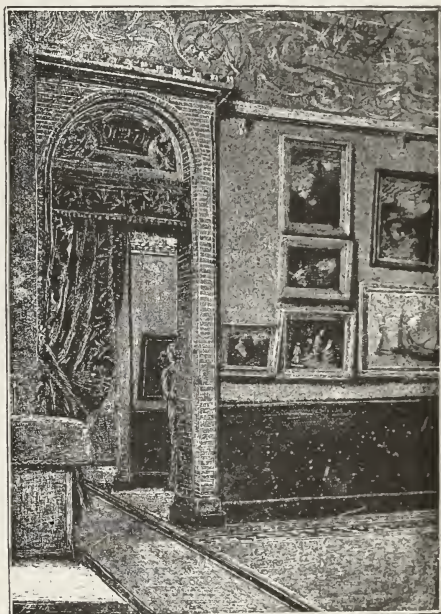
dam. (1623—166.). View of the 'Bothuisje' and the Y at Amster-

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CABINET NO. 271.

dam. (1623—166.). View of the 'Bothuisje' and the Y at Amster-

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dam. (1623—166.). View of the 'Bothuisje' and the Y at Amster-

dam. (1623—166.). View of the 'Bothuisje' and the Y at Amster-

dam. — 205. Roelant Savery. Repose on the flight to Egypt 1). —  
 — 839. Johannes Lingelbach. A harbour on the Mediterranean. —  
 1130. Pieter Potter (1597—1652). Strawcutter; present of J. F. W.  
 Baron Van Spaen van Biljoen, 1808. — 1295. Godfried Schalcken.  
 Tastes differ. — 301. Cornelis Dusart. Fishmarket. — 1369. Jan  
 Steen Jolly return. — 152. Johannes Borman (16..—16..). Garland  
 of fruits. — 1434. Dominicus Van Tol. Captive mouse. — 1292  
 Godfried Schalcken Every one his fancy. — 41. Ludolf Backhuysen.  
 View of the Y before Amsterdam, taken from the Mosselpier. —  
 494. Jan Van der Heyden (1637—1712). A Dutch canal. — 950.  
 Frans Van Mieris the Elder. Playing on the lute. — 1618. Adriaen  
 Van der Werff. Dancing lesson. — 283. Simon Van Douw (or Van  
 Douwen) (1630?—1677?). Horsemen fighting 2). — 844. Johannes  
 Lingelbach. Country-road. — 954. Willem Van Mieris (1662—1747).  
 Fowldealer. — 1452. Jacob Van der Ulft (1627—1688?). View of  
 an Italian town. — 1510. Willem Van de Velde the Younger (1633  
 —1707). Harbour. — 1414. Gerard Ter Borch (1617—1681). Old  
 copy. Swearing to the peace of Munster, May 15, 1648. — 1124.  
 Willem De Poorter (16..—16..) Solomon sacrificing to the idols.  
 — 1303. J... G... Schieblus (16..—16..) Italian landscape with  
 figures. — 1512. Willem Van de Velde the Younger. Showery  
 weather. — 1584. Jan Vonck (16..—16..) Dead Birds. — 354 en  
 355. Willem Eversdyck. Portraits of Nicolaes Blancardus (Blanckaert),  
 Philologist and historian, born December 11, 1654; died May 15,  
 1703 and of Maria Eversdyck, his wife. — 840. Johannes Lingel-  
 bach. Riding school. — 916. Hendrick De Meyer (16..—1689?)  
 Departure of King Charles II of England, from Scheveningen, Mei  
 23, 1660. — 294. Jacob A. Duck (1600—16..). Cavalry stables. —  
 1263. Cornelis Saftleven (1606—1681). Herds and cattle in a land-  
 scape. — 1616. Adriaen Van der Werff. The Holy family. — 1451.  
 Jacob Van der Ulft. Italian harbour. — 1511. Willem Van de Velde  
 the Younger. On the coast.

1) This piece, marked Brueghel, is according to Dr. Bode of Berlin an early work  
 of Savery's.

2) On this picture is the spurious signature of Cuyp, Dr. A. Bredius ascribes it  
 to Van Douwen.

**Cabinet No 270.** Beginning to the left: 512. Gerard Hoet (1648—1733). Homage to Alexander the Great. — 518. Idem. Landscape. — 1239. Jan De Ruiter (17..—1822?). Cook. — 1080. Isaak Ouwater (1747—1793). Unfinished steeple of the New Church at Amsterdam. — 1206. Coenraet Roepel (1678—1748). Flowers. — 45. Benjamin Bolomey (1739—18..). Allegorical portrait of Princess Frederika Sophia Wilhelmina, Princess of Prussia, wife of Willem V, Prince of Orange. — 833. Adriaan De Lelie (1755—1820). Portrait of Jhr. Gysbert Carel Rutger Reinier Van Brienens van Ramerus and his family, at the country-seat „Crailoo”, born October 28, 1771, died September 8, 1817, Colonel of the Amsterdam civic-guards in 1813; present of Jonkvr. A. M. Van Brienens van Ramerus, 1887. — 1081. Isaak Ouwater. St. Antony's weighing house at Amsterdam. — 207. Coenraet Roepel. Fruit. — 520. Gerard Hoet. Marriage of Alexander the Great and Roxane of Bactria. — 519. Id. Landscape. — 977. Louis De Moni (1698—1771). The woman fond of flowers. — 822. Gerard De Lairese. Seleucus resigning his power on behalf of his son Antiochus. — 1417. Mattheus Terwesten (1670—1757). Portrait of Anna of Brunswick—Lüneburg, Crownprincess of Great-Britain, consort to Willem IV, Prince of Orange. — 997. Michiel van Musscher. Portrait of the Grand-Pensionary of Holland Gaspar Agel, born 1629, died December 15, 1688. — 1342. Pieter Cornelisz. Van Slingelandt. Rich gentleman. — 1152 and 1153. Jan Maurits Quinckhart. Portraits in grey of the poet Bernardus De Bosch and his wife; he was born March 28, 1709, died October 27, 1786, married April 22, 1742 Margaretha Van Leuvenig, died November 1785. — 1440. Cornelis Troost. The painter's portrait. — 1391. Abraham van Stry (1753—1826). Drawing lesson. — Not numbered Abraham Storck (1630?—1710). A fresh breeze. Present out of the inheritance of Mr. H. J. Baron Van der Heim van Duyvendyke, 1890. — 10. Johannes Janson (1729—1784). The house 'Heemstede'. — 17. Adriaen Van der Werff. Venus kissed by Amor. — 1161. Julius Quinckhart. Amateurs of music. — 1196. Tibout Regters. Portrait of the historian Jan Wagenaar, born October 28, 1709, died March 1773. — 1200. Jan Claesz. Rietschoof (1652—1719). Water in motion. — 836. Hendrick van Limborgh. Amor and Psyche. — 148. Cornelis Troost. Portraits of four children and a monkey; loan

of Jhr. H. Teding van Berkhout, 1885. — 1602. Izaak Walraven (1686—1765). Epaminondas' deathbed. — 1199. Jan Claesz. Riet-schoof. A calm. — 835. Hendrick Van Limborgh. The Shepherds.

### Pavilion-hall

No. 268 of the ground-plan.

Although at first not destined for a picture hall, yet by the continual increase of the collection, this room was arranged as such in 1880.

Beginning at the left wall: Not numbered. Hendrick Heerschop. Abraham's servant offering presents to Rebecca; Genesis XXIV: 53. — 1203. Jean De la Rocquette (16..—16..) Portrait of a gentleman in Indian dress. — 29. Adriaen Backer. Five Inspectors and two officials of the Collegium Medicum at Amsterdam, in 1613: possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1636. Jacob De Witt (1692—1754). Allegorical representation of knowledge and science; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — Not numbered. Roelant Savery. Drinking place. — Not numbered. George Van der Myn (1723—1768). Family picture representing Pieter Cornelis Hasselaer, lord of the two Eemnessen, Burgomaster of Amsterdam, Squire of Gooiland, Director of the East-India Company and his family. — 284.... Douw (16..—16..). Portrait of two boys. Present of Dr. A. Bredius, 1887.

Among the following pictures is included the important present of the pensioned cavalry-colonel Jhr. J. S. R. Van de Poll at Arnhem, consisting of 35 portraits of members of the family Van de Poll and of those related to them. — 889. Nicolaes Maes. Portrait of Brechje Hulft, wife of Gerard Röver. — 890. Nic. Maes. Portrait of Brechje Hooft. — 1354. Copy after Johannes Spilberg. Portrait of Jan Van de Poll. — 1355. Id. Portrait of Harmen Jansz. Van de Poll. — 1129. Hendrik Pothoven (1725—1795?). Portrait of Harmen Henrick Jansz. Van de Poll. — 760. Attributed to Cornelis Ketel. Portrait of Pieter Kies. — 1157. Jan Maurits Quinckhart. Portrait of Margaretha Trip, wife of Harmen Henrick Jansz. Van de Poll. — 588. Unknown master of the early part of the 17th cent. Male portrait. — 340. Id. Female portrait. — 626. Unknown master (middle of the 17th cent.). Portrait of a young lady. — 368. Jean Fournier (17..—1765). Portrait of Willem Sautyn. — 379. Unknown master of the 18th century. Portrait of Maria Henriette Van de Poll (?). —



53. Id. Portrait of an Oriental 1). — 121. Dirck Bleker (1621—16.). Penitent Magdalen.

Van de Poll donation continued on the middle partition, beginning to the left: — 151. Arnold Boonen. Portraits of Jan Van de Poll and his son Harmen Henrick Van de Poll. — 1620 Adriaen Van der Werff. Portrait of Margaretha Rendorp, wife of Jan Van de Poll. — 640. Unknown master, latter part of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Pieter Rendorp. — 641. Id. Portrait of Johanna Hulft, wife of Pieter Rendorp. — 625. Unknown master, early part of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Jacoba Bontemantel, when a child. — 1430. Johann Friedrich August Tisehbein. Portrait of Jan Van de Poll. — 1545. Johannes Cornelisz. Verspronck. Male portrait. — 445. Frans Hals. Portrait of Nicolaes Hasselaer (?). — 446. Id. Portrait of his wife. — 1590. Cornelis Van der Voort. Portrait of Dirck Hasselaer — 1591. Id. Portrait of Brechje Van Schoterbosch, wife of Dirck Hasselaer. — 1253. Rembrandt-school. Male portrait. — 1084. Juriaen Ovens. Allegorical portrait of a mother with her children. — 923. Michiel Van Mierevelt. Portrait of Henrick Hooft. — 934. Id. Portrait of Aegje Hasselaer, wife of Henrick Hooft. — 1469. Werner Van den Valckert. Portrait of Pieter Dircksz. Hasselaer. — 479. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Portrait of Jacobus Trip. — 697. Lambertus D'Hue (Middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent.). Portrait of Margaretha Munter, wife of Jacobus Trip. — 1158. Johan Maurits Quinckhart. Portrait of Jan Van de Poll with his son. — 1356. Guillaume Spinny. (171.—1785). Portrait of Anna Maria Dedel (?), wife of Jan Van de Poll. — 642. Unknown master of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent. Portrait of Nicolaes Kloppe. — 643. Id. Portrait of Margaretha Le Gouche. — 369. Jean Fournier. Portrait of Margaretha Cornelia Van de Poll, wife of Cornelis Munter.

The following pictures and among them the one painted on both sides, representing the wine-merchant's trade, by Albert Cuyp, which has been placed on a standard, don't belong to the Van de Poll donation; continuing to the left: along the partition: Not numbered. Jan Vonck. Fish. — 341. Nicolaes Elias. Portrait of Gerard Otsz. Hinlopen. — 548. Unknown master. So-called portrait of Anna Maria Schuurman. — 1629a. Jacob Campo Weyerman (1677

1) This piece and the following do not belong to the *Van de Poll* donation.

—1747). Flowers in a vase. Present of Jhr. Mr. Victor De Stuers, 1886. — Not numbered. Johannes Verkolje. Two portraits of married people members of the Delft governing family Groenewegen. — Not numbered. Abraham Van der Schoor (16..—16..). Male portrait; present of Mr. A. Willet, 1887. — 38. Jan De Baen. Five governors and two governesses of the Workhouse, 1684. — Not numbered. Johannes Hannot; lived about 1668. Fruit. — Not numbered. Abraham Van der Hecke. Portrait of the Engineer Cornelis Meyer. — 1217. Johan Van Rossum; lived about 1662. Portrait of a distinguished lady. — Not numbered. Jacques De Claeu; lived in the middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> century. Still-life; present of Dr. A. Bredius, 1888. — Not numbered. Christoffel Puytlinck, alias „Trechtter”; lived about 1671. Two dead cocks. — 1591*a*. Cornelis Van der Voort. Portrait of the Amsterdam clergyman Jacobus Rolandus, first Assessor of the Synod of Dordrecht, born 1562, died 1661 — 1388. Jan Storck, lived about 1660. The castle of Nyenrode. — 1248. Attributed to Rembrandt. Study of a head.

Continuing left on the other partition: 1285 and 1286. Dirck Dircksz. Santvoort. Portraits of Frederick Alewyn and his wife Agatha Geelvinck. — 1493. Esaïas Van de Velde. Dutch landscape. — Not numbered. Isack Van Duynen; lived 2nd half 17<sup>th</sup> century. Fish. — 1604. Anthonie Waterloo (1609?—16..). Wooded landscape. — Not numbered. Cornelis Leliënburch; lived in the middle of the 17<sup>st</sup> century. Two pictures with dead poultry. — 1288. Roelant Savery. Rocky landscape with deerchase; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — Not numbered. Moïses Van Wttenbrouck (15..—1648). Satyr with nymph in an Arcadian landscape. — 10. Pieter Van Anraadt. Six governors of the 'oudezyds Huiszittenhuis' (Alms-house) and a beadle, 1675. — 1574. Hendrick Cornelisz. Van Vliet. Female portrait. — 1238. Pieter Jansz. Van Ruyven (1651—1716). Cock and fowls. — 215. R. Van der Burgh; latter part 67<sup>th</sup> cent. Sea fish. — 657. Gysbert D'Hondecoeter (1604—1653). Water-fowls. — 1007. Mathys Naiveu. Representation in the open air. — 652. Unknown master. Three Governors of the 'Leprozenhuis' (pesthouse) property of the city of Amsterdam. — Not numbered. Pieter De Laer, alias Bamboccio (1613—1673?). Italian inn. — Not numbered. Dirck Van Hooghstraten (1595—1640). Mary with the child Jesus.

ad St. Anna, Mary's Mother. Present of Dr. A. Bredius, 1889. — Not numbered. Jacques Muller; latter part of 17<sup>th</sup> century. Cavalry-fight between Imperials and Turks. Present of idem, 1888. — 1047. Willem Van Odekercken (about 1630). A woman scouring. Present of Dr. A. Willet, 1885. — 147. Arnold Boonen. Six Governors of the 'Huiszittenhuis' (Almshouse), 1706; property of the city of Amsterdam. — 116*a*. Cornelis De Bie (1620?—1664). Landscape with herds and cattle. Present of Dr. A. Bredius, 1887. — Not numbered. Michiel Van Vries; (about 1656). Farm on the water. — Not numbered. Nicolaes Moeyaert. Jacob and Rachel meeting at the well; Gen. XIX : 1—10. — 148. Arnold Boonen. Four Governors and a cradle of the 'Spinhuis'; property of the city of Amsterdam.

# **Van der Hoop Museum.**

No. 269 of the ground-plan.

The spacious hall which we enter now contains the Van der Hoop Museum.

We insert here some particulars about this celebrated collection 1), though to many they

may not be unknown.

By his considerable wealth, the founder succeeded in recovering from abroad and carrying back to this country some excellent productions of our Old-Dutch school of painting; but not merely in this respect did Van der Hoop manifest his love of liberal art, he also encouraged and appreciated the artists among his contemporaries. A collection of art, such as is but seldom gathered by a private gentleman, was more especially the object of his care and love. When his last will and testament was opened, it became evident that the considerable sums, spent for this collection, had been paid not for his own enjoyment only. For he made of the valuable cabinet of pictures a legacy to the city of Amsterdam, on condition that it was to be exhibited for the benefit of the town poor.

For reasons of a financial nature — the sum required for payment of the conveyance — the town-council could not at once enter upon this legacy. A committee was formed, consisting of Messrs: H. J. Koenen, LL. D., J. J. A. Santhagens, J. De Vos Jbz., F. De Vildt, LL. D., J. Wittering, C. J. Fodor and C. E. Vaillant, LL. D.,

1) See also J. W. Kaiser, Description of the pictures in the Van der Hoop Museum (5<sup>th</sup> edit.) Amsterdam; 1881.

with the aim of collecting the sum required by voluntary contributions from patrons of art.

Though the exertions of this committee did not prove fruitless, and the Town-council resolved to grant a contribution, yet, on the day when a final decision was to be arrived at, a considerable figure was still wanting. However, three members of the committee subscribed for the deficit, and so this splendid collection could be preserved for the country and especially for Amsterdam, and the legacy was entered upon July 3, 1854.

Soon after, two halls for its reception were arranged in the former Hospital for Old men, subsequently the Royal Academy of Liberal Art and now the University; so that this fine collection could be opened to the public.

After the death of the widow, Mrs. A. Van der Hoop, in 1880, 24 pieces more which adorned her residence were added to the Museum.

An agreement, entered upon by the State and the city of Amsterdam on November 11, 1880, secured to the collection a place in the National Museum, on condition that it is to remain separate and is to be exhibited gratis, but that, to comply with the provisions of the last will, a sum of *f*400 is to be paid yearly to the Town for the benefit of the poor.

In remembrance of the founder his escutcheon and that of his wife are placed in the hall; the legacy being recorded in an inscription to the following effect:

Bij nitergste wilsbeschikking van 22 November 1847 heeft

Adriaan Van der Hoop

geboren 28 April 1778 te Amsterdam/ overleden aldaar 17<sup>de</sup> Maart 1854

Kommandeur v. d. Orde v. d. Nederlandschen Leeuw/

Ridder v. d. Orde van St. Anna van Rusland 2<sup>e</sup> klasse/

Lid van de Eerste Kamer der Staten-Generaal/

Lid der Staten van de Provincie N. Holland en van den Raad van Amsterdam/

Bankier en Koopman zijne verzameling schilderijen legateerd

aan de Stad Amsterdam.) 1)

1) By his last will of November 22, 1847 Adriaan Van der Hoop, born April 28, 1778 at Amsterdam, deceased there March 17, 1854, Commander in the Order of the Dutch Lion, Knight of the Order of St. Ann of Russia, 2<sup>nd</sup> class, Member of the First Chamber of the States-General, Member of the States of the Province of N. Holland and of the council of Amsterdam, Banker and Merchant, bequeathed his collection of pictures to the city of Amsterdam.



in the frieze are the names of the principal masters whose works are present here. The Van der Hoop Museum consists of 224 pictures

Picture 17.

Page 96.



1378. JAN STEEN. — FAMILY SCENE.

among which one that enjoys a world-renown, viz. the Jewish Bride of Rembrandt. Many of the other pieces are not less renowned, e.g. two portraits by Rubens, a portrait by Frans Hals, three

pieces by Teniers, five by Jan Steen, one by Hobbema, three by Pieter De Hoogh, one by Jan Vermeer, (surnamed the Delft one) two by Potter, four by Jacob Van Ruisdael, four by Willem Van de Velde, three by Ph. Wouwerman, four by Nicolaes Maes, two by Gerard Dou and numbers of others, nearly all of prime quality.

Beginning on the sinister side: 372. Frans Francken II (1581—1642). The parable of the prodigal son. — 1223. Petrus Paulus Rubens. Portrait of Helena Fourment, the painter's second wife. — 732. Copy after Karel Du Jardin. Landscape. — 585. Unknown master, 1st half of the 17th cent. Portrait of a nobleman on horseback. — 1410. David Teniers the Younger. Gamblers. — 308. Anthony Van Dyck. Portrait of Joh. Bapt. Franck. — 955. Willem Van Mieris. Arcadian landscape. — 713. Copy after Titian? Allegory. — 973. Jan Miense Molenaar. (1611—1668). Grace before meat. — 1489. Adriaen Van de Velde. Landscape with cattle. — 1075. Adriaen Van Ostade. Peasant company. — 1078. Isaac Van Ostade. Peasant inn. — 447. Frans Hals. Female portrait. — 1350. Hendrick Maertensz. Sorgh. Fishwife. — 96. Nicolaes Berchem. Italian landscape. — 1138. Paulus Potter. Horses turned to grass. — 1378. Jan Steen. Family scene. — 935. Michiel Jansz. Van Mierevelt. Portrait of the poet Jacob Cats. — 940. Copy after Mierevelt. Portrait of Pieter Cornelisz. Hooft. — 1076. Adriaen Van Ostade. Confidential. — 770. Willem De Keyser (1603—1675). Male portrait. — 507. Meindert Hobbema. Watermill. — 114. Dirck Van Bergen. Landscape. — 1139. Paulus Potter. Cows in a meadow. — 953. Frans Van Mieris the Elder. The bird escaped. — 1415. Copy after G. Ter Borch. Boy with a dog. — 1536. Johannes Vermeer (1632—1675). Lady reading. — 126. Hendrick Bloemaert. Egg-dealer. — 1557. Jan Victors. Porkbutcher. — 1137. Paulus Potter. Little dog. — 281. Gerard Dou. The fisher-man's wife. — 1385. Abraham Storck. View of the Dam at Amsterdam. — 668. Melchior D'Hondecoeter. Poultry. — 1252. Rembrandt. The Jewish bride, according to Dr. Bode, Boas and Ruth. — 1234. Jacob Van Ruisdael. Norse Landscape. — 683. Pieter De Hoogh (1611—1681). Interior. — 687. Unknown master, so called Pieter De Hooch. Couple making music. — 495. Jan Van der Heyden. View of the town of Amersfoort. — 1269. Herman Saftleven. A river. — 141. Ferdinand Bol. Governors



686. PIETER DE HOOCH. — COUNTRY HOUSE.



of the Almshouse 1). — 1540. Lieven Verschuier. (16..—1686)  
 Rippling water. — 1150. Adam Pynacker. Landscape. — 1376. Jan  
 Steen. The jolly family. — 1518. Willem Van de Velde the Younger  
 The beach. — 731. Karel Du Jardin. Landscape. — 163. Jan Both  
 Painters making studies after nature. — 1377. Jan Steen. Sick lady  
 — 1235. Jacob Van Ruysdael. Woody Landscape. — 739. Ludol  
 De Jong (1616—1697). Domestic scene. — 1516. Willem Van d  
 Velde the Younger. A calm. — 1083. Juriaen Ovens. Governors o  
 the Workhouse at Amsterdam 2). — 891. Nicolaes Maes. Master  
 of the Surgeons' guild at Amsterdam. — 440. Joris Van der Hagen  
 Landscape. — 974. Jan Miense Molenaar (?). Lady making music  
 — 893. Copy after Nicolaes Maes. Portrait of Johan De Witt. —  
 1556. Jan Victors. The dentist. — 956. Willem Van Mieris. A lad  
 and gentleman. — 629. Godfried Schalcken. Study of a female head 3)  
 — 72. Karel Beelt. (Middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> century). View of the Marke  
 place at Harlem. — 1610. Jan Weenix. Dead game and fruit. — 775  
 Albert Jansz. Klomp (1618—1688). Landscape with cattle. — 105  
 Gerard Berck-Heyde. View at Amsterdam. — 480. Bartholomeus Van  
 der Helst. Male portrait. — 82. Cornelis Pietersz. Bega. Grace be  
 fore meat. — 1580. Arie De Vois. Fisher smoking. — 192. Quiry  
 Brekelenkam. A mother with her child. — 21. Jan Asselyn. Italian  
 landscape. — 1488. Adriaen Van de Velde. Hunting party. — 16  
 Pieter Van Asch (1603—1678). Landscape with trees. — 774. Alber  
 Jansz. Klomp. Cattle. — 106. Gerrit Berck-Heyde. The flower-marke  
 at Amsterdam, seen in the direction to the Townhall. — 1403  
 Abraham Van den Tempel. Female portrait. — 692. Samuel Van  
 Hoogstraten. Sick lady. — 1261. Pieter Jansz. Saenredam. View in  
 the church at Assendelft. — 964. Abraham Mignon. Fruit. — 1233  
 Jacob Van Ruysdael. View on the river in the environs of Wyk-by  
 Duurstede. — 1639. Emanuel De Witte. Interior of a church. —  
 184. Attributed to Bartholomeus Breenbergh. Portraits of a marrie  
 couple in a landscape. — 1608. Jan Weenix. Male portrait. — 1243  
 Rachel Ruysch. Flowers. — 686. Pieter De Hooch. Country house

1) Not belonging to the Van der Hoop Museum.

2) Idem.

3) It is Dr. W. Bode who attributed it to G. Schalcken.



— 1515. W. Van de Velde the Younger. Firing a cannon. — 1242. Rachel Ruysch. Flowers. — 314. Copy after Anthony Van Dyck. Portrait of the Groningen organist Luberti 1). — 1667. Jan Wynants.

**Picture 19.**

**Page 99.**



**515. WILLEM VAN DE VELDE (THE YOUNGER). FIRING A CANNON.**

Landscape. — 698. Jan Baptist Van der Hulst (1790—1862). Portrait of H. M. King William I. — 591a. Unkn. master. 17<sup>th</sup> cent.

Not belonging to the Van der Hoop Museum.

Gay company. — 1432. Copy after Benvenuto Tisio (Garofalo) Holy family. — 813. Jan Adriaen Kruseman (1804—1862). Portrait of H. M. King William II, born Dec. 6, 1792; died March 17, 1849. — 812. Idem. Portrait of Adriaan Van der Hoop, founder of the collection. — 1224. Petrus Paulus Rubens. Portrait of Anna Maria Archduchess of Austria, consort to Louis XIII, King of France. — 776. Albert Jansz. Klomp. Landscape with cattle. — 699. Jan Baptist Van der Hulst. Portrait of H. M. Wilhelmina, consort to H. M. King William I. — 191. Quiryn Brekelenkam. Interior. — 95. Nicolaes Berchem. Italian landscape. — 709. Jan Van Huysum. Fruit and Flowers. — 1517. Willem Van de Velde the Younger. Water in motion. — 1363. Johan Van Staveren. Hermit. — 721. Johann Christiaan Janson. Mother of the family. — 969. Otto Count von Mörner. Portrait of the Emperor Nicolas of Russia, b. 1796; d. March 2, 1855. — 1408. David Teniers the Younger. Peasant fair. — 35. Aldert Van Everdingen. Norse landscape. — 402. Jan Van Gool (1685—1763). Arcadian landscape. — 1668. Jan Wynants. Landscape. — 113. Pieter Potter. Still-life. — 238. Jan Ten Compe (1713—1761). View of the Keizersgracht at Amsterdam. — 228. Cornelis Cels (1778—1859). Portrait of Mr. Johan Cornelis Van der Hoop, b. 1742, died 1822. Minister of the Navy and father to the founder of the collection. — 817. Dirk Jan Van der Laan (1759—1829?). View of a town in winter. — 693. Arnold Houbraken (1660—1719). Painter's workshop. — 628. Unkn. master. A school. — 225. Albert Cuyp. Cattle. — 107. Gerrit Berck-Heyde. Ruins of Egmont castle. — 256. Albert Cuyp. View of Dordrecht. — 259. Jacob Gerritsz. Cuyp. Country party. — 254. Aelbert Cuyp. Portrait of a young man. — 104. Gerrit Berck-Heyde. View taken from the Dam on the Townhall, the New church and the Weighing House at Amsterdam. — 1409. David Teniers the Younger. Farmer's pursuits. — 78. Jan Abraham Beerstraten. Winter. — 708. Jan Van Huysum. Flowers. — 508. Meindert Hobbema. Landscape. — 846. Johannes Lingelbach. Return from the chase. — 46. Ludolf Backhuysen. The Y before Amsterdam. — 99. Hiob Berck-Heyde. View in the Old 'Change at Amsterdam. — 1169. Jan Anthonisz Van Ravesteyn. Portrait of Hugh Grotius at youthful age. — 1380. Jan Steen. The drinking couple. — 1619. Adriaen Van der Werff. A couple fondling. — 627. Unkn. master



1224. PETRUS PAULUS RUBENS. — PORTRAIT OF ANNA MARIA, ARCHDUCHESS OF AUSTRIA, CONSORT TO LOUIS XIII, KING OF FRANCE.

Baking cakes. — 1655. Philips Wouwerman. Horse-pond. — 43 Joris Van der Hagen or Verhagen. Landscape. — 94. Nicolaes Bechem. Allegory of the extension of Amsterdam. — 1349. Hendri Maertensz. Sorgh. Fish-market. — 1657. Philips Wouwerman. Landscape. — 1387. Abraham Storck. The sea. — 1684. Pieter De Hooc Interior. — 892. Nicolaes Macs. Spinning. — 1026. Constantyn Ne



VIEW FROM HALL 263 TO THE VAN DER HOOP MUSEUM.

scher. Portrait of the Stadholder William III, King of England. — 1022. Casp Netscher. Portrait of Coenra van Beuningen, Councillor of Amsterdam and politician. b. 1596, d. 1693. — 958. Fra Van Mieris the Younger. Grocer's shop. — 164. Johannes Both. Italian landscape. — 959. Frans Van Mieris the Younger. Chemist's shop. — 1619a. Adriaen Van der Werf. Blowing bubbles. — 123. Jacob Van Ruysdael. Landscape. — 47. Ludolf Bachhuysen. Water in motion. — 988. Frederick De Moucheron. Italian landscape. — 144. Ferdinand Bol. Portrait of a naval commander, perhaps Lieutenant-Admiral-General Michiel Adriaensz. De Ruiter. — 1670. Jan Wynants. Landscape. — 1379. Jan Steen. After drinking bout. — 1669. Jan Wynants. Landscape. — 1454. Adriaen Van Utrecht (1599—1652). Still-life. — 1609. Jan Weenix. Dogs. — 101. Aert Van der Neer. Landscape. — 432. Jan Hackaert. Landscape. — 730. Karel Du Jardin. Male portrait. — 1624. Pieter Van der Werf. Infant Hercules. — 1656. Philips Wouwerman. Camp. — 162. Pieter Van der Werff. Infant Bacchus. — 292. Hendrick Dubbe. Sea. — 325. Gerbrant Van den Eeckhout. Huntsman resting. — 28



erard Dou. Hermit. — 1027. Constantyn Netscher. Portrait of Mary, queen of England, consort to the Stadtholder William III. — 685. Esaias Boursse (1630?—16..). Interior 1). — 1016. Aert Van der Meer. Amusement on the ice; a town in the distance. — 1386. Abraham Storck. Sea. — 910. Gabriel Metsu. The huntsman's present. — 100. Hiob Berck-Heyde. View in a church. — 1436. Dominicus An Tol. Domestic scene. — 1487. Adriaen Van de Velde. — The artist and his family in the country.

Follow some pictures by masters of the 19th century also belonging to the Van der Hoop Museum:

1298. A. Schelfhout (1787—1870). Landscape. — 218. A. Calame (1817—1864). Italian landscape. — 1537. A. Vermeulen (1763—1814). Winter. — 1315. J. C. Schotel (1787—1838). Calm. — 1626. H. Van West (1803—1881). Billet-doux. — 496. Th. Hildebrand (1804—1874). View of the Newa near St. Petersburg. — 779. Mrs. J. Rönner-Knip (1821). Cat and kittens. — 227. H. G. Ten Cate (1803—1856). A town by moonlight. — 1314. J. C. Schotel. Water motion. — 329. E. J. Eelkema (1788—1839). Flowers and fruit. — 216. Mrs. Burgkly Glimmer, (about 1842). Fruit and dead fowl. The other modern pictures of this collection are of less importance, though there are a few favorable exceptions, such as 834, an Interior by H. Leys (1815—1869). They hang in an adjacent portal, leading to the following hall.

At the extremity of the Van der Hoop hall stands the marble figure of Perseus, from the hand of the Dutch sculptor Ferdinand deenenhoff, formerly established at Paris, and from 1890 Professor to the National Academy of Fine Art at Amsterdam; the statue was purchased by the Government in 1885 at the exhibition at Antwerp.

**Modern art.** With this hall begins the section of modern pictures of the Museum. On the left: 129. Bernardus Johannes Blommers (b. 1845). Girl sitting. — Not numb. Johannes Hendrik Weissenbruch (b. 1824). View near the 'Geestbrug'; as a loan from Mr. J. B. Westerwoudt, 188. — Not numb. Paul Joseph Constantin Gabriel (b. 1828). View

1) The piece bears the spurious signature of Pieter De Hooch; it is Jhr. Mr. Victor De Stuers who attributed it to Esaias Boursse.

near Abcoude; as a loan from idem. — Not numb. Laurens Alma Tadema (b. 1836). A young woman, study; as a loan from idem. — Not numb. Diederik Franciscus Jamin (1839—1865). Prayer for the deceased; as a loan from idem. — Not numb. Charles Verelst (b. 1824). The woodcutter and the bear; as a loan from idem. — Not numb. Charles François Daubigny (1817—1878). Landscape of the Oise; as a loan from idem. — Not numb. Jean François Valois (1778—1853). Dutch farm. Present of Mrs. Widow Tamson, 1890. — 398. Bernhard Te Gempt (1826—1879). Dog of the St. Bernard; legacy of Mr. Johannes Hilman, 1881. — 1328. Thérèse Schwartze (b. 1852). Three Amsterdam orphan-girls. — Not



BRACKET IN HALL 263.

numb. Adriana Johanna Haanen (b. 1814). Flowers; legacy of Mr. W. M. J. Desmons, 1888. — 177. Jacques Raymond Brasca sat (1804—1867). Bull; present of Mr. Hugues Krafft, 1885. — 102. Joseph Neuhuys (born 1841). Wooded landscape at a rising shower. — Not numbered. Paul Joseph Constantin Gabriel. In the month of July. — Not numbered. Gerrit Jacobus Van Soeren (185—1888). „Home-sickness”; present of Mrs. Widow G. J. Van Soeren—Hoetink, 1889. — 895. Jacob Maris (born 1837). View of a town. — Not numbered. Louis De Burbure, (born....) „Brielle 1572 and 1872”, arrival of King Willem III at Brielle in the royal steam-yacht „the Lion”, on the occasion of the 300th anniversary of the capture of Den Briel by the water beggars; as a loan of Mrs. Widow Dr. B. J. Tideman, 1889. — 141. François Pieter Ter Meulen (born 1834). In the wood. — 185. George Hendrik Breitner (born 1857). Mounted artillery in the downs. — 736. Pieter De Josselin De Jong (born 1861). Portrait of King Willem III; scene in earthenware from the factory Rozenburg at the Hague. — 512. Charles Howard Hodges. Portrait of King Willem I; as

ban of Mr. P. C. C. Hansen 1). — 503. Eduard Alexander Hilver-  
 wink (born 1846). The 'Singel' looked at to the side of the Mint,  
 before the change in 1886. — Not numbered. Hendrik Vettewinkel Dz.  
 1809—1878). View of a river with vessels; present of Mr. D. H.  
 Vettewinkel, 1888. — Not numbered. Adriana Johanna Haanen.  
 Fruit; legacy of Mr. W. M. J. Desmons, 1888. — 1637. Ernest  
 igismond Witkamp Jr. (born 1854). In the field; as a loan of the  
 ociety for forming a public collection of contemporary art. —  
 327. Johan George Schwartz (1814—1874). A woman in praying  
 posture; as a loan as above. — 6. Jhr. Mr. Willem Alewyn (1769  
 —1839). An elderly man; as a loan as above — 1642. Anne Hen-  
 ette Wolterbeek (born 1834). In the tropical forest; as a loan as  
 above. — 455. Hendrik Johan Haverman (born 1857). The flight;  
 as a loan as above. — Not numbered. Jan Baptist Van der Hulst.  
 portrait of Adam François Jules Armand, Count Van der Duyn  
 an Maasdam, born Apr. 15, 1771, died Dec. 19, 1848, member of  
 the preliminary government in November 1813; legacy of F. M.  
 aron Van der Duyn Van Maasdam, L. L. D. 1889. — Not numb. Moritz  
 alisch. Portraits of the Engineer-Architect Cornelis Outshoorn, b.  
 ug. 16, 1810; d. Apr. 23, 1875, and of his wife Johanna Christina  
 eelenkamp, b. June 1, 1820; d. Feb. 18, 1890; present of the heirs  
 . Outshoorn, 1890. — Not numb. Adolphe Mouilleron (1820—  
 1881). Still life; present of Mr. A. Willet, 1887. — Not numb. Char-  
 s Howard Hodges. Portrait of Willem Bilderdyk. — 1107. Nico-  
 as Pieneman (1810—1860). Portrait of Jan Hendrik Wins; as a  
 loan from Mrs. Widow P. K. Van Diermen, *née* Wins, 1886. —  
 103. Louis Moritz. Portrait of Mr. Jonas Daniel Meyer, famous  
 wyer, b. Sept. 15, 1780; d. Dec. 6, 1834; legacy of Miss J. E.  
 eyer, 1886. — Not numb. Jan Adam Kruseman. Portrait of Rodol-  
 phe Le Chevalier, co-erector of the Dutch railway-company, b. 1777;  
 Jan. 3, 1865; present of Miss H. M. Petitpierre, 1889.

In the two following halls are exhibited the pictures belonging to  
 the „Society for the formation of a public collection of  
 contemporary art.” It was the late Mr. C. P. Van Eeghen who took

1) Primitive sketch of the head of the full-length portrait of the King, placed in  
 the council-chamber of the townhall.

the initiative of its foundation which happened in 1874. Its object is, on conditions afterwards to be agreed upon, to offer to the City of Amsterdam the products of art, by preference from the hand of living masters of the Dutch school, which they have collected.

Meanwhile, in consequence of an agreement of June 14, 1888, between the Society and the State a couple of rooms of the Museum have been ceded for the exhibition of this still increasing collection.

### Modern art.

Pictures belonging to the said Society or having been ceded to them as loans by private persons. Beginning to the right: Not numbered. Cornelis Springer (b. 1817). View in Enkhuizen. — Not numbered. Julius Jacobus Van de Sande Bakhuyzen (b. 1837). Landscape. — 119. Johannes Warnardus Bilders (b. 1811.) Landscape. — 154. Wouterus Verschuur (b. 1812). Horse fair. — Not numbered. Hendrik Willem Mesdag (b. 1831). On the beach. — Not numbered. Johannes Bosboom (b. 1817). The church of Maasland. — Not numbered. Jozef Israëls (b. 1824). Children of the sea. — 120. Christoffel Bisschoff (b. 1828). Winter in Friesland. — 919. Jan Hendrik Louis Meyer (b. 1819). Rescue at sea near the Spanish coast. — Not numbered. Anton Mauve (1838—1888). The „Canal”. — Not numbered. Johannes Christiaan Karel Klinkenberg (b. 1852). The Townhall at the Hague. — 1205. Willem Roelofs (b. 1822). View in the „Gein”, near Aalsmeer. — 712. Jozef Israëls. Margaret of Parma and Prince Willem of Orange. — Not numbered. Willem Roelofs. In „t Gein”. — 120. Charles Rochussen (b. 1814). The Water-Beggars before Leiden. — 1574. — 1470. Hendrik Valkenburg (b. 1826). Every one his object. — offer of marriage. — 847a. Lambertus Lingeman (b. 1829). Armor. — 52. Julius Jacobus Van de Sande Bakhuyzen. Landscape lit by the evening sun. — 428. Johannes Hubertus Leonardus De Haas (b. 1832). Cattle in a meadow. — 711. Jozef Israëls. Going along the churchyard. — 1255. Philip Lodewijk Jacob Frederik Sadée (b. 1837). Return from the fish sale. — 1601. Antoine Waldorp (1838—1866). View at Dordrecht. — Not numbered. Hendrik Willem Mesdag (b. 1830). Calm sea at sunset. — 230. Jaroslav Čermak (1838—1878). Montenegrine fugitives. — 118. Johannes Warnardus Bilders (b. 1811). Landscape near Vorden. — 904. Anton Mauve. Shepherds.



in the downs. — 219. Alexander Calame (1817—1864). The Vierwaldstättersee. — 747. David Van der Kellen Jr. (b. 1827). Interior; view in the section „Ancient Art” of the International exhibition at Amsterdam in 1883. — Not numbered. Bernardus Johannes Blommers. The little shrimp-fishers at Scheveningen. — Not numbered. Made. Virginie Demont—Breton (born 1850?). Out of the bath. — 269. François Diday (1812—1877). The vale of Lauterbrunnen. — 1593. Maria Vos (born 1824). Still-life.

In the middle of the hall: marble bust of the painter Charles Rochussen (born Aug. 1, 1814) by Bart Van Hove; it belongs likewise to the collection of the Society and is a homage to one of the greatest Dutch artists of the 19th century on the occasion of his 70th birthday. The inscription runs as follows: „To Charles Rochussen by his admirers and friends, Aug. 1, 1884.”

**Modern art.**

Continuation of the collection of the Society

No. 261 of the ground-plan. for forming a public collection of contemporary art.

Beginning to the right: 415. Petrus Franciscus Greive (born 1811). An Old-Dutch servant-girl. — 1613. Johannes Weissenbruch (1822—1866). View in a town. — 14. Lodewyk Franciscus Hendrik Apol (born 1850). On the river; in winter. — 423. Adriana Johanna Haanen. Flowers and fruit. — 73. Jan Van Beers (1852). Obsequies of Charles the Good, Count of Flanders, April 22, 1127 at Bruges. — Not numbered. Johannes Warnardus Bilders. Landscape with figures. — Not numbered. Willem Antonie Van Deventer (b. 1824). Sea with fishing boats at sunset. — Not numbered. Johannes Warnardus Bilders. Landscape with cattle. — Not numbered. Marguerite Roosenboom (born 1843). Flowers and fruits. — 1550. Salomon Leonardus Verveer (1813—1876). View at Scheveningen, in rainy weather. — 414. Johan Conrad Greive (born 1837). The Y before Amsterdam, about the 'Schreierstoren', in the evening sun. — 1359. Cornelis Springer (born 1817). The Townhall of Cologne. — 397. Bernard Te Gempt. The Congress of Paris, (March—April 1856, after the Crimean war, represented allegorically by dogs). — Not numbered. Jozef Israëls. A son of the old people. — 201. Albertus Brondgeest (1786—1849). View of a Dutch river. — 231. Frede-

ricus Jacobus Van Rossum Du Chattel (born 1865). Autumn evening — 1329. Thérèse Schwartz (born 1852). Young woman's head. — 7. Sybrand Altmann (1822—1890). Paulus Potter in his studio. — 156. Johannes Bosboom (born 1817). The Cathedral of Edam. — 1270. Simon Saint-Jean (1803—1863). Flowers. — 773. Johan Christiaan Karel Klinkenberg (born 1852). Episode from the siege of Leiden, in 1573. — 1439. Hendrik Albert Van Trigt (born 1829). Norse women, taking their children to be christened. — 1330. Thérèse Schwartz. „He is coming.” — 1311. Hendrik Jacobus Scholten (born 1824). Morning walk. — 123. David Joseph Ble (born 1821). Victorious Holland. — 1301. Taco Scheltema (1831—1867). Nobleman looking at a print. — 345. Pierre Tetar Van Elver (born 1823). The Place de l'Opéra at Paris, at the time of Carneval in 1880. — 918. Johan Hendrik Louis Meyer. Gale on the French coast. — 1008. Willem Carel Nakken (born 1835). Pack-horses in the woods of Normandy, in winter. — 702. Jan Hulswit (1766—1822). Landscape. — Not numbered. Benjamin Constant (b. 18..). Theodora, empress of the Eastern empire, consort of the Emperor Justinianus, 527—548 aft. Chr. — 157. Johannes Bosboom. A barn in Guelderland. — 462. Jhr. Jacob Eduard Van Heemskerck Van Beest (born 1828). The Y before Amsterdam. — 505. Johannes Hilverdink (born 1813). Ymuiden harbour.

In the middle of the hall: the marble bust by Bart Van Hove of the famous painter Johannes Bosboom, born Feb. 18, 1817, being, like the bust of Ch. Rochussen, a homage on the artist's 70<sup>th</sup> birthday. Underneath we read: „To Johannes Bosboom by his admirers and friends, February 18, 1887.”

### Modern art.

In this hall and the following the pictures No. 260 of the ground-plan. are placed which were transferred from the Pavilion „Welgelegen” at Harlem. They form the National collection of works of art by modern masters, to the foundation of which King Willem I took the initiative, in 1828. The political events of 1830 delayed the execution of the plan of adapting the Pavilion to become a picture gallery, so that the collection was not opened to the public before 1838. For a period of 47 years it formed an ornament of Harlem, was always much frequented and

for many years was financially supported by the Province and the town of Harlem. The pictures, which of late years, by purchase at exhibitions and by sundry donations, had reached the number of 184, were, with some pieces of sculpture, transferred, in 1885, to the National Museum at Amsterdam. For the history of the development of the Dutch school of painting of the 19th century this collection is rather important, especially with regard to the classical and the subsequent romantic tendency of this school, in the first half of the century. In 1880 there appeared a carefully edited „Description of the pictures” from the hand of Mr. C. J. Gonnert.

Continuing on the dexter side: 286. Johannes Adrianus Van der Drift (born 1808). The „Gevangenpoort” (historical prison) at the Hague. — 5. Pieter Barbiers (1748—1842). Farm near Helvoirt in the district of Bois-le-Duc. — 1382. Hendrik Stokvisch (1768—1824). Near Warhuizen. — Not numbered. Bartholomeus Johannes Van Hove (1790—1880). The „Gevangenpoort” (historical prison). — 328. Melke Jelles Eelkema (1786—1839). Flowers. — 1218. George Andries Both (1809). View in the Bentheim wood. — Not numbered. Jan Willem Pieneman (1779—1853). Self-sacrifice of the minister Hamroeck 1). — 18. Alphonse Asselbergs (born 1839). Sunrise in „de Tempelen”. — 700. Jan Hulswit (1766—1822). Landscape in the Gooi. — 1317. Johannes Christianus Schotel (1787—1838). The beach. — 701. Jan Hulswit. Town-gate. — 1098. Jan Willem Pieneman (1779—1853). Joanna Cornelia Ziesenis, *née* Wattier, in the art of Agrippina. — 1031. Paul Joseph Noël (1789—1822). Street-scene at Amsterdam. — 1065. Pieter Gerhardus Van Os (1776—1839). Evening. — 1316. Johannes Christianus Schotel. Rough sea

1) Antonius Hambroek, born at Rotterdam in 1605 or 1606, was beheaded in the isle of Formosa, July 5, 1661. His tragical end is connected with the following facts: in 1666 the Chinese Coxinga tried to take the isle from the Dutch E. I. Company; the commander of the Dutch garrison, Goyet, however, held out in the fortress of Andania, and Coxinga, justly fearing that from this point an opportunity should be offered to the E. I. Company's troops to recover the isle, required Hambroek, whom he had made his prisoner, to persuade Goyet to leave the fortress. The commander was not to be prevailed upon, and Hambroek, to keep his pledged word, returned to Coxinga and was beheaded by order of the latter. The scene represents the clergyman saying a last farewell to his family and his countrymen.

in showery weather. — 740. Jan Baptiste De Jonghe (1785—1844). Market-day at Courtrai. — 828. Jacobus Johannes Lauwers (1753—1800). Flemish farm. — 1527. Eugène Joseph Verboeckhoven (1781—1881). A meadow in the 'Gooi'. — 1395. Jacob Van Stry. Evening in the country. — 848. Joannes Linthorst (1745—1815). Fruit. — 783. Johannes Kobell (1779—1814). Oxen in the meadow. — 105. Georgus Jacobus Johannes Van Os. Landscape near Hilversum. — 796. Willem Bartel Van der Kooi (1768—1856). Portraits of the painters W. B. Van der Kooi and D. J. Ploegsma. — 194. J. Bric (flourished 1827). The poulterer. — 267. Eduard Delvaux (1806—1862). View on the Sambre. — 1113. Antoon Sminck Pitloo (1795—1837). San Giorgio's at Rome. — 51. Julius Jacobus Van de Sand Bakhuyzen. Landscape in Drenthe. — 1437. Jan Bedys Tom (1813—1881). On the heath. — 117. Johannes Warnardus Bilders. The heath at Wolfhezen. — 1067. Pieter Gerhardus Van Os. Noon. — Not numbered. Louis Moritz. Andries Snoek, born Aug. 15, 1766; died Jan. 3, 1829, famous actor, in the part of Achilles. — 1204. Willem Roelofs. Landscape near The Hague. — 1449. Wouter Johannes Van Troostwyk (1782—1810). Landscape in Guelderland. — 782. Johannes Kobell. Landscape in Guelderland. — 48. Henricus Van de Sand Bakhuyzen (1795—1860). Landscape in Guelderland. — 920. Gerrit Jan Michaëlis (1775—1857). Afternoon. — 1042. Wynand Jan Joseph Nuyten (1813—1839). Ruins. — 785. Jan Kobell. Milking time. — 906. Hendrik Willem Mesdag (1831—1915). The beach at Scheveningen. — 1214a. Marguerite Roosenboom (1843—1915). Autumn flowers. — 1271. Raden Saleh (1816—1880). Neck or nothing. — 1585. Henri Voordeckers (1779—1861). Hunters' household. — 110. Simon Van der Berg (born 1812). Summer morning. — 1. Jacobus Theodorus Abeel (1803—1866). Noon. — 509. Charles Howard Hodges. Portrait of Jacoba Vetter, wife of the bookseller Pieter Meyer Warnars, legatee of Miss G. Meyer Warnars, 1878. — Not numbered. Pieter François De Noter (1779—1842). Interior of one of the chapels of St. Bavo at Ghent, with the celebrated altar-piece „the Lamb of God”, by Hubrecht and Jan Van Eyck. — 1051. Balthasar Paul Ommeganc (1755—1826). Landscape in West-Flanders. — 1643. Pieter Christoffel Wonder (1777—1852). Time. — 1394. Jacob Van Stry (1756—1805). Milking time. — 1095. Jan Willem Pieneman. Arcadian landscape

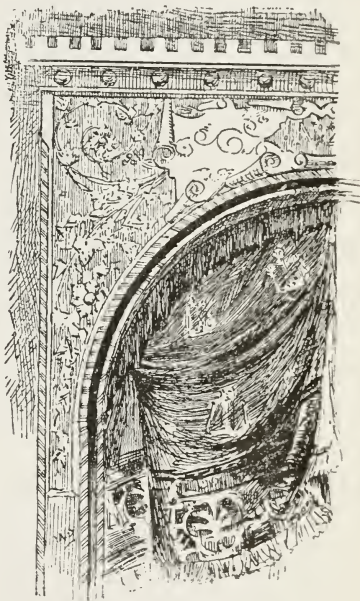


1066. Pieter Gerhardus Van Os. Early evening. — 514. Charles Howard Hodges. Portrait of his daughter Emma Jane Hodges. — 575. Cornelis Johannes De Vogel (1824—1879). Autumn; the large ornamental water in the wood at The Hague. — 293. Pierre Louis Dubourcq (1815—1873). Cemetery at Baden. — 1399. Abraham Teerlink. (1776—1857). The cascade of Tivoli near Rome. — 175. Albertus Jonas Brandt (1788—1821). Flowers and fruit. — 517. Charles Howard Hodges. Portrait of Louis Napoleon, born Sept. 2, 1778; died July 25, 1846; King of Holland from 1806 till 1810; founder of the National Museum of pictures, of the National-Cabinet of Prints, etc. and great promoter of Arts and Sciences. — 778. Josephus Augustus Knip (1777—1847). Italian landscape. — 176. Albertus Jonas Brandt (1788—1821). Flowers. — 154. Jan Willem van Borsselen (1825). Dutch landscape. — 49. Hendricus Van de Lande Bakhuyzen (1795—1860). Ruins of Brederode seen from the east side. — 1398. Abraham Teerlink. Italian landscape. In the middle of the hall stands a marble piece of sculpture by Louis Royer „Ecce homo.”

**Modern art.** This hall is called Waterloo-hall on the ground-plan. account of the well known picture of Jan Willem Pieneman, representing the Duke of Wellington at the battle of Waterloo. On the dexter side: 703. Humbert de Superville (1770—1849). Portrait of Johan Melchior Kemper, celebrated Statesman. — 1635. Abraham Hendrik Winter (1800—1861). Sheepfold. — 652a. Unknown master. Portrait of Pieter Meyer, well known publisher and bookseller at Amsterdam, born 1718; died May 3, 1781, legacy of Mrs. G. Meyer—Warnars, 1878. — 1106. Nicolaas Pieneman. Portrait of the painter Jan Willem Pieneman. — 1097. Jan Willem Pieneman. Portrait of Andries Snoek; renowned actor. — 1300. Andries Schelfhout (1787—1870). In the neighbourhood of the Maes, in winter. — 461. Jhr. Jacob Eduard Van Heemskerck van Beest. On the sea. — 1096. Jan Willem Pieneman. Portrait of the dress Joanna Cornelia Ziesenis, *née* Wattier. — 798. Willem Bartel van der Kooi. Portrait of the painter Johannes Kobell. — 1060. Pieter Gerhardus Van Os. By the side of the Rhine. — 83. Carel Jacobus Schröder (born 1812) and Gysbertus Craeyvanger (born 1810). Town

wall. — 326. Jacobus Joseph Eeckhout (1793—1861), The marriage of Jacqueline of Bavaria, Countess of Holland, with John IV, Duke of Brabant, March 10, 1458. — 1548. Salomon Leonardus Verveer (1813—1876). View in a town. — 1390. Johannes Antonie Balthazar Stroebel (born 1821). Syndics of the Say-hall at Leiden. — 1528. Eugene Joseph Verboeckhoven. Landscape with cattle. — 805. Jan Adam Kruseman. The prophet Elisha and the Shunammite. — 1358. Cornelis Springer. The Townhall and vegetable market at Veere. — 1612. Johannis Weissenbruch (1822—1880). Towngate at Leerdam. — 1028. Albert Neuhuys (born 1844). Fisherman's courtship. — 1009. François Joseph Navez (1787—1839). Elisha raising the Shunammite's son. — 1519. Pieter Van der Velden (born 1837). Blank each way. — 1040. Pieter François De Noter (1779—1842). The Sas gate at Ghent. — 450. Pieter Van Hanselaere (1786—1862). Chaste Susanna. — 1627. Pieter George Westenberg (1791—1873). View in Amsterdam, in winter. — 1471. Jean François Valois (1771—1853). View in a town. — 805. Cornelis Kruseman (1797—1857). Devotion. — 17. Henri Van Assche (1774—1841). Mountain stream in the Ardennes. — 1100. Jan Willem Pieneman. The battle of Waterloo, June 18, 1815. — 780. Henriette Rönnér-Knip, (b. 1821). Three to one. — 1592. Maria Vos (born 1824). Still-life. — 797. Willem Bartel Van der Kooi. Billet-doux. — 746. Herman Frederik Carel Ten Kate (born 1822). Military guard-room. — 504. Johannes Hilverdink (born 1813). Coast along the English Channel. — 1058. Georginus Jacobus Johannes Van Os (1782—1861). Dead game. — 1417a. Willem De Famars Testas (born 1834). Innercourt of a house at Caïro. — 13. Lodewyk Franciscus Hendrik Apol (born 1850). A day in January. — 155. Johannes Bosboom. Church of the Virgin at Breda. — 991. Louis Moritz. Death of Antoninus Pius. — 1438. Hendrik Albrecht Van Trigt (born 1829). Religious service in the Lutheran church of the village of Vik in Norway. — 917. Johan Hendrik Louis Meyer. A Gale in the English channel. — 413. Johan Coenraad Greive. Meal-time. — 50. Gerardina Jacoba Van de Sande Bakhuyzen (born 1826). Flowers and fruit. — 1057. Georgius Jacobus Johannes Van Os. Flowers. — 799. Willem Bartel Van der Kooi. Playing on the piano interrupted. — 736. Johannes Jelgerhuis Rz. (1770—1836). The little Fish-market at Amsterdam. — 847.

ambertus Lingeman. Conference. — 63. Nicolaes Bauer (1767-1820). Water in motion. — 1122. P. J. Poelman (1801-18..). The townhall of Oudenaerden. — 285. Christiaan Lodewyk Willem Dreibol (1799-1874). The city of Dordrecht. — 427. Johannes Hubertus Leonardus De Haas (born 1832). Early morning. — 734. Johannes Jelgerhuis Rz. The Leiden gate at Amsterdam. — 1310. Hendrik Jacobus Scholten (born 1824). Sunday morning. — 804. Cornelis Bruseman (1797-1857). Philip II leaving the Netherlands, August 5, 1559. — 237. Jean Henri Devoene (1798-1866). Market-news. — 800. Alexander Hugo Bakker Corff (1824-1882). Under the palm-trees. — 247. Conradyn Cunaeus (born 1828). Companions of the case. — 1389. Pieter Stortenbeker (born 1828). Morning. — 881. Jan Baptist Lodewyk Maes (1794-1856). The good Samaritan. — 1304. George Adam Schmidt (1791-1844). Reading the Scriptures. — 42. Wouterus Verschuur (1812-1874). Showery weather. — 62. Nicolaas Bauer. A Calm. — 1551. Franciscus Vervloet (1795-1872). St. Peter's at Rome. — 243. Abraham Johannes Couwenberg (1806-1844). Winter. — 1299. Andreas Shelfhout (1787-1870). Dutch Winter. — 1318. Petrus Johannes Schotel (1808-1865). Water in motion. — 193. Frans Arnold Breuhaus De Groot (1824-1875). The French coast at St. Nazaire. — 1101. Jan Willem Pieneman. Portrait of the poet Hendrik Harmen Klyn, born March 5, 1773, died Feb. 24, 1856; legacy of Mr. H. H. Klyn. — 1126. Christiaan Julius Lodewyk Poortman. An old man. — 733. Johannes Jelgerhuis Rz. Pieter Meyer Warnars' book-shop on 'den Vygendam' at



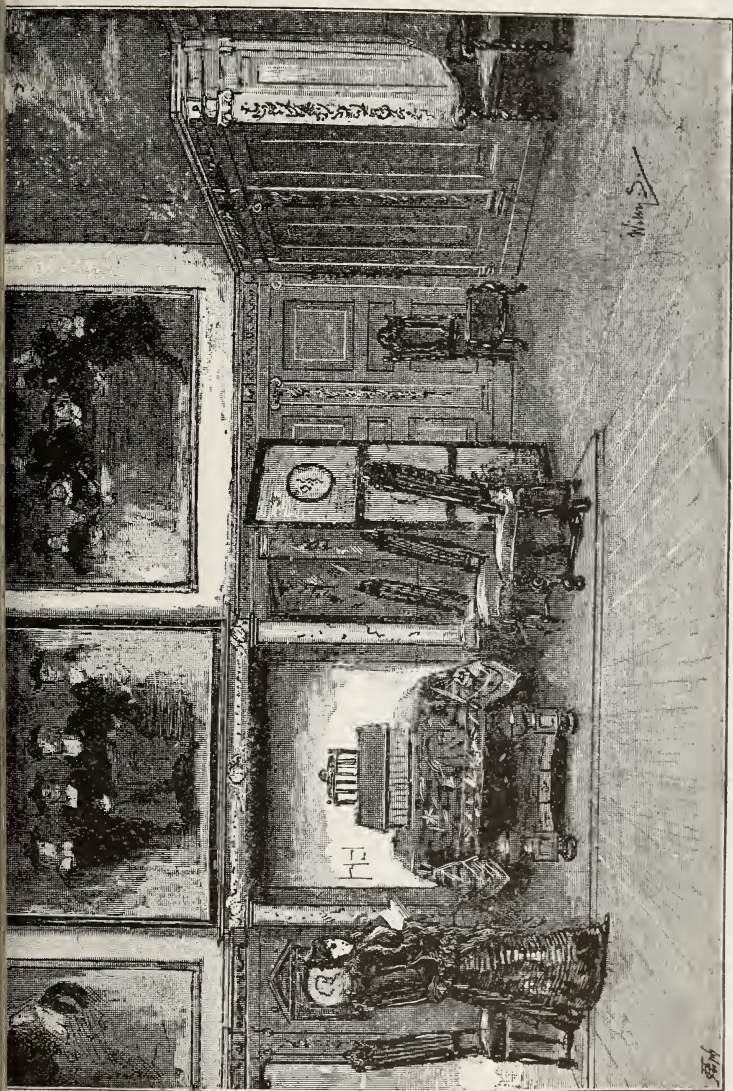
DETAIL OF ORNAMENT ON PASSING  
INTO HALL 255.

Amsterdam; legacy of Miss G. Meyer Warnars, 1878. — 1145. Johannes Huibert Prins (1758—1806). View in a town. — 1105. Copy after J. W. Pieneman. Portrait of the historian Martinus Stuart born Oct. 4, 1756; died Nov. 22, 1826; legacy of Mr. Th. Stuart (1873 1). — 1061. Pieter Gerhardus Van Os. A Lion. — 213. Hendrik Van der Burgh (1769—1858). After milking-time. — 694. Bartholomeus Johannes Van Hove (1790—1880). View in a town. — 122. David Joseph Bles (b. 1821). Parricides. — 226. Hendrik Gerrit Ter Cate (1803—1856). The Jan Roodenpoort tower at Amsterdam. — 803. Cornelis Kruseman. Domestic happiness. — 1086. Joseph Paellinck (1781—1839). Psyche in Amor's palace. — 421. Adriana Johanna Haanen (b. 1814). Fruit. — 15. David Adolphe Constant Artz (b. 1837). With grandmother. — 448. Louwrens Hanedoes (b. 1822). Kennemer landscape. — 913. Adriaan Meulemans (1766—1835). Kitchen by lamplight; present of Mr. J. Kesler P.Mz.; 1877. — 832. Adriaan De Lelie (1755—1820). Morning call. — 781. François Cornelis Knoll (1771—1827). Stable; present of Mrs. W. C. J. Visscher, *née* Knol. — 1194. Ignatius Josephus Van Regemorter (1785—1873). The Fishmarket at Antwerp. — 357. Adèle Evrard (1792—18..). Flowers and Fruit. — 808. Cornelis Kruseman. Portrait of the actor Gerrit Carel Rombach, b. 1784; d. July 5, 1833. — 710. Josef Israëls. Alone in the World. — 1549. Salomon Leonardus Verveer. At Noordwyk aan Zee. — 801. Everhardus Koster (b. 1817). View on the IJ. — 182. Mattheus Ignatius Van Bree (1773—1839). The Emperor Napoleon I making his entry at Amsterdam, b. October 9, 1811, possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1254. Philip Lodewijk Jacob Frederik Sadée (b. 1837). Gleaning. — 1576. Johannes Gysbert Vogel (b. 1828). Heath in North-Brabant. — 1041. Pieter François De Noter. St. Walburgis' church at Oudenaerde. — 515. Charles Howard Hodges. Portrait of Joanna Cornelia Ziesenis *née* Wattier, renowned actress. — 1450. Wouter Johannes Van Troostwyk (1782—1810). Landscape in Guelderland. — 831. Charles Henri Joseph Leickert (b. 1818). A view in Winter. — 1195. Ignatius Josephus Van Regemorter. The painter Jan Steen and his family. — 1603. Gustave Wappers (1803—1874). Van Dyck in love

1) The original portrait is in the Vestryroom of the Remonstrant community at Amsterdam.



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OLD-DUTCH GOVERNORS' ROOM.

with his model. — 422. Adriana Johanna Haanen. Flowers. — 104. Charles Piqué (1799—1869). On Mount St. Bernard. — 513. Charles Howard Hodges. Portrait of the painter; legacy of Miss E. J. Hodges, 1868. — 722. Johannis Christiaan Janson (1763—182). Good neighbours. — 772. Johannes Christiaan Karel Klinkenb (b. 1852). The market place at Nymegen. — 347. Willem Judo Mattheus Engelberts (1809—1887). Market for venison. — 516. Charles Howard Hodges. Portrait of C. Apostool, Director of the Museum of pictures at Amsterdam; legacy of Mr. C. Apostool, 1844. — 150. Eugene Joseph Verboeckhoven. Hungry wolves. — 1393. Abraham Van Stry (1753—1826). Scouring the kettle. — 1309. Johannes Schoenmakers Pz. (1755—1842). View in a town. — 358. Jean Baptist Van Eycken (1809—1853). Becoming a painter. — 876. Dirk Van Lokhorst (b. 1818). The sheepfold. — 270. Dietz (about 183. Hebe. — 1164. Jan Van Ravenswaay (1789—1869). Cow-house. — 1030. Josephus Christianus Nicolie (1798—1854). St. James' at A-werp. — 1308. Jacobus Schoenmaker Doyer (1792—1867). Payday. — 968. Josephus Judocus Moerenhout (1801—1874). Racing. — 327. Eelke Jelles Eelkema (1788—1839). Flowers. — 268. Willem Anthonie Van Deventer (b. 1824). At Katwyk aan zee. — 41. Willem Gruyter (1817—1880). The road of Bremerhaven. — 44. Pieter Van Hanselaere (1789—1862). The painter's portrait. — 105. Maria Margrieta Van Os (1780—1862). Still-life. — 214. Hendrik Adam Van der Burgh (1798—18..). Milking time. — 1032. Paul Joseph Noël (1789—1822). In the vine-yard. — 1099. Jan Willem Pieneman. Portraits of Louis Royer, sculptor and Albertus Bernardus Roothaan, patron of art; present of Messrs G. F. Westerman c. 1867. — 810. Jan Adam Kruseman. Girl taking a rest. — 127. Charles Louis Saligo (b. 1804). The painter's portrait. — 806. Cornelis Kruseman. Of one mind.

**Old-Dutch  
Governors' room.**

No. 248 of the  
ground-plan.

This hall has been given in use to the Royal Archeological Society, erected in 1858 with the purpose of founding in Amsterdam a Museum of the time of the Counts and Stadtholders of Holland, and of discussing in regular meetings whatever relates to archeology. The chief seat of this society is the building of the

int, where have been brought together a library, a collection of  
ints and drawings relating to Amsterdam and to the customs and  
es of the ancestors, as well as a collection of coins and medals.  
he objects of art and those of an historical nature have been  
ded as loans to the State and are exhibited in different places in  
e National Museum.

We are here carried back to a 17<sup>th</sup> century Governors' room, the  
iling of which, divided into compartments, shows beautiful allego-  
cal painting by Gerard De Lairese, taken from the former Hospital  
er lepers at Amsterdam. The walls are decked with ancient woven  
pestry and some representations of Governors; the corresponding  
rniture, as: tables, chairs, presses, etc. forming, with the old-fashioned  
e-place, a quaint whole. Peculiar attention should be paid to  
e nice sculpture of the mantlepiece, also taken from the Hospital  
r lepers, to the marble bust of burgomaster Andries De Graeff,  
ulptured by A. Quellinus in 1661 and that of Johannes Munter  
ade by B. Eggers in 1673, as also to two marble medallion por-  
uits of Burgomaster Cornelis De Graeff and of his wife Catharina  
boft, from the hand of A. Quellinus in 1660.

**Gold-leather  
room.**  
No. 249 of the  
ground-plan.

In a contiguous room with a gold-leather hang-  
ing, different objects of art and also curiosities  
are exhibited, partly being the property of the  
Society and partly in its use as loans. To these  
lter belongs a fine 17<sup>th</sup> century picture, perhaps by Willem Cor-  
lisz. Duyster, representing the marriage-party of Adriaen Ploos  
in Amstel, Lord of Oudegein and Tienhoven, and of Agnes Van  
rler, widow Broeckhuysen. The piece belongs to the family Ploos  
in Amstel, who have, for a time, ceded it, along with other  
family relics.

Among the pictures, we should pay attention to a piece by L. M.  
lamesnil, representing the reception of Cornelis Hop as ambassador  
of the States-General of the United Netherlands at the court of  
Louis XV, King of France, July 24, 1719. Further a collection of  
inking-vessels and bumpers from the 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries, placed  
in a cupboard, deserves peculiar attention.

Among the furniture we notice a wooden seat, used by William



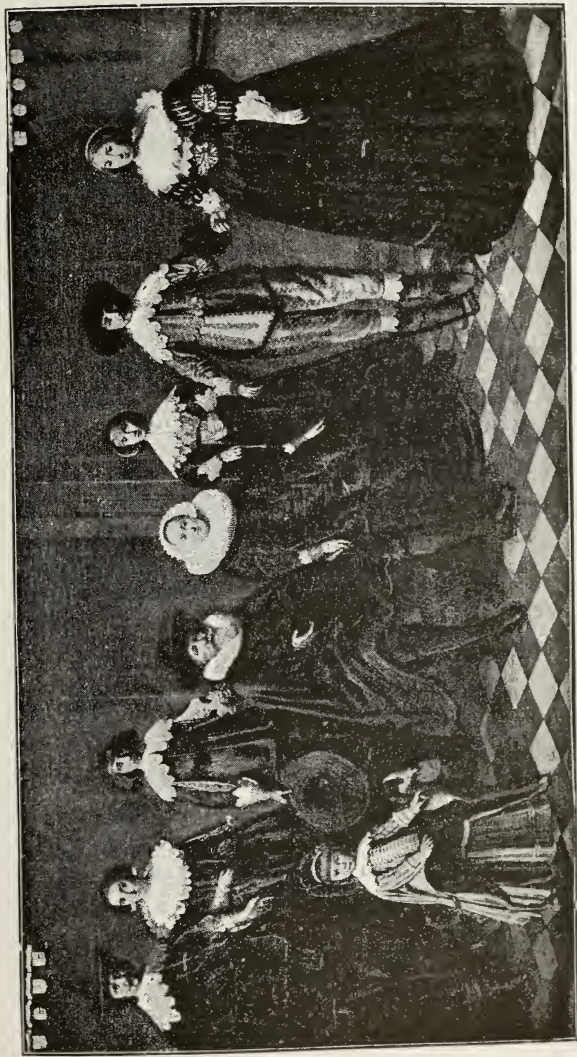
the Silent, Prince of Orange on his visit to Dirck Jansz. De Grae at Amsterdam, during the troubles of 1566—1567 residing on 'he Water' by the Papenbrug.

**Grand gallery**  
**1st compartment.**  
**Left.**

Passing through the Rembrandt-hall we for the second time enter the Grand gallery, where at the westside and accordingly beginning to the left we see the following pictures: 1506. Willem Van de Velde the Younger. The Y before Amsterdam, originating from the meeting-room of the commissaries of the harbours and quays, in the Schreyers tower; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1530. Adriaen Hendricksz. Verboom (1628—16..). A view in the wood; the figures have for the greater part been painted subsequently by Pieter Gerhardus Van Os; bought out of the legacy of the Mrs. Widow D. Balguérie née Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 1208. Roelant Roghman (1597—1686?) Landscape. — 36. Jan De Baen (1633—1702). Portrait of Hieronymus Van Beverningk, Lord of Teylingen, Burgomaster of Gouda, Ambassador of the Dutch Republic, Curator of the Leiden University, General Treasurer of the Union, born April 25, 1614; died October 30, 1690; married April 4, 1655, to Johanna Le Gillon; on the sculptured frame we read his motto: NE TE QVÆSIVERIS EXTRA. (Do not seek yourself without yourself) 1). — 1457. Wallerant Vaillant (1623—1677). Portrait of a lady with three children; present of Mr. C. H. De Swart, 1885. — 769. Thomas De Keyser. Portrait of the family Meebeek-Cruywaghen, before their farm on the Hoogendyk, outside the Haarlemgate at Amsterdam. — 124. Hendrick Bloemaert (1601?—1672). Allegorical representation of winter. — 337. Nicolaes Eliasz., surnamed Pickenoy. Corporalship of Captain Matthys Willemsz. Raephorst and Lieutenant Hendrick Lourensz., 1630; originating from the great military council-chamber of the old town-hall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 77. Jan Abrahamsz. Beerstraaten. Sea in motion with ships near the coast; originating from the Workhouse; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 37. Jan De Baen. Portrait of Johanna Le Gillon, born May 11,

1) So: find your happiness, or your support in yourself. (Information of Professor H. T. Karsten).





1280. DIRCK DIRCKSZ. SANTVOORT. — BURGOMASTER DIRCK JACOBZ. VAN SANTVOORT AND HIS FAMILY.

1635, died September 17, 1706, wife of Hieronymus Van Beveningh; on the sculptured frame has been put her motto: CŒV CONTENT GRAND TALENT; which we may translate thus: Contentment is a great talent. — 143. Ferdinand Bol. Four Governors' of the Leprozenhuis (Pesthouse) originating from the Governors' chamber of that building; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 142. Id. Three Governesses of the Hospital of lepers; originating from the Governors chamber of that building; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 438. Joris Van der Hagen or Verhagen (1600–1669). Hilly landscape; possession of the city of Amsterdam.

**Second compartment. Left.** 335. Nicolaes Elias. surnamed Pickenoy. Four Governors of the Spinhuis (correction house) with the beadle; originating from the Workhouse; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1281. Dirck Dirckz. Santvoort (1610–1680). Governesses of the Correctionhouse at Amsterdam, 1638; originating from the Workhouse; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 365. Govert Flinck. Four chiefmasters of the Arquebusiers; originating from the great Civic-guard-hall of the Arquebusiers shooting house; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 883. Nicolaes Maes Musing. — 289. Attributed to Cornelis Drost (active 1638–1650). Herodias receives the head of John the Baptist. — 332. Nicolaes Elias. surnamed Pickenoy. Civic-guardbanquet of the Corporalship of Captain Jacob Backer and Lieutenant Jacob Rogh, 1632; originating from the Footbow club, possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 768. Thomas De Keyser. The Corporalship of Captain Jacob Symonsz. De Vries and Lieutenant Dirck Graef, 1633; originating from the great military-council-chamber of the old town-hall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 669. Gerard Van Honthorst. The merry gleeman. — 823. Gerard De Lairesse. Diana and Endymion 1). — 468. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. The Masters of the St. Sebastianclub; originating from the great military-council-chamber of the old town-hall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. —

1) Endymion occurs in Greek mythology as a handsome herd, known for the love with which he inspired Diana „the Sister of the Sun”, which goddess descended to him in his sleep, to kiss him.

73. Jan Lievens (1607-1674). Glorification of Peace; originating from the building named St. Joris in the 'Spinhuissteeg'. (Agency of the Department of Finances at Amsterdam.)

**Third compartment.** 767. Thomas De Keyser. Corporalship of Left. Captain Allart Cloeck and Lieutenant Lucas Jacobsz. Rotgans, 1632; originating from the great military-council-chamber of the old Town-hall; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — Not numbered. Pieter De Grebber (1590?—16..). Christ's corpse bewailed by the women; loan of the Royal Antiquarian Society. — 463—1467. Werner Van Valckert (159.—16..). Five pictures representing the admittance of children to the Aalmoezeniersweeshuis, (Orphanhouse for the poor), the inscribing of the poor, the distribution of bread, money and clothes, and visiting the poor by the Almoners; originating from the Governors-chamber of the Almsorphanhouse; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 665. Melchior Hondecoeter (1636—1695). The floating feather. — 879. Jacob von (1586?—1651?) Corporalship of Captain Jacob Pietersz. Hooghamer and Lieutenant Pieter Jacobsz. Van Rhyn, 1628; originating from the Footbow club; possession of the city of Amsterdam. — 1605. van Weenix (1640—1719). Farm. — 399. Johannes Glauber, surnamed Polydor (1646—1726). Mercury and Iö. — 1039. Pieter Pietersz. van Noort (1592—16..). Fish. — 441. Frans Hals (1580—1666). Portrait of Frans Hals and his second wife, Lysbeth Reyniers. — 76. Gerard Van Honthorst. Christ nailed at by the soldiers; loan of father L. Kreling, 1887. — 400. Johannes Glauber. Diana in the bath. — 1038. Pieter Pietersz. Van Noort. Fish.

**Fourth Compartment.** 586. Unkn. master. Portrait of Jan Pietersz. Snoeck; legacy of Mrs. Widow D. Balguérie, née Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 961. Abraham Mignon (1640—1679). The bouquet overthrown. — 174. Leonard Bramer (1595—1664). Solomon sacrificing to the idols. — 137. Ferdinand Bol. Instruction; allegory. — 587. Unkn. master. Portrait of Margriet Govertsd. Bal, wife of Jan Pietersz. Snoeck, legacy of Mrs. Widow D. Balguérie, née Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 459. Jan Davidsz. De Heem (1606—1683?) Flowers and Fruit. — 1402. Abraham Van den Tempel (1622?—1672).





VIEW ON THE STAIRS.



Portrait of Abraham De Visscher, married to Machteld Bas; legacy of Mrs. D. Balguérie *née* Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 661. Melchior D'Hondecoeter. Farm. — 1283. Dirck Dircksz. Santvoort. Portrait of Marinus Alewyn, at a youthful age in the dress of a shepherd. — 60. Karel Batist (16..—16..). Flowers; present of Jhr. Otto Smissaert, 881. — 1284. Dirck Dircksz. Santvoort. Portrait of Anna Alewyn at a youthful age and represented as a shepherdess. — 31. Jacob Andriaensz. Backer (1608?—1651). Six Governors of the Nieuwezijds-uiszittenhuis (almshouse), as also of the master and mistress, 1651; originating from the 'Werkhuis', property of the city of Amsterdam. — 50. Melchior D'Hondecoeter. Magpie in contemplation. — 1401. Abraham Van den Tempel. Portrait of Machteld Bas, widow of Abraham De Visscher; legacy of Mrs. D. Balguérie *née* Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 473. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Portrait of Andriesicker, Lord of Engelenburg, Burgomaster of Amsterdam, born 1586; died June 24, 1652. — 131. Zacharias Blyhooft (16..—1681?). Portrait of Mr. François Leydecker, Burgomaster of Tholen, died Oct. 13, 1638; present of Jhr. Mr. J. H. F. K. Van Swinderen, 1884. — 1280. Dirck Dircksz. Santvoort. Portraits of Burgomaster Dirck Jacobsz. Bas and his family; legacy of Mrs. D. Balguérie *née* Van Ryswyck, 1823. — 136. Ferdinand Bol. A mother and two children. — 474. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Portrait of Gerard Andriesz.icker, Drost (Bailiff) of Muyden and of Gooiland, born June 6, 1623, married May 14, 1656 to Alida Konings, died Sept. 16, 1666. — 132. Zacharias Blyhooft. Portrait of Maria Van der Burght, wife of François Leydecker; present of Jhr. Mr. J. H. F. K. Van Swinderen, 1884.

Having viewed these paintings, we return to the Entrance-hall and, by the same stairs by which we came up, we now descend to the ground floor to examine the other collections of art.

Passing a marble figure of Ceres, bequeathed to the Museum by Mr. J. Hilman, in 1881, and some casts of Greek statues, derived from the gallery of statues of the late Society „Felix Meritis”, (1)

(1) This society was dissolved in 1889; its collections were divided as follows: the books were added to the University library, some pictures, among which the celebrated „Endless Prayer” by N. Maes, came to the city of Amsterdam, that

we descend a second staircase leading to the covered west inner-court, where we see lodged the:



SCULPTURED ENRICHMENT OF THE BALUSTER.

**West Inner-court.**  
**Collection of casts.**  
No. 209 of the ground-plan.

National collection of casts; it takes up the whole space of the west inner-court. It has for its aim to acquaint with the most important monuments of early-Dutch sculpture and of ornamentation applied to architecture those who are engaged in the production of artistic articles of industry and others taking an interest in these pursuits. Though only in 1879 a beginning has been made with this collection, yet it counts already several interesting samples

highly important to the knowledge of art from periods long past.

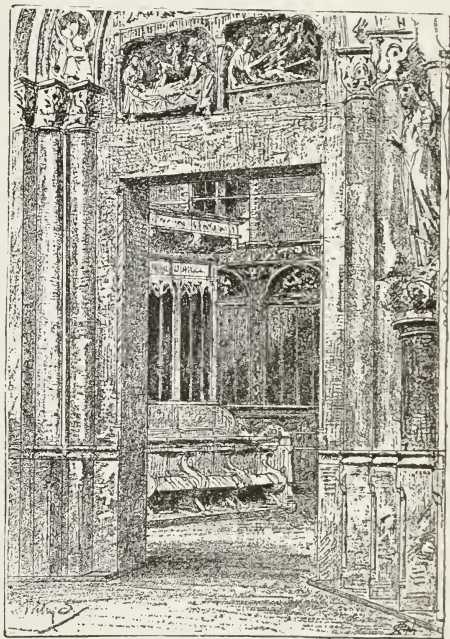
Among the principal we notice the following:

subsequently gave them as loans to the National Museum, several objects of different nature found their way to the 'Nederlandsch Museum' while, finally, the plaster statues were transferred partly to the National Academy of Fine Arts and other institutions for teaching drawing, and partly to the National Museum.

In the centre rises above everything else the cast of the south porch of St. Servatius' church at Maestricht, one of the oldest monuments of Christian art in the Netherlands, perhaps as early as the 11th century. The central reliefs represent Mary's death, burial and coronation, the arches and the spaces between the columns being decorated with the figures of apostles, patriarchs, kings and prophets.

Behind this porch, we see a copy of the monumental tomb of Engelbrecht, Count of Nassau, Baron of Breda, general and confident of the Emperor Charles V, and of his consort Limburg of Baden. Though this monument was formerly, but erroneously, attributed to Michel Angelo, the name of the maker is unknown. The figures of the count and his consort are lying on a slab rolled up under their heads. Four generals: Caesar, Regulus, Hannibal and Philip of Macedonia resting on one knee, carry a stone abacus with the count's armour (16th cent.)

To the right of this there is a reproduction of another Dutch work of art from the latter half of the 15th century, viz. the oak stall of St. Martin's-church at Bolsward richly ornamented with carvings. Over the seats the frontals are nicely worked with tracery, the stiles being adorned with figures; on the lower edge of the seats, which may be turned up, there are misereres enriched with quaint figures; the two side-pieces have bassi-relievi, as: the fall of Manna, the baptism of Christ and others.



PORTION OF THE PORCH OF ST. SERVATIUS' CHURCH AT MAESTRICHT.

Opposite this stall is the cast of the stall in the Renaissance style from the church of Dordrecht, executed by Jan Aertsz. Terwen (1511–1589). This master-piece of wood chiseling was completed by him in 1539. The slender columns over the seats are exquisitely worked. The misereres, as in the Bolsward stall, are enriched with antics.

At the back of the stall there is a copy of the doorway of the orphanage at Enkhuizen (17<sup>th</sup> cent.), besides some casts of chiseling by A. Quellinus.

Near it is placed a copy of the brass font of the Cathedral at Breda, with a wrought-iron crane to remove the lid at the ceremony of baptism (16<sup>th</sup> cent.).

Behind the two stalls may be seen a copy of the oaken screen with bronze columns from the West-church at Enkhuizen, remarkable for beautifully carved mythological and biblical scenes in Renaissance style (16<sup>th</sup> cent.).

Over it, on the west wall, is the organ of the Lutheran church at Amsterdam, of the year 1692. The doors are painted on the inside by Philip Tideman, a pupil of Gerard De Lairese.

Lower on the wall: a copy of the tombstone of Johannis De Borgnival, of 1536, the original of which is found in the Cathedral at Breda.

Further to the dexter side: a copy of the tomb of Christ from the Cathedral at Utrecht with beautiful, but greatly damaged Gothic sculpture (15<sup>th</sup> cent.).

On the north wall:

a copy of the Sedilia (containing three seats for priests) from the „Bovenkerk” at Kampen (13<sup>th</sup> cent.). — The organ with painted doors from the church at Scheemda (16<sup>th</sup> cent.). — The organ removed from the Nicolaï church at Utrecht (latter part of the 15<sup>th</sup> cent.). — Tomb-stone of Uriel van Gemmingen, Archbishop and Elector of Mayence, (1508–1514) remarkable as a type of the transition from the Gothic to the Renaissance style (early part of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent.). — Monument of Siegfried III of Eppstein, Archbishop of Mayence; to the right the effigy of the king of the Roman Empire, William II, Count of Holland (13<sup>th</sup> cent.).

On the south wall: a copy of part of the ceiling of the castle at Jever, an exquisite sample of carving in Renaissance style, probably



Dutch art, (16<sup>th</sup> cent.), Somewhat further there is a reproduction in part of the façade of the townhall at the Hague (16<sup>th</sup> cent.). A little further on a small but exceedingly fine church organ (first half 16<sup>th</sup> century), originating with the church at Haringcarspel, adorned with coats-of-arms and painted carving. Further some casts of arch-heads, etc. from the façade of Maerten Van Rossum's house at Zaltbommel.

Among the remaining objects most attention is due to the cast of an oaken press from the 17<sup>th</sup> century, and further to castings of columns and capitals from the crypts of the churches at Rolduc, Maastricht and Rinsumageest, etc.

Further may be seen a collection of sculptured old gable-front stones from demolished houses, for the greater part from Amsterdam. They form a long row on the east side; several of them bearing witness of a masterhand of sculpture, especially three among them, representing a distribution to the poor in the 17<sup>th</sup> century, taken from the gable of the Almshouse. These exquisite pieces are attributed to the celebrated architect-sculptor Hendrick De Keyser 1).

### Early-Dutch Parlour.

No. 188 and 186 of the ground-plan.

Leaving the inner-court, some stairs lead us to a space given in use to the Royal Archeological Society and fitted up as a 17<sup>th</sup> century Dutch parlour, containing a bed-stead. The

old furniture, especially the presses, chairs, fire-place, etc. with all the rest bear the Early-Dutch type. On the wall there are some old pictures, as a large view of the castle at Egmont, showing in front many figures in the dress of the 16<sup>th</sup> century, as also a picture by an unknown master from the first half of the 17<sup>th</sup> century, and probably an imitation of an older picture, representing the trial of the Bailiff of South-Holland in 1336; by Count William the Good; 2) a portrait of Pieter Dircksz., called Longbeard, Burgomaster of Edam, in 1583. — further the picture of an ox, with a wreath of green

1) Cf. Van Lennep en Ter Gouw. De Uithangteekens (Sign-boards) vol. I page 185.

2) Count William III being ill at Valenciennes, ordered a Bailiff, who had taken from a farmer in South-Holland a fine cow, and given him a bad one instead, to pay 100 golden crowns, and thereupon had him beheaded.

leaves round its neck, won by an Amsterdam bow-man at a shooting match. This piece has been painted by Jacob Cornelisz. Van Oost-zaan, and has the following superscription:

Negentien hondert en twalf pont  
heeft geweghe desse osse al ruim  
ende was hooch seshalve voet als hy stont  
ende dick X voete ic liech niet een gruyt  
de lenchte was iust XII voet min IIII duym.

A°. 1564. 1)

On the frame there is this elucidation:

Dese os is gewonnen scutterlic  
van Jacob Reyerszoon Boon  
doe ten tweedemael die papegay  
was gheset vast suuer schoon 2).

Over the fire-place there is an old picture in remembrance of an ice-berg, which in the afternoon of January 2, 1565 at high-tide was floated up the Maes and got fixed at the pier of Delfshaven. This huge nuisance had a height of 23 feet and a length of 19 rods. Last century this picture was in the orphanage at Delft.

The contiguous cabinet contains some 17<sup>th</sup> century furniture, among which a nice inlaid case, gold-leather hanging, some old portraits in oil colours and a fine landscape of Delfware, probably made by Frytom.

**Hall of the Admirals.** In the next hall there is a remarkable collection of painted portraits of Admirals and Generals, and of pictures representing naval engagements and battles, from different periods, but for the greater part from the 17<sup>th</sup> century.

Beginning on the south side of the hall, the principal pieces are: 1599. Hendrik.Cornelisz. Vroom. Return of the vessel in which Cornelis Houtman made his first voyage to India, August

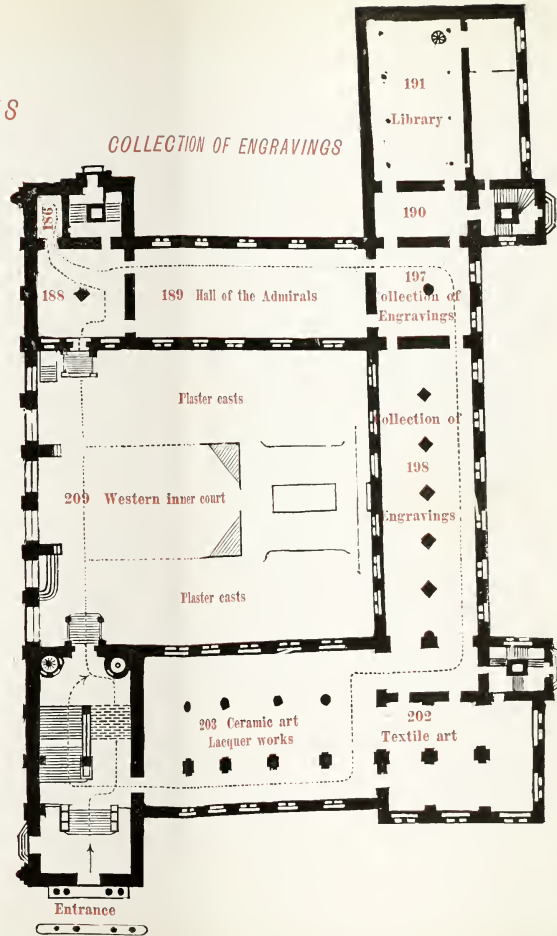
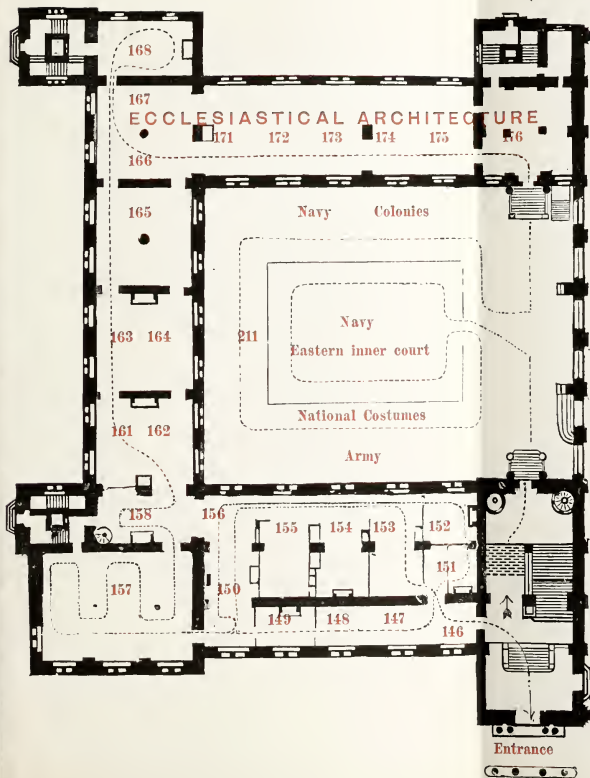
1) This ox weighed rather more than nineteen hundred and twelve pounds, stood five feet and a half, was ten feet in circumference, without exaggeration; its length was just 4 inches less than twelve feet.

2) This ox was won in shooting by Jacob Reyerszoon Boon, when the peacock, as an aim, had been firmly placed for the second time.

Ground floor  
COLLECTIONS

DUTCH MUSEUM

COLLECTION OF ENGRAVINGS



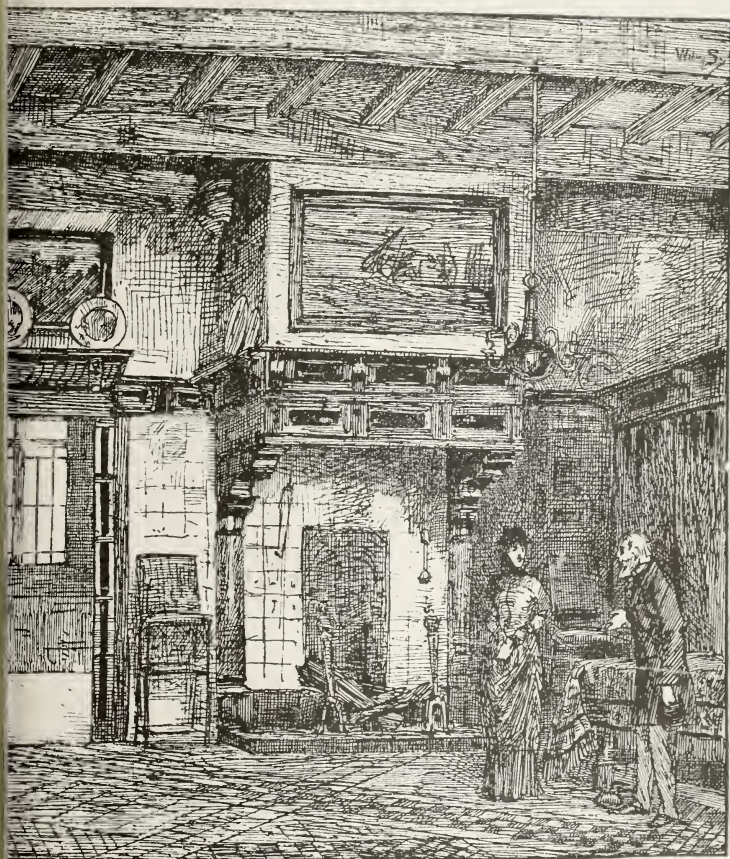




597. — 1128. Frans Post (1612?—1680). View in Brazil 1) — 69.  
Andries Beeckman (middle of the 17th cent.). View on Jacatra, after-

Picture 24.

Page 127.



EARLY-DUTCH PARLOUR.

wards Batavia, in Java. — 560. Unkn. master. Portrait of Charles

The carved wooden frame of this picture is enriched with plants, reptiles, insects, etc. from Brazil.

De Heraugières, b. 1565, d. 1610, Governor of Breda. 1) — 112. Portrait of Frans Post. Portrait of Johan Maurits, Count of Nassau-Siegen, Governor of Brazil, b. June 17, 1604; d. Dec. 20, 1697. — Not numbered. Unkn. master. Portrait of Lieut.-General Carel Rabenhaupt, Baron of Sucha, b. Jan. 6, 1602; d. Aug. 12, 1675. — 1572. Simon De Vlieger (1600?—1660?). Engagement on the Slaak between the Dutch and Spanish fleets, September 12, 1631. — 71. Kornelis Beeke (middle of the 17th cent.). The Dutch herring-fleet; present of M. W. E. Van Pappelendam. — 1539. Lieve Verschuier (1630?—1686). Keelhauling of a surgeon in the ship of Admiraal Aert Van Nes on the Maas off Rotterdam. — 1597. Hendrick Cornelisz. Vroom. Seafight between the Dutch and Spanish fleets off Gibraltar, April 25, 1607. — 737 and 738. Lud. De Jongh (1616—1697). Portrait of the Vice-Admiral Jan Van Nes, b. April 23, 1631; d. June 1684, and of his wife Aletta Van Ravensburgh, b. 1635, d. Nov. 22, 1672. — 108. Hendrick Berckmans (1629—1679). Portrait of Lieut.-Admiral Adriaen Banckert, b. 1602, d. 1684. — 1326. Hendrick Van Schuylenburgh (16..—1689). Copy. Portrait of Admiral Pieter Florisz. b. 1605, killed Nov. 8, 1658. — 40. Ludolf Bakhuysen. The Grand Pensionary Johan De Witt, as deputy of the States-General going on board of the Dutch fleet, Aug. 14, 1665. — 478. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Portrait of Vice-Admiral Johan De Liefde, b. about 1621; d. Aug. 21, 1673. — 1215. Jan Albertsz. Rootsius (1615—1674). Portrait of Lieut.-Admiral Jan Cornelisz. Meppel, b. 1609; July 1669. — 1183. Unknown master. Portrait of Gaspard De Chatillon, Count of Coligny, Admiral of France, murdered in the night of St. Bartholomew, August 23/24, 1572. — 1165. Jan Anthonisz. Ravesteyn? (1572?—1657) Portrait of Vice-Admiraal Joris Van Catwijck, Lord of Coulster. — Not numbered. Cornelis Bisschop (1630—1674). Allegory concerning Cornelis De Witt, after the expedition to Chatham, June 1667. — Not numb. Unkn. master. Portrait of Lieut.-Admiral Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp, b. Apr. 23, 1597; killed Aug. 10, 1654. — 1631. Attributed to Abraham Willaerts (middle of the 17th cent.). Portrait of Lieut.-Admiral Jacob Van Wassenaer-Obdam, b. 1611, killed July 13, 1665. — 470 and 471. Bartholomeus Van der Helst

1) He surprised Breda in 1590 by means of a peat-vessel.

Portraits of Lieutenant-Admiral Aert Van Nes, b. April 10, 1626; d. Sept. 13, 1693, and of his wife Geertruida Den Dubbelde, b. 1647, m. 1665, d. Jan. 7, 1684. — Series of 50 small portraits of Princes of the house of Orange-Nassau, and of commanders of the 16th and 17th centuries, taken from the former mansion at Honselaarsdijk. — 497. Paulus Van Hillegaert. The battle of Nieuwpoort, July 2, 1700. — 1491. Esaias Van de Velde. The garrison leaving Bois-le-Duc after the surrender in 1629. — 498. Paulus Van Hillegaert. Disbanding the Waartgelders (mercenaries) at Utrecht, July 31, 1618. — 51. Unkn. master. Portrait of Capt<sup>n</sup> Wigbolt Ripperda, beheaded July 16, 1573. — Not numb. Hendrik De Meyer (lived in the 2nd half of the 17th cent.). Departure of the Spanish garrison of Breda, (Oct. 10, 1637. 1) — 915. Id. Surrender of the town of Hulst, Nov. 5, 1645. — 1166. Jan Anthonisz. Van Ravesteyn. Portrait of Colonel Nicolaes Smeltzing, b. 15.., d. 1629. — 499. Paulus Van Hillegaert. The siege of Bois-le-Duc, in 1629. — 288. Joost Cornelisz. Droochsnot. Disbanding the Waartgelders (mercenaries) at Utrecht, July 31, 1618. — Not numb. Sebastiaen Vrancx? Equestrian combat of Pierre De Bréauté and Gerard Abrahamsz. *alias* Lekkerbeetje on the Haght moor, Feb. 5, 1600. — 1034*a*. Reynier Nooms, called Zeevaert (1623—1668). View of Algiers. — 1034*d*. Idem. View of Tunis. — 1001. J. A. Mytens. Portrait of Lieut.-Admiral-General Cornelis Tromp, b. Sept. 9, 1629; d. May 29, 1691. — 1002. Id. Portrait of Margaretha Van Raephorst, married Jan. 25, 1667, to Cornelis Tromp. — 1507. Willem Van de Velde the Younger. Scene from the four days' naval engagement, June 11—14, 1666: the capture of the English Admiral-ship „The Royal Prince,” from George Ascue, commander of the squadron of the white flag, on the third day. — 472. Bartholomeus Van der Helst. Portrait of Lieutenant-Admiral Egbert Pauwelsz. Kortenaer, b. 1600, killed June 13, 1665. — 562. Unknown master. Portrait of Joost De Moor, Vice-Admiral of Zeeland, b. 15.., d. Feb. 18, 1610. — 1092. Jan Peeters (1624—1677). Conflagration of the English fleet before Chatham, in 1667. — 135. Ferdinand Bol. Portrait of Lieutenant-Admiral-General Michiel Adriaensz. De Ruyter,

(c) The gilt frame, richly ornamented with the attributes of war, is a master-piece of carving from the 17th cent.

b. March 24, 1607; d. Apr. 29, 1676; present from the Council of Zeeland, 1808. — 1508. Willem Van de Velde the Younger. The prizes made in the four day's naval engagement. — 763. Thoms De Keyser. Portrait of Lieutenant-Admiral Pieter Pietersz. Hein, Nov. 27, 1577; d. June 18, 1629. — 564. Unknown master. Portrait of Vice-Admiral Witte Cornelisz. De With, b. Apr. 29, 1599, killed Nov. 8, 1658. — 1034*b*. Reynier Nooms, called Zeeman. View of Syracuse. — 1034*c*. Id. View of Tangier. — 874. Jan Lievens (1616 — 1674). Portrait of Lieutenant-Admiral Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp. — 875. Id. Portrait of Cornelia Teding Van Berckhout, 3rd wife of Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp. — 843. Johannes Lingelbach. The battle off Leghorn, March 23, 1653. — 1594. Sebastiaen Vrancx. The siege of Wachtendonk by the Spaniards, Jan. 22 and 23, 1600. — 1469*b*. H. . . . De Valck (2nd half of the 17th cent.). Portrait of Hans Willem Baron van Aylva, „the formidable General”, b. 1635, d. March 28, 1691. — 1469*b*. Id. Portrait of Froukje Van Aylva, the General's wife. — 1033. Reynier Nooms, called Zeeman. The engagement off Leghorn, March 14, 1653. — 786. J. Koedyck? Portrait of a general or of a naval commander. — Not numb. Old copy after an unknown master. Portrait of Capt<sup>n</sup> (Navy) Pieter Willemsz. Verhoeff (1615 . . ., murdered May, 22, 1609). — 1003. J. A. Mytens. Portrait of Johan Van Beaumont, Colonel of the Guards and Commander of Den Briel. — 1004. Id. Portrait of Maria De Witte Françoisd., wife of J. Van Beaumont. — 485. Lodewyk Van der Helst (1645 — 168 . . .). Portrait of Lieut.-Admiral Augustus Stellingwerf, killed June 13, 1665. — 1339. Experiens Sillemans (1611 — 1653). View of a Dutch harbour and vessels; pen-drawing.

On the side of the Cabinet of Engravings: Bust in plaster of Vice-Admiral Pierre André De Suffren St. Tropez, b. 1726, d. 1788; cast of the marble bust by J. A. Houdon in the 'Maurits-huis' at The Hague. — Idem. Of the Stadtholder Frederik Hendrik, Prince of Orange; cast of the marble bust by Rombout Verhulst in the 'Maurits-huis'. — Idem of the Stadtholder Willem III, Prins of Orange; cast as above. — Idem of Lieut.-Admiral Jacob Van Wassenaer-Obdam; cast of the marble statue on his monument in the Great or St. James' church at The Hague, by Bartholomeus Eggers. — 500. Paulus Van Hillegaert. Prince Frederik Hendrik and a gene-



al on horseback, at the siege of Breda in 1637. — 74. Jan Abrahamsz. Beerstraten. Naval engagement between the Dutch and English fleets, June 11—14, 1666. — 1658. Pieter Wouwerman. The storming of the town of Koevorden, in 1672.

Northside of the hall, to the side of the inner court: 1632. Adriaen van Willaerts (1577—1664). Battle of Gibraltar, April 25, 1607. — 1598. Hendrick Cornelisz. Vroom. View of the Y and Amsterdam, originating from the 'Werkhuis'; property of the city of Amsterdam. — 1496. Willem Van de Velde the Elder (1611?—1693). The four days' battle, June 11—14, 1666. — 1494. Id. The four days' battle, pen-drawing. — 1495. Id. Marine piece, pen-drawing. — 1500. Idem. The battle off Leghorn, March 14, 1653, (pen-drawing). — 1501. Idem. The battle off Ter Heyde, August 10, 1653 (pen-drawing). — 1502. Idem. The expedition to Chatham, June 22, 1667 (pen-drawing). — 1503. Idem. Lieut.-Admiral Tromp going on board (pen-drawing). — 629*a*. Abraham Storck? (1630—1710?) View of the isle of Onrust, near Batavia. — 590. Unkn. master. Marine piece with Dutch vessels. — 630. Unkn. master. Attack of the Dutch at Chatham, 1667. — 1034*e*. Reynier Nooms, called Zeeman. The burning of the English fleet on the river near Rochester, June 1667. — 591. Jan Theunisz. Blankenhoff, *alias* Jan Maet (1628—16..). Flushing's road. -- Not numb. Ludolf Bakhuysen. View of a dock-yard; pen-drawing. — 631. Unknown master. The conquered admiralship "The Royal Charles" carried off in 1667. — 12. Aert Van Antum. Attack of the English and Dutch ships on the Spanish Invincible Armada, Aug. 22, 1588. — 1499. Willem Van de Velde the Elder. Battle of Dunkirk, (pen-drawing). — 1498. Idem. Battle of the Downs, October 21, 1639 (pen-drawing). — 1505. Idem. Representation of the men-of-war „Prins Frederik Hendrik”, the „Drenthe” and others, (pen-drawing). — 1504. Id. Battle of the Sound, Nov. 8, 1658, pen-drawing. — 83*a*. J. Bellevois (2<sup>nd</sup> half of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent.). Water in motion and vessels sailing. Present of Mr. G. P. Rouffaer, 1885. — Not numb. Unkn. master. Portrait in pastel of Vice-Admiral Johan Arnold Zoutman, b. May 10, 1724; d. May 7, 1793. Present of Jhr. N. Victor De Stuers, 1887. — 1322. Martinus Schouman (1770—1848). Bombardment of Algiers, Aug. 27, 1816. — 639. Unknown master. Portrait of Captain in the Navy Hendrik Lynslager, b. May

13, 1693; d. Feb. 28, 1768. Loan of the Roy. Antiq. Society. — 1357. Guillaume Spinny (17..—1785). Portrait of Vice-Admiral Hendrik Lynslager. Loan as above. — 454. August Christiaan Hauc (1742—1801). Portrait of Vice-Admiral Johan Arnold Zoutman. — 454a. Id. Portrait of Adriana Johanna Van Heusden, wife of J. A. Zoutman. — 65—68. Nicolaes Bauer. Four pictures of the bombardment of Algiers, Aug. 26 and 27, 1816, as: Arrival of the United English and Dutch fleets in the bay of Algiers. — The burning of the Algerine navy. — Sloops rendering assistance to Lord Exmouth's „Queen Charlotte”. — The bombardment. — 761a. Gerrit Lauren Keultjes (1786—18..?) Attack of the united squadron on Algiers 1816. — 1103. Jan Willem Pieneman. Portrait of Lieutenant-General David Hendrik Baron Chassé, born March 18, 1765, died May 2 1849. — 169. Ferdinand De Braekeleer (1792—1883). The ruins of the Citadel of Antwerp, December 1832. — 249. Cornelis van Cuylenburg (1754—1824). Portrait of Vice-Admiral Jhr. Theodorus Frederik Van Capellen, born 1762, died April 15, 1842. — 1321. Martinus Schooman. The expedition to Boulogne, 1804. — 250. Cornelis Van Cuylenburg. Portrait of Admiral Johan Arnold Zoutman. — 248. Id. Portrait of Rear-Admiral Willem Crul, born November 25, 1721, killed February 4, 1781. — 591. Unknown master. Dutch men-of-war at sea. — 1064. Pieter Gerhardus Van Os. The bombardment of Naarden in 1814. — 992. Louis Moritz. Camp of Cossacks. — 1068. Pieter Gerhardus Van Os. The casemates of Naarden. — 1062. Id. Removing the ice from the Karnemelksloot near Naarden; episode from the siege of Naarden, 1814. — 1063. Id. The crescent before Naarden at the siege in 1814. — 967. Josephus Judocus Moerenhout (1800—1874). Advanced guard of Cossacks. — 404. Anthonie Cornelis Govaerts (18..—1855). The female sutler. — 452. Johannes Hari (1772—1849). Episode from the campaign in Russia in 1812; nightquarters at Molodetschno, December 4, 1812; legacy of Mr. W. P. D' Auzon de Boisminart 1870. — 1104. Jan Willem Pieneman. Portrait of Colonel Nicolaas Cornelis De Gallièrès, born April 5, 1778, died March 12, 1836. — Not numbered. Pieter Gerardus Van Os. Advanced guard of Cossacks in November 1813. Loan of the Royal Antiquarian Society. — 1102. Jan Willem Pieneman. Portrait of Jacob Hobein; he saved the Dutch flag while the enemies were

ing, March 19, 1831; born January 8, 1810, died April 9, 1888.  
 127. Hermanus Anthonie De Bloeme (1802-1867). Portrait of  
 Lieutenant-General Anthonie Frederik Jan Floris Jacob Baron Van  
 Omphal, born May 2, 1788, died July 8, 1863; legacy of Jonkvr.  
 L. M. Van Omphal 1877. — Not numbered. Charles Van Beve-  
 n. Soldier taking leave. — Not numbered. Wouterus Verschuur.  
 Episode from the ten days' Campaign, August 1831; possession of  
 the city of Amsterdam. — 589. Unknown master. View of the sea  
 near the shore at Scheveningen. — Not numbered. Frans Post. View  
 of Brazil. — 1323. Martinus Schouman. The Expedition to Palembang,  
 1819.

Besides the already named busts in plaster we find here those fol-  
 lowing: Johannes Blommendaël (active in the second half of the  
 18th century). Bust in plaster of Willem III, Prince of Orange and  
 King of England; cast of the original in marble in the Mauritshuis.  
 P. J. Gabriel. Bust in plaster of Vice-Admiral Jan Hendrik Van  
 insbergen; cast of the marble original in the library of the Royal  
 Academy of Sciences at Amsterdam. — Rombout Verhulst. Busts in  
 plaster of the Stadtholder Willem II, Prince of Orange and his con-  
 sort Maria Stuart, Crownprincess of England; after the originals in  
 marble in the Mauritshuis. — Franciscus Regnerus Johannes Don-  
 ders R. Hz. Bust in plaster of Julius Constantyn Ryk, born January  
 1, 1787, died May 2, 1854; Vice-Admiral, Governor of the Dutch  
 West-Indies, Minister of the Navy, and lastly member of the II<sup>d</sup>  
 Chamber of the States-General. Present out of the inheritance of  
 Mrs. Widow De Hartitzsch, *née* Rijk, 1890.

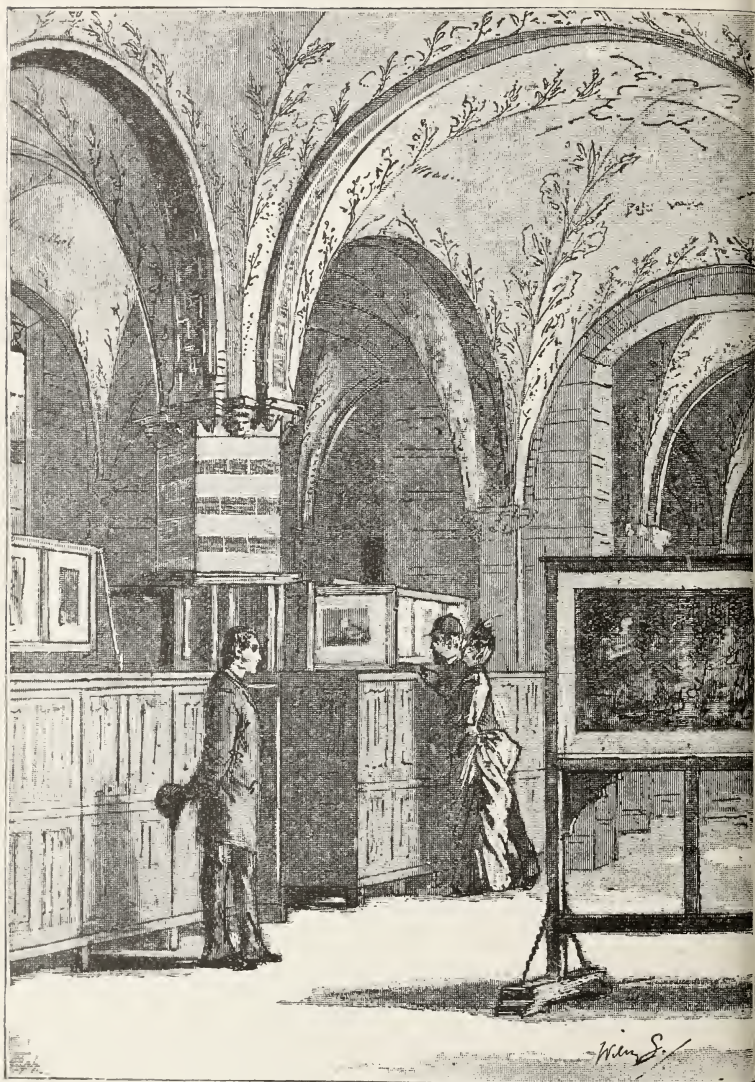
# **Collection of Engravings.**

Nos. 197 and 198 of  
 the ground-plan.

Next to the Hall of Admirals is the National  
 Collection of engravings and drawings.

The Collection of Engravings was removed  
 in 1816 from the Royal library at The Hague,  
 Amsterdam, and there added to the National Museum of Pictures  
 in exchange of the Numismatic collection, which was then trans-  
 ferred to the royal residence. The collection came into existence by  
 the purchase of the engravings by Van Leyden, in 1809, and, after  
 being conveyed to Amsterdam, it was continually increased,





CABINET OF ENGRAVINGS.



especially by purchases at the auction of the collection of Count von Fries, and of that of the print-seller Josi. 1)

Few countries have produced so many able engravers in wood and metal as Holland, so that, as early as the 17<sup>th</sup> century, it occurred to private persons to collect their works. Rembrandt is the chief of the Dutch artists, but not only as a painter; for he handled the burin with as much genius as the brush. Many of his pupils excelled equally in painting as in engraving; the latter art reached, to say, its acme in our country in the 17<sup>th</sup> century; for that period produced the greatest number of engravers. But to study and appreciate any one subdivision of art, we must be able to take a review of the entire history of its development, and the opportunity of doing so can only be offered by a very extensive collection. Where the powers of private persons would undoubtedly fail the State has taken the matter in hand, and so the National Collection of Engravings was formed. This excellent institution for the study of our great masters has been entirely organised by and is under the directorship of Mr. J. Ph. Van den Kellen 2). In 1887 the collection counted about 150,000 engravings, rather more than 400 illustrated works, and 400 drawings 3); from that time the different limits have been considerably increased. In 1881 the important historical atlas concerning the history of the country, compiled by the late Mr. Frederik Muller was purchased by the Government for about 30,000 guilders (£ 2500) and added to the cabinet. From that time to time the Collection of Engravings was greatly extended by presents, one of the most important being a considerable collection of portraits of celebrated persons, offered in 1871 by Mr. D. Franken Dzn. One portion of the finest and most important engravings and drawings is exhibited, arranged, as near as possible, to chronological

1) Louis Napoleon, king of Holland, was the real founder of the Cabinet of Engravings, as well as of the Museum of Pictures.

2) Mr. Van der Kellen is assisted by the Sub-director Jhr. W. Hora Siccama and M. J. A. Boland, Assistant.

3) The collection of drawings dates from a more recent time and owes its existence entirely to the unremitting exertions of the 'Referendaris' (section chief-official) Jhr. Mr. Victor De Stuers and the zealous endeavours of Mr. J. Ph. Van den Kellen.

order and according to the schools. The six columns in the middle of the hall have been used for the exhibition of a number of engravings, while another portion, also behind glass, is placed on stands near the windows and on the cupboards.

Entering the hall from the one of the Admirals, we see a collection of engravings of foreign schools and beginning at the first column, among others: of H. Aldegrever (1502—1562). His portrait and three dagger sheaths. — L. Cranach, the Elder (1472—1553). Temptation of St. Antony. — M. Schöngauer (1420—1488). Mary at prayers; „the master of 1466”. Birth of Christ. — W. Hollaender (1607—1677) after P. Boel. Dead game. — C. Mellan (1598—1688). Veronica's handkerchief. This picture is a real curiosity in engraving since Christ's face, according to tradition leaving an impression on the handkerchief, is here represented by a single spiral line beginning at the nose and so going round without any cross lines, the light and shadowy parts being obtained by making the line broader or thinner, as may be required. — Marcus Pitteri. Christ on the Cross. This print is not less remarkable for the manner of working with straight lines, without cross lines; light and shadow being obtained only by making the lines thicker or thinner. — P. I. Drevet (1697—1739) after H. Rigaud. Portrait of Bossuet. — R. Nanteuil (1630—1678). Portrait of De Créqui, Duc de Lesdiguières. — J. Daullé (1709—1763) after Mignard. Portrait of Cathérine Mignard, Comtesse de Feuquières. — On the stand are exhibited engravings of old Italian masters, i. a.: of G. A. da Brescia. Hercules killing the hydra of Lerna. — J. Campagnola. Ganymedes borne by Jupiter's eagle. — Peregrini da Cesena. Six so-called niellos. — On the press near the hall of the Admirals we see among other items of J. G. Wille (1715—1808) after L. Tocqué. Portrait of Poisson de Vandières de Marigny. — J. G. Bervic (1756—1822) after Lépicié. „Le repos”. — A. Dürer (1471—1528). Portrait of U. Varnbühler. — G. F. Schmidt (1712—1775) after Rembrandt. „The Jewish bride” and „the Jewish bride's Father”; — after H. Rigaud. Portrait of L. De La Tour d'Auvergne. — J. Danzel (1755—1810) after Rubens. The Sons of Rubens. — On the press to the side of the street i. a.: of Robetta (1490—1520). Mary with Christ and John. — R. Guidi after J. Palma. St. Jerome. — J. Ribera-Spagnoletto (1588—1656) St. Jerome

ad St. Bartholomew. — A. Mantegna (1431—1506). Mary in the  
 sulcher, and the Resurrection. — M. A. Raimondi (1475—1534).  
 The Five Saints. — N. da Modena Rosex. Vulcan and Amor. —  
 Of the engravings exhibited along the walls we name: G. Longhi  
 (1766—1831) after Gérard. The portrait of Eugène de Beauharnais.  
 — J. Watson (1740—1790) after Reynolds. Portrait of Lady Stan-  
 tpe. — Th. Watson (1743—1781) after Reynolds. Portrait of Mrs.  
 Erker. — R. Earlom (1728—1822) after Van Huysum. Two pieces  
 of Flowers and Fruit; these blackprints surpass anything produced  
 in this line. — M. Borrekens (1615—1670) after Rubens. Christ  
 surged, picture in six leaves, altogether having a height of 1, 52  
 M by a width of 1,514 M.; one of the largest prints in existence. —  
 F. Stang (b. 1831) after Raphael. The marriage of Joseph and Mary.  
 Proceeding we find the Dutch school of engraving exhib-  
 ited in chronological order at the successive columns, the stands near  
 the windows to the side of the street joining them. On the cases  
 placed between the columns the drawings are exhibited, likewise in  
 chronological order, and of which some of the most remarkable will  
 presently be mentioned. First of all our attention is riveted by the  
 so-called „inconnus” by „the master of the Jardins d’amour”, and  
 the „master of 1480”; which are placed in two frames against the  
 back of the wall. They are exceedingly rare, and of most of them  
 but a single copy is known. The collection contains about 90 pieces of  
 these masters, consequently more than all the other cabinets in Europe  
 together. Of course together with the etchings of Rembrandt they  
 constitute the glory of the Amsterdam collection of plates. — From  
 the „master of 1480” we see exhibited nine to the left side, among  
 which: the Youth and Death, — the Cardplayers. — An equal num-  
 ber to the right side, among which: the Meeting of Mary and Elisa-  
 beth, — and the Conversion of St. Paul. From the „master of the  
 Jardins d’amour, St. Eloy. — On the first column are exhibited the  
 engravings of masters of the 16th century, i. a. Corn. Antonisz., the  
 Tower of Babel, the only etching of this master. — H. Cock (1510  
 —1570). Argus beheaded by Mercury. — L. Suavius Suterma-  
 n (1506—1572). Portrait of A. Perrenot. — F. De Vriendt (1529—  
 170). Allegory of the victories of Charles V. — J. Van Stalburgh.  
 Portrait of R. Gemma. — B. Spranger (1546—1628). St. John the

Evangelist, and St. Sebastian. — P. Utenwael. The portraits of A. Van Eyck and C. Valerius. — J. Sadeler (1550—1610) after J. Van Wingen. St. Paul with Aquila. — H. Wierix (1551—1619). Mary with the Child. — H. Goltzius (1558—1617). Portraits of Jan De La Faille and his wife Cornelia Capellen. — Portrait of Th. Frisius son. — H. Saenredam (1565—1607). Portrait of Prins Maurits. — J. De Gheyn II. An ensign and a captain. — J. Muller (1570—1625). The Adoration of the Magi, and after M. Van Mierevelt. The portrait of Ambr. Spinola. — J. Matham (1571—1631) after C. Ketel. Portrait of Vincent Jacobsz. wine-gauger at Amsterdam. — In the corner near the first window we see in frames against the wall plates of masters of the 15th century, as: A. Du Hameel, one of the architects of the cathedral at Bois-le-Duc. Doomsday — and St. Christophe — Zwoil. Mary and St. Bernard. — Near this on the first stand of Master W. the representation of a monstrance, an exquisite specimen of mediaeval goldsmith's art. — Master L. C. Z. Christ tempted by the devil. — Then we notice the prints of L. Van Leiden (1494—1533), who with the subsequent masters belongs already to the 16th century, and to which „Mary Magdalen giving herself up to worldly pleasures.” — Dirk Van Star (1520—1550), also known as a glass stainer. St. Bernard adoring the Virgin, — and St. Luke taking the Virgin's portrait. — Alaert Claeszen. The Ethiopian baptized, and a daggersheath on which is represented St. George. — The „Master of the Lobster”. The beheading of John the Baptist — On the next stand. H. Goltzius. Portrait of D. V. Coornhert and that of Goltzius himself. — J. Muller. „The Liberal Arts expelled by the Turks fled to Olympus.” — On the wall, of H. Goltzius. „The Circumcision” engraved in Dürer's manner, no. 4 of the so-called master-pieces — and of Aeg. Sadeler (1570—1629) after F. Barroccio d'Urbino. The calling of St. Peter.

On the second column we see the work of Rembrandt Van Ryn (1608—1667) and his school and imitators. First, three portraits of Rembrandt himself, then six representations from the New Testament, of which more especially we mention: the message to the shepherds, — and Christ healing the sick, — the so-called 100 guilders print, a copy of which was sold in 1755 for £ 7 and in 1868 for £ 1100. — the cornet „le damier” and the sleeping dog, —



Further some landscapes and nine portraits, among which: C. K. Anslø, Minister of the Baptists, — Cl. De Jonghe, famous publisher of engravings and maps, — J. Lutma the Elder, famous silversmith and embosser, — J. Asselyn, surnamed „Krabbetje”, the painter, — J. M. Bonns, known as the portrait of the „Jewdoctor”, — the minister J. Uytenbogaert, court-chaplain of Prince Maurits, — and the receiver J. Uytenbogaert, — as also a large and a small portrait of the writing-master L. Coppenol. — Further five prints of J. Levens (1607—1663), among which the portrait of J. Van den Bondel. — Successively prints of F. Bol, — G. Van den Eeckhout, S. Koninck, — J. G. Van Vliet, — C. Van Renesse, — H. Segers, H. Heerschop, — P. Rottermont and J. Lutma the Younger, — and from which is pointed to „Josepf sold as a slave”, — and the portrait of L. G. Van Renesse, both by C. Van Renesse, — and by Rottermont, „the warrior with the two-handed sword”. On the stand near this we notice more especially: of P. P. Rubens (1577—1640) S. Catherine, — and of A. Van Dyck (1599—1641) the portraits of A. Van de Wouwer and L. Vorsterman, besides „railing at Christ”. — P. du Pont-Pontius (1603—1658) after Rubens: Christ on the cross, — near it on the wall, P. Pontius after G. Seghers: the adoration of the Magi, and S. Adams Van Bolswert (1586—1659) after A. Van Dyck, Christ crowned with thorns.

On the third column we see a.o. the following prints by masters of the 17th century: P. Feddes of Harlingen (1588—1634), portrait of horseback of Willem Lodewyk of Nassau Stadtholder of Friesland, — S. De Vlieger (1612—1640), the beach at Scheveningen, — J. Brueghel, Velvet (1569—1625), the castle of Unterbarg near Leurenberg, — A. Waterloo (1618—1662), the Angel with Toby, the so-called „masterpiece”, — Herman Sachtleven (1609—1685), the Wittevrouwenpoort (White women gate) at Utrecht, — A. Van Stade (1610—1685), the violin player and the little hurdy-gurdy-player, — C. P. Berchem (1602—1683), the bagpipe-player, the so-called „diamond”, — P. Potter (1625—1654), the flute-playing child, — J. Van Ruysdael (1635—1681), the cottage on the hill, — J. Backhuysen (1631—1709), view on Amsterdam across the Y, — J. De Baen (1633—1702), the fire of the old town-hall at Amsterdam in 1652, — and of P. Bout, a View in winter.

On the stands placed hereby we find for the greater part works of Rembrandt, viz: Christ shown to the people, — and the Crucifixion, — further two landscapes, — then „Ecce Homo” and the Descent from the Cross, — and further of W. Van Nieuwland (1584—1635), a view on Spa. — On the following stand, of Geert truida Rochmans after Roeland Rochman: the house at Zuilen, and of R. De Hooghe (1638—1708), the fire of the Admiralty rop yards at Amsterdam, January 12, 1673.

On the wall we see here of C. J. Visscher, Henriette Mary Stuart, Queen of England, and Willem, Prince of Orange-Nassau visiting Adriaan Pauw at the castle at Heemstede, September 8, 1642, and of the same engraver a view on Loevestein, May 1619, when Hugo De Groot was being imprisoned there, and of Danck Danckerts two prints, respectively after Ph. Wouwerman and P. Berchem.

On the fourth column there are still to be found prints of masters of the 17th century, as a.o. of M. Le Blon (1587—1656), a collection of coats-of-arms and quarters, — J. Van de Velde (1595—1679) the tricktrackplayers, — the highwaymen, — M. Natalis (1609—1670), after Titian Vecellio, portrait of Alphonse D'Avalos, Marquis of Guast and of Maria of Arragon, — W. Hondius (born 1610) after Mytens, portrait of H. C. Loncq, Admiral of the W. I. Company, — Th. Matham (1589—1660) after F. Hals, portrait of Th. Bleuete calligrapher, — J. Suyderhoef (died 1686) after F. Hals, portrait of F. Post painter, — and after Th. De Keyser, „the Burgomasters of Amsterdam awaiting Maria de Medicis,” the celebrated picture of which is placed in the Royal Cabinet at The Hague. — P. Holstein (died 1662), after J. De Bray, portrait of Jean De La Chambre calligrapher and French schoolmaster at Harlem, — Van Dalen Jr. (1613—1650) after T. Vecellio, portrait of Pietro Aretino, Italian poet, — and after Tintoretto, portrait of the painter Seb. Del Piombo, — C. De Visscher (1629—1658) probably after J. Ovens, the wedding party of Charles Gustavus, King of Sweden — the portraits of J. Van den Vondel, and of Jan De Paep, the messenger of the Amsterdam exchange. The subscription of this latter portrait is rather curious, as we are informed by it of the man's versatility:

Aan alle H. H. Cooplieden en Winkeliers Uw E. E. zij kenbaer dat  
Johannes de Paep aen Heeren, Cooplieden en Winkeliers  
verhuurt en bestelt Boeckhouders, knechts en winkelknechts, Zoo binnen als  
buiten 's lants, ook kostgangers en commensalen, een ieder naer  
zijn geld en gelegenheit.

Indien iemand zijnen dienst behoeft, hij woont in de St. Jansstraat in  
de fransche pletbanck een yegelijk ten dienst 1).

P. Van Schuppen (1627—1702) a. o.: Portrait of Renaud d'Este.  
ardinal. — A. Blootelingh (1634—1690) after J. Van Ruysdael.  
our Views at Amsterdam. — H. Bary (b. 1625), after J. De Baen.  
portrait of Hieronimus Van Beverninck, Dutch diplomate. — G.  
alck (1626—1683) after P. De Lely. Portrait of Hortense Mancini,  
chesse de Mazarin. — J. Van Munnickhuysen (b. 1661) after M.  
mburg. Portrait of Hendrik Dirkszn. Spiegel, Burgomaster of  
msterdam.

On the stands belonging to these we notice particularly: of W.  
elff (1580—1638) after A. Van de Venne. Portrait of Prince Mau-  
s, known as, „the portrait in the hat”; — and after M. van Miere-  
lt. Portrait of Louise De Coligny. — H. Van Goudt (1585—1630)  
ter H. Elsheimer. Among others: Ceres drinking at Metanira's; —  
nd Tobias with the angel on the way. — W. Akersloot, after P.  
olyn. Peter denying Christ. — L. Visscher (b. 1636), after B. Van  
er Helst. Portrait of Johan De Liefde, Vice-Admiral; — and after  
Bol. Portrait of C. Tromp, Lt.-Admiral. — A. Blootelingh after  
Van der Helst. Portrait of E. Meeuwsz. Kortenaer. — C. Van  
alen Jr. (b. 1640), after G. Flinck. Portrait. of Johan Maurits Count  
Nassau, „the Brazilian”. — B. Picart (1673—1734). Two title-  
ctures of marriage poems, the former on the marriage of Jacob Alewyn  
hsen and Perina Vorsterman in 1719; the latter on the marriage  
Ysbrand Vincent and Johanna Pauw, 1726. — J. Folkema (1694  
1767) after Mostaert. Portrait of Jacoba van Beyeren. — Jacob

1) To all Merchants and Shopkeepers be it known that Johannes de Paep per-  
ms the duties of an agent to Merchants and Shopkeepers to hire and order Book-  
epers, servants and shopmen, as well in this country as abroad, also boarders and  
lgers, each according to his means and convenience. Should any one desire his  
vices, he lives in St. Jan'sstreet in the French flattening-mill, ready to every  
e's service.

De Wit (1695—1754). The four seasons; vanity; and floating gen — Here are placed along the wall: of L. Visscher. The portrait of the Grand-Pensionary Johan De Witt. — C. Van Daelen, Sr. after G. Flinck. An allegory on the birth of the son of the Elector of Brandenburg and of Louise Henriette of Orange-Nassau in 1649. — P. Tanjé (1706—1761) after Ph. Van Dyck. Portrait of G. W. Van Imhoff, Governor-General of the Dutch East-Indies.

On the fifth column we find the work of masters of the last and of this century, as: Of Tanjé after Rubens. „The Genius of Victory crowns a hero”. — S. Fokke (1712—1784). Prince Willem and his consort enter Amsterdam, May 30, 1768. — C. Van Noorde (1731—1795) after Jelgersma. Portrait of A. Rademaker the well known drawer. — L. B. Coclers (1740—1817). Portrait of the painter Janson, in six different positions. — P. J. Jonxis (1755—1843) after J. Raoux. The Vestals. — J. De Frey (1770—1834) after G. Flinck. Isaac giving Jacob his blessing. — A. B. B. Taurel (1794—1859) after N. Pieneman. Portrait of Sophia Mathilda, Princess of Wirtemberg, Queen of the Netherlands. — J. De Mare (1800—1889) after Titian. Christ's burial. — D. J. Sluyter (1811—1880) after Jan Steen. Woman eating oysters. — J. W. Kaiser (b. 1813) after Rembrandt. Portrait of J. Six, Burgomaster of Amsterdam. — H. W. Couwenberg (1814—1845). Portrait of W. De Clercq, the Improvisator.

Now we turn to the stands which are placed near the windows of the inner-court, with the frames fastened on the wall. This series contains woodcuts, „Camayeux”, black prints and lithographs. First woodcuts of masters of the 16th century. In the first frame of Jacob Cornelisz. Van Oostzanen: St Sylvester with St. Martin, — and St. Christopher with St. Sebastian, — and the Lord's supper. — On the first stand of the same master. Christ in Gethsemane — and the scourging of Christ, — the conflict of the Archangel Michel with the devil — and the temptation of St. Anthony. — Corn. Antonisz. Lazarus and the rich man, — the portrait of Christian III, King of Denmark and Norway. — Jan Ewoutsz. after C. Antonisz. „Truth threatened.” — L. Van Leiden. Simson and Delila. — On the wall. J. Cornelisz. after L. Van Leiden. Jewish Kings on horseback. — On the second stand, of J. Lievens the Elder: Cain slaying Abel — and a nice



andy of trees, the only copy known. — Chr. Jegher (1596—1652).  
 Three woodcuts after Rubens, as: Hercules slaying Envy, — Christ  
 and St. John, — and a supposed portrait of Rubens' brother. —  
 On the wall, of the same master after Rubens: Crowning of the  
 Virgin, — and after E. Quellinus: the portrait of Ferdinand, Infant  
 of Spain, Archduke of Austria, Governor of the Southern Nether-  
 lands. — On the now following stand we see the so-called black-  
 prints, viz. i. a. of W. Vaillant (1623—1677) after A. Van Dyck.  
 Portrait of Lucas Van Uffel, patron of art at Antwerp; — after P.  
 Lastman: the message to the shepherds — and after G. Ter  
 Borch. Lady drinking. — J. Thomas Van Yperen (1610—1673) after  
 O. Dou. Girl with a lantern. — A. Blootelingh after J. Lievens the  
 Elder. Portrait of Lieut.-Admiral M. A. De Ruyter. — On the wall  
 the portrait of Willem III, Prince of Orange, after and by J. Ver-  
 kolje (1650—1693). — On the fourth stand, of J. Verkolje after  
 J. Ochterveld. Young woman emptying a basin from a window, —  
 and after Teniers: hearing or the money-counter, and taste or the  
 smoker. — J. Van Huchtenburg (1646—1733). Turkish horseman  
 pishing. — N. W. Van Haeften. Singers. — C. De Moor the son  
 (1656—1738). His portrait, — a woman writing. — P. Schenk  
 (1645—1715). Portrait of Louis XIV. — N. Verkolje (1673—1746)  
 after G. Schalcken. The toilet; the picture is placed in the Royal  
 Cabinet at The Hague. — The next stand contains black prints of  
 masters of the 18th century, i. a. P. Van Bleeck (1700—1764) after  
 A. Van der Werff. Repose on the flight to Egypt. — A. Schouman  
 (1710—1792). The portraits of A. Marcel, A. Schouman and G.  
 Het. — C. Troost (1697—1750). Saartje Jans and Reinier Adriaansz.  
 — C. Ploos van Amstel (1726—1798) after Troost. Chieftain Ulrich;  
 these two prints represent subjects from plays of Langendyk. — On  
 the wall from C. H. Hodges (1764—1837). Portrait of the Emperor  
 Napoleon I, painted and engraved in 1811, and so, very probably,  
 when the Emperor was staying at Amsterdam.

Now follows an important collection of clare-obscures, i. e. wood-  
 cuts printed in different colours, as from: H. Goltzius a. o. Hercules  
 killing Cacus, — Flora and Neptune. — Chr. Jegher after Rubens.  
 Repose on the flight to Egypt. — P. Moreelse (1571—1638). Alle-  
 gory on the power of love, — and from F. Bloemaert after A.

Bloemaert. Mozes, — the three Marys, — and a Holy Family. On the following stands we see a collection of print-drawings, i.e. prints which, very near perfection, render drawings. Those exhibited here are made after the process of C. Ploos van Amstel, an Amsterdam artist, 1726—1798. On the wall from C. Van Noorde, after J. Helmbreeker: the portrait of Helmbreeker, — and after C. Troost a man sitting; — on the stand: a male portrait after C. De Visscher — and after Rembrandt: a study of the nude. — Of C. Ploos van Amstel after H. Averkamp. Frederick of Bohemia and the Palatina — the Winter-king with his family near Arkel on the ice; — after Rembrandt: the portrait of Titus Van Ryn. — On the wall, after J. De Bray. The Governors of the Children's-house at Harlem, — and after H. Goltzius, the portrait of Maria Tesselschade Visscher. — Further we see of J. Coolwyk after G. Van den Eeckhout. A youth reading. — J. Körnlein. Male portrait; — and a large print-drawing by G. Demarteau (1730—1776), according to the process of Demarteau, improved on François. A female portrait after Vincenz. — Also some print-drawings by C. Brouwer after divers masters. — Of Chr. Josi (died 1833) after Rembrandt. A male portrait. — On the last stand there are a good number of lithographs after ancient and modern masters; we point out especially the original ones, as of B. C. Koekkoek (1803—1862). Study of trees. — A. Schelfhout (1787—1870). View of winter. — G. Craeyvanger (born 1810). A study. — C. Kruseman (1797—1857). The portrait of the singer Henriette Sontag, subsequently countess Rossi. — Of D. Bles (born 1821). Two *genre* scenes — and of Ch. Rochussen (born 1815). The battle of the 'Vroonendyk gained in 1297 by Count Jan I on the Friese.

Finally follow the drawings, and turning to the right, we find them placed in chronological order on the cases. On the first case the masters of the 16th century, i.e.: Aertgen Claeszen, of Leiden (1498—1564). View in a church, with a representation of St. Peter healing the lame man. — P. Brueghel (1525—1569). The pilgrims at the conjurer's. — C. Van den Broeck (1530—1601). Christ in Gethsemane. — D. Barends (1534—1592) David playing the harp. — K. Van Mander (1548—1606). The Annunciation to Mary. — H. Goltzius. Study of an old man's head and two male portraits

— A. Bloemaert (1567—1647). Holy Family; — and of J. De Gheyn, a pike-man of the regulars of Prince Maurits.

On the second case, drawings of masters of the 16th and 17th century, as: M. Van Mierevelt (1567—1641). Portrait of Prince Maurits.

— J. Matham (1571—1631). Diana. — P. P. Rubens. Samson tearing lion, — and the portrait of Charles, Archduke of Austria, Infant of Spain. — G. Ter Borch (1584—1662) the father of the celebrated painter. Company dancing. — J. Jordaens (1594—1678). The Burial.

— J. Bouchorst. His Portrait. — A. Van Dyck. Study of a head. — and Sophonisba accepting the poisoned cup sent her by Massissa. — R. Rochman (1597—1687). The castle of Swieten. — On the third and the fourth case the drawings of masters of the 17th century, a. o.: of Rembrandt. The Adoration by the shepherds. —

. Lievens. Portrait of Jan Vos, the poet and glazier. — F. Bol (1611—1681). Joseph introducing his father Jacob to Pharaoh. — Ph. De Koninck (1619—1689). Three portraits of J. Van den Vondel.

— G. Van den Eeckhout (1612—1674). View outside the 'Zaagmolenpoortje' at Amsterdam. — A. Waterloo. In the wood. — A. Van Ostade. The golf-court. — G. Ter Borch the son (1617—1681).

Three sketches for *genre* pieces. — M. Ter Borch (1638—1667). The portrait of G. Ter Borch, the father, as also five studies of heads. — J. Van Ruysdael. Water-mill. — C. P. Berchem. The Coliseum at Rome. — On the fifth case: D. Helmbreker (1624—

1694.) His portrait. — J. Steen. Player of the violin. — J. Esselens. The 'Belvédère' at Nymegen. — C. Huygens (1628—1697). View of Dieren, 1679, — and the castle of Grimberg, 1676. — A. Van Borssum (1629—1677). Mill in a 'polder.' — W. Van de Velde the Younger (1633—1707). The hull and stern of the ship „de zeven provinciën”. — On the sixth case, of S. Feytema (1694—1758) after Brueghel. Landscape. — B. Picart. Drawing for the title picture of an epitaph on the marriage of David Leeuw Van Lennep and Iester Barnaart at Harlem, in 1723, — and one of the coat-of-arms of the Company of Suriname, surrounded by those of its governors in 1720. — J. Luiken (1649—1712). The devil a fowling; — and the Pascha”. — J. De Bisschop (1646—1686) after A. Palamedesz. Departure of Charles II from Scheveningen for England. — R. De Vooghe. Drawing of the caricature on Louis XIV, as the head of

the Roman Catholics. — G. De Lairese. Portrait of De Labadie. — J. Van der Heyden (1637—1712). View in Amsterdam. — J. Thopas. Portrait of Petronella Van Roy.

On the last case are placed the drawings of masters of the 19th century, a. o. of G. A. Van der Bruggen (born 1811). Two studies various dogs. — J. Dykhoff jr. View of sea-wall. — J. Kobell (1778—1814). Farm. — H. Stokvisch (1767—1820). Two ram's heads. — J. Hulswit (1766—1822). Mill yard. — A. Allebé (born 1838). Four studies, foreign animals.

### Library.

To get access to it the bell should be rung of Nos. 190 and 191 of the door on the south side of the exhibition the ground-plan. hall of the Cabinet of Engravings. The library is under the management of the Director of the collection of Engravings 1). Its nucleus is formed by books and illustrated or engraved works relating to art-history, to special subdivisions of art and auxiliary sciences. The catalogue of the books exists in manuscript only; the books are derived from or belong to the collections and institutions embodied in the Museum. In 1885 it gained in importance by the collection of books and engravings, ceded as a loan by Professor J. A. Alberdingk Thym; but in consequence of his decease the use of this collection, formed by dint of much trouble and expense, came to an end in 1889. Consequently the verses over the East wall of the Library hall have lost much of their significance:

't Is hier vol in alle hoeken  
't Syn al boeken waer men siet  
Over 't schoone op elck gebied.

Doch wat seggen ons die boeken  
Syn wy boeken vytgelesen  
Dat we oock worden vytgelesen.

(Every corner here is filled; wherever you look there are books on the beauties in every field. But what do these books tell us: are we selected books that we also are read through.)

On the same wall another inscription invites visitors to avoid noisiness:

Gij hebt twee oogen maar één mond  
Dit zij voor u een teeken  
Hier veel te lezen en niet veel te spreken.

1) Under the superintendence of the said Director the current labours in the library are confided to Mr. P. J. Frederiks.



(Your having two eyes but one mouth be a sign to you here to read much, but not to speak much.)

On the West side we read:

Zijn Wetenschap en Kunst vaak met elkaar in strijd  
 Hier is de Wetenschap der Kunst een zaal gewijd,  
 Versmide nooit de Kunst der Wetenschappen gunst  
 Noch ook de Wetenschap de fijne hand der Kunst i).

(Though Science and Art may often be at variance, here a hall is devoted to the Science of Art, may Art never despise the favour of Science, nor Science the delicate hand of Art.)

In the Library also the numismatic collections of Van Gelder and Stephanik are exhibited; the former is still to be organised and is not yet to be seen, but admittance is allowed to the latter which contains more exclusively Dutch coins; the catalogue of it has been printed and may be obtained.

**Refreshment room** The entrance to the Refreshment room and is on the side of the collection of Engravings;

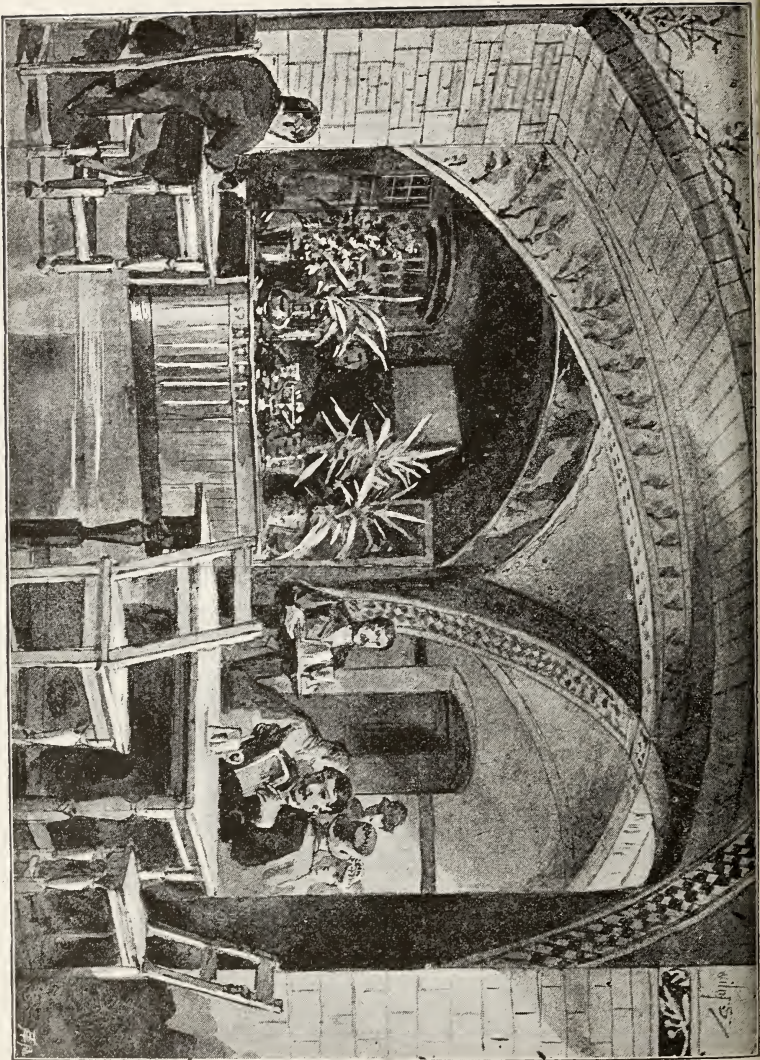
**Retiring rooms.** but it may be reached also from the Western Pavilion-hall of the Museum of Pictures. Like the Retiring rooms placed in the northwest Basement, it is open to the public on the days and at the hours when they are admitted to the Museum.

Visitors of the Refreshment room may remain there half an hour after the Museum is closed. Part of the place is reserved, where no smoking is allowed.

The decorative painting over the buffet and between the windows is from the hand of Mr. G. Sturm.

For access to the retiring rooms apply to the keeper.

i) These inscriptions are owing to Prof. J. Verdam.



REFRESHMENT ROOM.

## Dutch Museum for History and Art.

By the great variety of what is exhibited here, this collection justly proves a great attraction for many. As early as the year 1863 the plan was conceived of founding a Museum for the country's antiquities, the realisation of which, owing to various circumstances, was, however, delayed, so that the objects, obtained for this collection remained scattered in various places.

We feel bound to mention that though the plan was formerly suggested by others, the realisation of it is due to Jhr. Mr. Victor de Stuers.

In 1875 a house was rented at the Prinsengracht in the Hague, where these objects were exhibited until the new National Museum should be ready. By means of purchases and donations the collection soon increased considerably, and to it were added the objects of Dutch origin, up to that time contained in the Royal Cabinet of Curiosities, dissolved since. In 1883 the Dutch Museum was transferred to the National Museum at Amsterdam, where subsequently the eastern wing downstairs and a couple of halls in the western wing were accommodated for its reception. Though the organisation of all the subdivisions of this collection had then not been fully carried out, yet it could be opened to the public, June 12, 1887. In consequence of arrangements made with the Royal Antiquarian Society, the objects of this body, lately exhibited in its Museum in the Spuistraat, have been ceded as a loan to the Dutch Museum and have been incorporated into it.

In 1887 the models of the Navy Office have also been added to this collection.

The management of this Museum has been committed to Mr. David van der Kellen Jr. 1)

<p><b>Hall of textile art, etc.</b> No. 202 of the ground-plan.</p>	<p>Ascending the stairs that conducted us to the Refreshment room, we land in the Western Pavilion-hall, contiguous to the Cabinet of Engravings. This hall is destined for the exhibition</p>
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1) He is assisted by the Sub-Director Jhr. B. W. F. Van Riemsdyk.

of objects of textile art, costumes, musical instruments, children's toys, paper cuttings, etc.

By the term textile art we understand woven stuffs manufactured after patterns of artists, or also projected and executed by the skilful hand of the workman himself. Under this head we find here in the showcases not merely richly embroidered wearing apparel (men's coats and waistcoats and female clothing of the 18th century), but also ladies' dresses up to about 1850, at the same time important for the history of fashion in the 19th century. Not less interesting are the pieces of woven and embroidered stuffs exhibited in the revolving stands. Besides, some richly with gold-wire and silk embroidered ecclesiastical attire from the 15th to the 17th century worthily represents the artistic needlework of that time. Clothes remarkable for some specific historical fact connected with them, are: the nicely embroidered herald's coat-of-armour emblazoned with the coat-of-arms of the Prince of Orange and which, of yore, was suspended near the mausoleum of Willem the Silent at Delft on one of the columns of the chancel of the church. 1) In strong contrast with this gay coat-of-armour appears the plain black cloak which the Grand-Pensionary Jan De Witt wore in the evening when Jacob De Graef, in 1672, assaulted him in the street with the intention to murder him. The buff jacket in the same case dates from the 1st half of the 17th century and was obtained, in 1889, by purchase at an auction of objects of art, left behind by the painter H. F. C. Ten Kate; it takes its origin from the 'Huis' (estate of) Ilpenstein at Ilpendam. Further we notice here some specimens of shoes from the 17th and 18th centuries.

The collection of musical instruments is still being formed, consisting now of some harpsichords, violins, base-violos, and other stringed instruments, among which a fine harp. The wind-instruments offer little of peculiar interest. On the other hand among the children's toys some rather pretty objects may be found. In one of the

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1) The short stich of the embroidery and the heraldic shape of figures, especially of the lions point at the second half of the 16th century, and though a distinctive proof of such origin is wanting, yet we don't think it liable to doubt that in this piece we have a genuine remembrance of the Prince.



cases we see a miniature coach and pair, from the middle of the 18th century, as also a stage-coach of about 1820 with the super-  
 scription: „Koninklyke Postwagen (royal post-chaise) from Amster-  
 dam to Ghent to perform the journey in 24 hours”; the punctuality  
 the time of departure and arrival and the relative swiftness at  
 which the vehicle moved along gained it the name of „diligence”. The  
 cases are filled with dolls, miniature furniture, figures in tin from  
 the 18th century, among which foot-soldiers and horse, and numbers  
 of other toys. Near one of the windows stands a very well worked  
 model of the stage of the old Amsterdam Theatre bequeathed to  
 the Museum by Mr. Johannes Hilman.

A species of art-industry which in the 2nd half of the 18th and  
 the early part of the 19th century was very much in vogue in this  
 country and was strongly encouraged, consisted in artistic paper  
 works, as: monuments and representations of Buildings manufactured  
 of card board, with great patience and often with a certain amount  
 of skill, as may be seen here in three artistic specimens; an artist in  
 this line was Johannes Hubertus Reygers, born at Gorinchem in 1767 1).  
 High on the wall are paraded some ancient wall tapestries of the  
 early part of the 17th century and canvasses, painted in lime colours,  
 which have served as chamber hangings (18th century).

### **Ceramic hall.**

In the show-cases before the windows on the  
 side of the street there is a mixed collection of  
 dishes, etc. of home and foreign origin. That  
 the old-Delft earthenware is not better represented here is to be  
 attributed to the circumstance that the fine specimens are scarcely  
 ever offered for sale, since almost everything of the kind has found  
 its way to public or private collections abroad, and that in Holland  
 itself the taste for this eminently national product of art is, as yet,  
 only in its birth.

In the east part of the hall, standing out in relief against old silk  
 hangings of a Chinese pattern, we see a group of fine pots, jugs,  
 vases, etc. manufactured, in the days of yore, in the celebrated

1) Cf. about him: Immerzeel. The Lives and works of Dutch and Flemish  
 potters, etc.

china factories of the Celestial empire. They excel not only by their elegant form, decoration and transparent enamel, but also attract attention by their large dimensions.

On the side of the inner-court are exhibited, in five presses between the windows, all sorts of home-made earthenware and china, among which some Delft earthenware again, and sundry specimens of china from the factories at Oud-Loosdrecht, Weesp, Ouder-Amstel and The Hague. Foreign countries, viz. Italy, France, England and Germany, are more or less represented. The contents of the black show-cases in the middle of the hall are infinitely more important; they contain a treasure of, for the greater part, ancient Chinese porcelain and earthenware, mostly dating from the time of the E. I. Company. The Japanese lacquer work and some objects executed in bronze, also give a high idea of Japanese skill. A lacquered table of the first half of the 19th century deserves special attention, while a small collection of Chinese art-work in ivory is not less interesting.

Further the eye is caught by a model of the secluded islet of Decima, near the town of Nagasaki, with the Dutch colony there during the 17th and 18th centuries.

Among the other objects worth seeing contained in this hall belong the three models of Old-Amsterdam houses; the finest is the one covered with tortoise-shell, and ornamented with white metal inlaid work. According to tradition Christoffel Brandt, Peter the Great's agent at Amsterdam, is said to have had this house made by order of the Emperor. It seems that 25 years have been bestowed on it at an expense of 30,000 guilders (£ 2500); dating from the latter part of the 17th or the early part of the 18th century, it contains all the furniture that was then found in an aristocratic dwelling at the 'Heeren- or Keizersgracht'. It should be noticed that every object has been made by men of the particular trade, so that every handicraft or profession contributed its own share to form a perfect whole.

The next house is from the 1st half of the 18th century. With respect to its architecture it is rather interesting, the exterior form of the house having been imitated; but the execution of the interior is much simpler than that of the former.

The third house, coming from the family Ploos van Amstel, is supposed to be inhabited by a Doctor <sup>1)</sup> and dates from the 1st half of the 18th century. Of the 12 apartments the most remarkable is the parlour, the physician's study containing a library, a collection of preparations, and a collection of shells and artistic objects in ivory, every item of it in miniature. The façade with its wide door, over which the initials P(loos) V(an) A(mstel) are interlaced in an artistic manner, is three stories high.

Before leaving the hall we notice on either side of the door two panels of variegated tiles of a fine symmetrical ornamentation; they have come from Tunis and have been purchased at the International Colonial Exhibition held here in 1883.

**East Inner court.** Passing through the East principal entrance of the Museum on the 'Stadhouderskade' we reach the properly so-called Dutch Museum of History and Art. Visitors of the collection of pictures may also go thither by the stairs on the east side of the Fronthall. The staircase has the following inscription taken from the book of Psalms:

Looft den Heere alle Heydenen/ looft Hem alle volken/  
In Zijn hand zijn wij/ ende onze woorden/ ende alle wijsheid  
Ende konsten ende wetenheijde in allerleij werck. 2)

In the entrance hall behind the vestuary is the wooden statue of the giant Goliath with his armiger to his right and David to his left; the latter holds his sling and stone in his hand. The giant, and probably the other two statues, have been chiselled by the famous Albert Jansz. Vinckenbrinck (born about 1604; died 1664) or at least made in his studio. 3) This group has come from the

<sup>1)</sup> According to Mr. E. W. Berg, who gives a minute description of this house in "de Oude tyd" of 1872, it is said that by this Doctor is meant Christoffel Lieman, the well-known wonder-doctor.

<sup>2)</sup> Praise the Lord all ye heathen, praise him all nations, in his hand are we and our words, and all wisdom, and the arts and skill in every kind of work.

<sup>3)</sup> Cf. on Vinckenbrinck and his work the paper of Mr. D. Franken Dz. in Oud-Holland V, 78 in connexion with that of Mr. N. De Roever, I.L.D., as far as the giant is concerned, VI, 201.

'oude-Doolhof' (maze), formerly at the 'Prinsengracht'. On the foot of the stairs there stands a wooden statue of the Stadtholder William II, Prince of Orange, from the middle of the 17th century.

First of all we direct our steps to the East Inner court where chiefly collected whatever relates to the navy, military matter, national costumes and some objects related to colonial history. We purpose to fix the attention merely to those things which deserve especially to be mentioned; so, no catalogue is to be expected, but only a Guide, as the objects are as plentiful as blackberries in autumn. However, those who are desirous of a more explicit elucidation, may be referred to the special Guide to the Dutch Museum, compiled by Mr. D. Van der Kellen Jr. 1)

In the middle of the Inner court there is an enclosure where the objects relating to the Dutch Navy are exhibited. On the floor we see fine models of Men-of-war, the oldest of which, placed close to the entrance, represents a vessel of the line of 1698. The others date from the 18th and the first half of the 19th century. By far the greater part are highly finished. On the table against the wall smaller models of ships are standing and over them half-models are fixed higher still among chiselled stanchions, many centuries old, having been taken from the old Banqueting hall at the 'Binnenhof' in The Hague, the names of the principal Dutch naval heroes, with the year of their birth and that of their death, adorn the wall. In the centre we see a venerable trophy, viz. a tolerably well preserved wooden coat-of-arms of the Kings of England from the stern of the admiral ship, taken by the Dutch in 1667:

### „The Royal Charles.”

Built: In 1655 and, after Cromwell's famous victory, called „The Naseby.” The ship was 131 feet long, 42 wide and the hold rather more than 20 feet, was of 1229 tons' burden, and was calculated to carry 100 pieces. In front, at the ship's head Cromwell, crowned with laurels by Fame, was seated on horseback, trampling a Scotchman, an Irishman, a Dutchman, a Frenchman, a Spaniard, and an Englishman. Beneath it stood the words: „God with us.” Riding

1) Amsterdam, Seyffardt (price f 1.—)



anchor off Scheveningen, to take on board king Charles, she received the name of The Royal Charles, after which the said proud emblems were cut away and burnt by the English sailors, and the head of Cromwell's image was hanged. 1)

Used: as an admiralship, as early as the first English-Dutch naval war, she was held in high honour by the English, especially when she had brought back the king from his exile. Andrew Marvel, in a poem, mentioned in Sir William Penn's Memoirs, writes:

„That sacred keel, that pleasure-boat of war,  
Now a cheap spoil, and the mean victor's slave,”

Taken: June 22, 1667 by captain Thomas Tobyas and lieutenant Bartholomeus Jacobs. The expedition to Chatham took place under the command of Admiral De Ruyter, but contrary to what is sometimes asserted, De Ruyter has not been present at the capture of the Royal Charles. Cornelis De Witt writes, June 23, to the States-General: „after yesterday's encounter Lieut. Adml. De Ruyter . . . has come to us here.” Van Ghent, Johan De Liefde and Van Nes write to the same purport.

Broken up: in 1673, chiefly from the ship's being deemed unfit for use. Since that time the coat-of-arms of the stern remained in a forgotten nook in one of the store-houses at Hellevoetsluis, till (about 1710) the Rear-Admiral J. S. May had it removed to Rotterdam and placed over the door of the armory in the large Store-house of the Navy. Thence it was transferred, about 1850, to the room for models of the Navy Office; in the year 1883 „this unique remaining piece of the ship and an important memorial of national glory” has found its place in the Museum.

Opposite the entrance of the central compartment is placed the project of a Monument for the Dutch forces in Acheen;

2) Memorials of Sir William Penn and Pepys' Memoirs II, 67 — (Pepys was Secretary to the Admiralty). An explicit naval architectural description of the Royal Charles is given by Witsen: „Aeloude en hedendaegsche Scheeps-bouw en Bestier.” [Ancient and modern Naval Architecture and Management.] (Amsterdam, Casp. Comelijn, 1671 fol. page 208). In the well known illustrated weekly „The Graphic” of the year 1890, page 561 a picture is inserted of the figure-head which formerly adorned this famous vessel.

the huge figure represents a winged Victory, made by the sculptor Bart Van Hove. The pedestal has the following inscription (in Dutch):

Front: „To the founders of Dutch power in North-Sumatra 1873—1880.”

Right: „Sacred to us is the remembrance of the fallen.”

Left: „The navy and the landforces brilliantly upheld the honour of the country.”

In front of this monument and surrounded by all sorts of cannon is a large bust of Prins Hendrik, Admiral of the Dutch fleet. It is the model made by F. Stracké for the bronze bust, which in remembrance of this Prince has been placed at the 'Prins-Hendrikkade'.

Beside the entrance of the central compartment there are two pictures representing horses, one of which, painted by De Gheyn, is the likeness of the steed of the 'Admirant' of Arragon who was still taken prisoner at the battle of Nieuwpoort, July 2, 1600. It does not appear to be known for certain which historical remembrance may be connected with the other horse, the black one. Lower down there is a series of little portraits, but without any artistic value, of the Governors-General of the Dutch East-Indies, etc.; a drawing of C. T. Reimer of 1772, representing the audience of the Dutch governor of Ceylon granted to the ambassadors of the king of Candia; for, as is well known, Ceylon was formerly a Dutch colony which in the latter part of the 18th century came into the hands of England. Among the objects of an historical nature of more recent times, we notice four Dutch flags of the men-of-war „the Medusa,” „the Amsterdam,” „the Djambi” and „Metalen Kruis,” noted for their exploits in the Japan seas (1863—1864). A silver dish presented to the officers of the screw-steamship „Metalen Kruis” by the Society „Het Metalen Kruis,” Dec. 2, 1863, also keeps the memory of these facts green; further a silver cup bestowed by Prince Hendrik on Vice-Admiral Lucas, on his 80th birthday. Next to it stands a splendid golden cup of honour presented to Vice-Admiral Jan Van Gogh on his departure to the Dutch East-Indies and trusted as a loan to the Museum; this object of art was made at the well known factory of Froment Meurice at Paris in 1883, excelling by a beautiful and tasteful execution. On the other side of

the door: among other things, a sword of honour presented in 1804 to the Government of the Batavian Republic, to the Lieutenant of the Navy D. Velsberg. In a glass show-case there is a piece of embroidery with a very rich and beautiful ornamentation; about its origin nothing is known for certain; we only know that formerly it was in the Prince-Stattholder Willem the Fifth's possession; it is not unlikely that it has been a present of a distinguished person.

North of the central compartment with the ships' models, we see to the right: 10 groups in the National dress. These groups were made for the Dutch section of the international exhibition, held at Paris in 1878, and were subsequently preserved in the Dutch Museum. At the time the historical value of these groups was pointed out and it was observed that, if there might be a doubt whether they had a right to be there, since the greater part of these dresses are still in use, it should not be overlooked that this will not be the case for any length of time. In Hinlopen, for instance, not one of the inhabitants is at present to be seen in the well-known dress, of which there is a specimen in the Museum, viz. a young housewife with a dry-nurse and two children. Probably, within a comparatively short time, we shall in vain look for specimens of articles of clothing, such as we find them collected here, and then it would positively be regretted, if the present generation had been remiss in preserving the remembrance of these costumes, just as we now regret our ancestors' not having taken care of preserving us somewhat more of their picturesque dress.

The groups are: 1. A family from the isle of Marken, consisting of husband, wife and child. — 2. A damsel from the parts beyond the Mees (Oud-Beyerland) and a female dealer from Breda. — 3. A Zuidbeveland man with his betrothed on the ice. — 4. An inhabitant of Volendam with his mother. — 5. A Schevening fisherman and his wife. — 6. A bride and bridegroom from Nunspeet. — 7. A fisherman from Huizen and a fish-wife from Zandvoort. — 8. A girl from Friesland with an orphan-girl from the Hague. — 9. A Walcheren peasant, asking for a kiss of a girl as toll for crossing a bridge. — 10. Two Amsterdam orphan girls.

To the left we find all sorts of weapons and some colours of regiments, formerly in the service of the Dutch republic; the latter were previously preserved in the building of the National-Archive; nearly all of them date from the 18th century. On the whole, the collection of arms, when compared with those of other Museums, is of no great importance, nor does it contain any objects of great age. A separate compartment has been reserved for what was obtained from the former Municipal armory; a glass show-case contains models of field-and fortification ordnance, with other implements of war wanted when an enemy menaced the city; these different items have been ceded as loans by the city of Amsterdam. Another separate compartment contains the section marine artillery, for the greater part derived from the model-room of the Navy office; it belongs to the 19th century. Further we see a collection formed with great exertion, containing uniforms and arms of the Dutch army, in which nearly all the successive corps of cavalry are represented; with the exception of sundry articles this collection contains whatever in this line belongs to the 1st half of the century. It has been collected and presented to the Museum in 1889 by Mr. A. C. Baron Snouckaert Van Schauburg, Major of the Hussars, Chamberlain and Equerry to the King. The beautifully worked models of pontoons etc. take their origin from Russia and have been presented by General-Major C. L. Scheidler List, and formerly bestowed on the General's father by the Grand-duke Michel of Russia.

The large ships' flags suspended on the walls of the Inner court are trophies of war from the naval engagements of the Dutch in the 17th century, the times of Maerten Harpertz. Tromp, De Ruyter, Cornelis Tromp and all the other naval heroes who were their partners. They are for the greater part English flags, but also some Spanish ones are among them.

To the right: against the central compartment there is a room having formerly belonged to a small hunting-lodge at Amersfoort, called the *Hoogerhuis*, demolished in 1879, and of yore built and inhabited by the famous Jacob Van Campen, the architect of the Townhall (palace) at Amsterdam. In this room the ancient decorations are, for the greater part, still to be seen; there is a bed-stead,



enriched with painted garlands and with three compartments in which fruit is represented. Under the central compartment stands the Spanish motto: „El todo es nada” (every thing is nought). Over the eight little windows which once lighted up the room on either side there were as many paintings, of which some have been preserved. They represent „vanities” and scenes from the history of Hercules. This painting is attributed to Van Campen as well as the building of the hunting-lodge, which appears to have been founded about 1630.

Contiguous to this is the Hindelopen room, on the outside provided with penthouse and seats; within, the walls are ornamented with old tiles, whilst the gay furniture shows the peculiarities of the Hindelopen taste. But what, amidst these surroundings, most attracts attention, is the fine group of a lady from Hindelopen, looking with delight at her baby, carried by the nurse, whilst on her right a bigger infant clings to mother's dress.

Vehicles: two sedan-chairs from the 18<sup>th</sup> century, a pleasure-chariot, richly decorated, with painted panels, supposed to be from the hand of A. Schouman; ice-sledge, both from the 18<sup>th</sup> century; carriage (berlin) used by king Willem I; old-Dutch chaise, etc. ✓

Remnants of the winter-quarters of the Dutch in Nova-Zembla. As is well known the expedition to the North under Jacob Van Heemskerk and Willem Barentsz. took place between 1596 and 1597; numbers of objects of various nature, probably considered useless to be carried back on the home-voyage, were left behind in the inhospitable island, where, nearly three centuries later, they were found, in 1871, by Captain E. Carelsen, of Hammerfest, and in 1876 by Mr. Charles Gardiner, of Goring (Oxfordshire) and presented by the latter to the Dutch Government. ✓

The objects are mentioned on the written lists placed near them. Somewhat further down right and left, all sorts of models relating to shipbuilding, coast-lighting, salvage and life-boat institutions, etc. High on the south wall: ship's flags taken from pirates, etc. of the Indian Archipelago. Further some old pictures in oil colours of former factories of the Dutch in Asia, as also a series of painted portraits of governors of the Rotterdam chamber of the East-India Company.

**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture.  
VIII<sup>th</sup>. IX<sup>th</sup> and  
X<sup>th</sup> centuries.**

No. 176 of the ground-plan.

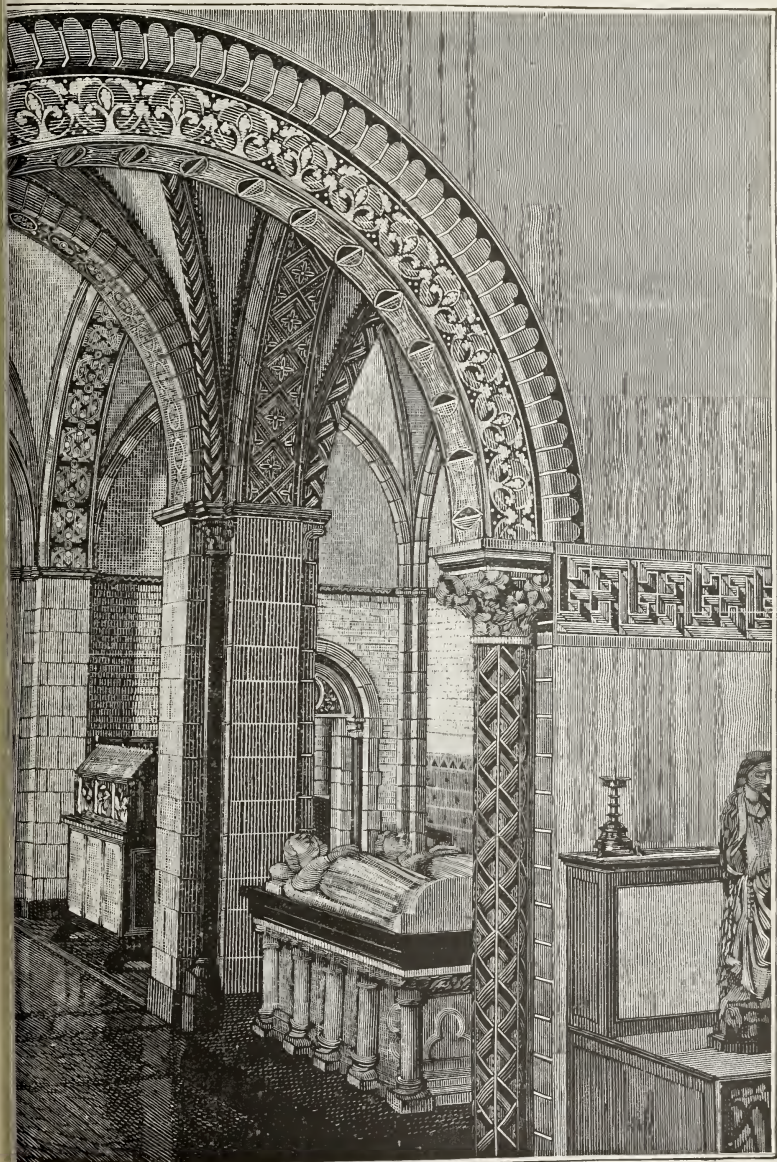
Ascending the south stairs of the inner court we come to a series of halls showing the development of ecclesiastical architecture from the earliest time up to the 15<sup>th</sup> century. 1) The first hall we enter is from the period of Charlemagne. The floor is imitated after that of the gallery in the Cathedral church at Aix-la-Chapelle. To the right there is a remarkable remnant from the ancient Egmont Abbey: it is a sculptured stone, tympanum, representing St. Peter with the keys of heaven and earth; kneeled on his right and left are represented Count Diederik of Holland and his mother Petronella, widow to Floris II. Of all the greatness and pomp of this celebrated Abbey which, with its rare library, was destroyed in 1573, this stone is one of the few remnants. The altar on the south wall is an imitation of that in the old crypt of the St. Servatius' church at Maestricht, while the painting, as far as regards the upper part, has been borrowed from the Evangelarium of Egmont Abbey, preserved in the Royal Library at The Hague, from specimens of Ravenna Nola, and the lower part from a very old woven material (perhaps as early as the 4<sup>th</sup> century) preserved in the treasury or muniment room of the St. Servatius' church.

**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture.  
XI<sup>th</sup> and XII<sup>th</sup>  
century.**

No. 175 of the ground-plan.

This hall represents the type of the ecclesiastical architecture of the 11<sup>th</sup> and the early part of the 12<sup>th</sup> century; the door-posts and arches are borrowed from Rolduc Abbey of the year 1108. The painted ornamentation is imitated after that of the Romanesque portion of St. Servatius' at Maestricht and of the chapel of St. Ulrich near the „Kaiserhaus" at Goslar, from the latter part of the 11<sup>th</sup> to the early part of the 12<sup>th</sup> century, and after remains of wall paintings in the crypt of the cathedral at Chartres. The glass, fastened in lead, has

1) The particulars which follow now, are for the greater part derived from the „Description of the decoration of the halls of the Dutch Museum for History and Art at Amsterdam, by Jhr. Mr. Victor De Stuers". Printed at The Hague at Belinfante Bros. 1887, further from accounts kindly given by Dr. P. J. H. Cuypers.



VIEW IN THE SECTION OF ECCLESIASTICAL ARCHITECTURE.



been made according to the oldest specimens cited by Abbé Texier, in the „*Annales Archéologiques*” of Didron aîné.

In the centre of the hall stands a copy of the reliquary of St. Servatius. The original of gilt brass, richly ornamented with chasing, filigree, enamel and stones, is in the late-Romanesque style of the middle or the latter half of the 12<sup>th</sup> century.

**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture.**

**XII<sup>th</sup> and XIII<sup>th</sup>  
century.**

No. 174 of the ground-  
plan.

The architecture of this hall is an imitation of that of Our Lady's Minsterchurch at Roermond, dating from the end of the 12<sup>th</sup> or the early part of the 13<sup>th</sup> century. The painted ornamentation is borrowed partly from this church, partly from the cathedral at Tournay; the floor is made after the remains of the one to be found in the gallery of Our Lady's Minsterchurch. The glass in lead is after samples from the 13<sup>th</sup> century, cited in the „*Annales*” of Didron. The window in burnt glass is a copy of part of a window from the church at Chartres; it represents the temptation of Christ by Satan, Christ on his way to the marriage feast at Cana, and Christ turning water into wine. This window was presented to the Museum in 1887 by the firm of Champigneulle at Paris, who restored the famous window of the cathedral at Chartres.

In the centre of the hall the eye is drawn to a reproduction of the tomb of Gerard III of Gueldres and his consort Margaret of Brabant in Our Lady's (Cf. picture 27) at Roermond. The two recumbent effigies are especially remarkable for the knowledge of the costume in the 13<sup>th</sup> century.

**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture  
XIII<sup>th</sup> century.**

No. 173 of the ground-  
plan.

The tracery, profiling and columns with capitals are imitated after those of the Cathedral at Utrecht. The painting is followed after that of the church of the Dominicans at Agen. The window, in glass fitted with lead, after one in the Cathedral at Cologne, is a present of Mr. F. Nicolas at Roermond; the one in burnt glass with figures was presented by Mr. Machhausen, painter on glass at Coblenz; the latter is a copy of a 13<sup>th</sup> century window, also in the Cathedral at Cologne.



**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture.****XIV<sup>th</sup> century.**No. 172 of the ground-  
plan.

The architecture has been derived from the 'Bovenkerk' at Kampen; the tracery and capitals, as also the glass fitted with lead, adorned with crowned hatchets — the arms of the sculptors' guild of that place, are exact imitations of specimens still extant from the 14<sup>th</sup> century. The painting of the vaulted ceiling is followed after remains of painting in the Cathedral at Freiburg in Brissgau, and in Our Lady's chapel in the Cathedral at Mayence. The figures next to the windows are reproductions of wall-painting in the now demolished church at Sevenum, in the see of Roermond; they represent the Apostles S.S. Peter, Andrew, James the Greater and Bartholomew, besides S.S. Barbara, Catharina, Apollonia and Agatha. 1)

In the hall there is an altar, derived from the church at Kidrich; the retable is enriched with painting from the Cologne school. Before the altar are placed carved oaken pews from the now demolished Little Church of Edam, and some very beautifully sculptured Gothic panels, taken from the organ of the church at Naarden. We especially draw attention to the beautiful carving of these panels.

**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture.****XV<sup>th</sup> century.**No. 171 of the ground-  
plan.

The little columns, tracery, profilings, etc. are made according to those in St. Michael's church at Zwolle. The glass fitted in lead is followed after fragments in the church of the Dominicans at Maastricht.

The painting of the ceiling is borrowed from parts which have been discovered at the restoration of the church of St. Nicholas; the figures are copies after those in Our Lady's choir of the Martin's church at Venlo.

**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture.****XV<sup>th</sup> century.**Nos. 166 and 167 of  
the ground-plan.

The southern portion of this hall shows an imitation of the capitals of the churches at Wouw, Nymegen, etc. The tracery and the painting of the ceiling are followed after those of St. Lucy's choir at Venlo and of the Parish

1) All the spaces on the wall next to the windows of the choir in the said church were ornamented with similar figures.

church at Blitterswyk. The painting on the south wall is a copy of the wall-painting of the year 1337 of the church of the Dominicans at Maestricht.

On the wall we see a fine Gothic pulpit with panels, in which there is Gothic carving with the Burgundian cross and fire-steel, originating from the convent at Uden, province of North-Brabant.

The north extremity of the hall shows ceiling paintings inspired by those of the 'Bovenkerk' at Kampen and of the church of St. James at Utrecht.

Near the north-east window there is a Gothic shrine for keeping the chrism.

In the centre of the hall: show-cases with mediaeval embossed and cast brass objects for church use, such as: candelabres, aquamanilae, etc.

#### **Ecclesiastical Architecture.**

#### **XIII<sup>th</sup> century.**

No. 168 of the ground-plan.

This hall occupies part of the south-east pavilion. Somewhat modified with regard to dimension, it shows a reproduction of the 13<sup>th</sup> century chapel of Aduard Abbey in the province of Groningen. This chapel was built entirely of brick, and a very defaced portion, which is used as a school, is still extant. The building is a very remarkable specimen of what, in the 13<sup>th</sup> century, could be constructed, exclusively with bricks. From it we can see what may be created out of a plain indigenous material, when it is wrought into profiled brickbats, ornamented with foliage or figures, enameled or glazed, and arranged with ingenuity and taste 1).

The glass fitted in lead, has been arranged after fragments from the same century, cited by Didron „Histoire de la Verrerie”. The painting has been followed after specimens and figures of the 13<sup>th</sup> century wall-painting in the nunnery at Gurk and after samples from churches on the Rhine, as from the church of Cunibert at Cologne. Especially note-worthy are the enameled green tiles in the walls; these have been copied from fragments of tiles found in the ancient chapel itself.

1) Compare on this chapel also „De Nederl. Kunstbode (Art-Journal), 1879.

**Ecclesiastical  
Architecture,  
XVII<sup>th</sup> century.**

No. 165 of the ground-  
plan.

The architecture of this hall carries the spectator back to the 17<sup>th</sup> century, viz. the time when Hendrik De Keyser and Vredeman De Vries formed a school, taking its inspirations from classical architecture. The windows on the westside are adorned with two curious old burnt glasses, one of which shows the arms of Alkmaar, and the other those of Hoorn; the latter represents the naval engagement on the Zuiderzee against the Spanish fleet under Bossu in 1573. On the north wall there are copies of the painting discovered in 1879 in the Great or St. Laurence' church at Rotterdam. To the right is seen the painting in the former chapel of the Barbers- and Surgeons' Guild there. When the said church was in 1572 [transferred to the Reformed, this guild remained attached to its chapel. The altar was indeed broken out, but at that time too much taste and love of art prevailed to put up with a bare wall. The guild determined on having on the spot where the altar had stood a large wall-painting, which was found back in 1879. If the guild's patrons, Cosmos and Damianus, could no longer be the subject of this work of art, yet, as well the then prevailing religious feeling as the place where the painting was to appear, required its having a religious character. It was resolved, in elegant letters and in a rich frame, to write on the wall the parable of the good Samaritan, since it treats of the healing of wounds and the charitable care of a sufferer. The text ingeniously chosen by the guild is taken from St. Luke, Chapter X. The beautifully drawn frame evinces the style of the early part of the 17<sup>th</sup> century and calls to memory the elegant decorations of Vredeman De Vries; it is formed by a triumphal arch, of the Ionic order and placed on a broad cornice. On the head fantastic flourishes form a capping enriched with three vases filled with roses. A rich lambrequin and two corbels in the form of female heads adorn the lower cornice. The emblems of the guild are to be seen in three different places: on either side three barber's basins are suspended on a projecting perch; at the bottom a comb and a pair of scissors are fastened to a depending ribbon. 1)

1) Compare on these wall-paintings, etc. in the church at Rotterdam „De Nederl. Kunstbode (Art-Journal). 1879.

To the left a copy of the painting on one of the pillars in the said church, in 1573 paid for by the guild of St. Severin, or of the weavers, at Rotterdam. The richly adorned cornice surrounds the text from the 1<sup>st</sup> epistle of Paul to the Corinthians, Chap. XIII; the whole is crowned by the guild's coat-of-arms, and a shuttle between two flowers of flax. Like the painting just now mentioned it was discovered in 1879.

One of the windows on the east side shows a curious, ancient burnt glass, representing the Stadtholder Prince Maurice, kneeling. He raises his eyes to the word „Jehova,” which is indicated in Hebrew characters. At the top stands the Prince's escutcheon, surrounded by the Order of the Garter. This glass, taken from the convent of St. Agatha, appears at the time to have been presented to it by the Prince. The Principals of this convent presented it in their turn to the State, in behalf of the Museum. The reading desk ought properly not to stand here; it originates from the Society „Felix Meritis” and consequently is no pulpit; it dates from 1777.

On the wall: some ancient-escutcheons taken from the church at Edam, a model in terra cotta of the tomb of Admiral Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp, at Delft, etc. And herewith our walk through the division of Ecclesiastical Architecture takes an end.

#### Senate-house hall.

XIV<sup>th</sup> century.

Nos. 163 and 164 of  
the ground-plan.

The halls now following represent the Domestic life of our ancestors. The remarkable ceiling with its solid oak rafters is imitated after the Senate-house at Sluis, dating from the year 1396. This building is the oldest well preserved Senate-house in Holland, the oldest monument testifying of the rise of our communities, the harbinger of the modern history of Holland. Against the north wall there is a Gothic oaken press, from one of the chapters at Utrecht; besides there are tapestry hangings from the 17<sup>th</sup> century, representing rural scenes in the manner of David Teniers. On the south side of the hall may be seen a cast of the beautiful and richly ornamented fire-place from the ancient 'Markezenhof' (marquis court) at Bergen-op-Zoom, from the latter half of the 15<sup>th</sup> century. The sculpture represents: among other things,



St. Christophe carrying the child Jesus through the water, and beneath this the escutcheon of the magnificent Jan Van Glymes, Marquis of Bergen, surnamed „Jan mette lippen” (John with the lips), of whom it is recorded that he was the father of 50 children and died in 1494, as is attested by an old rhyme:

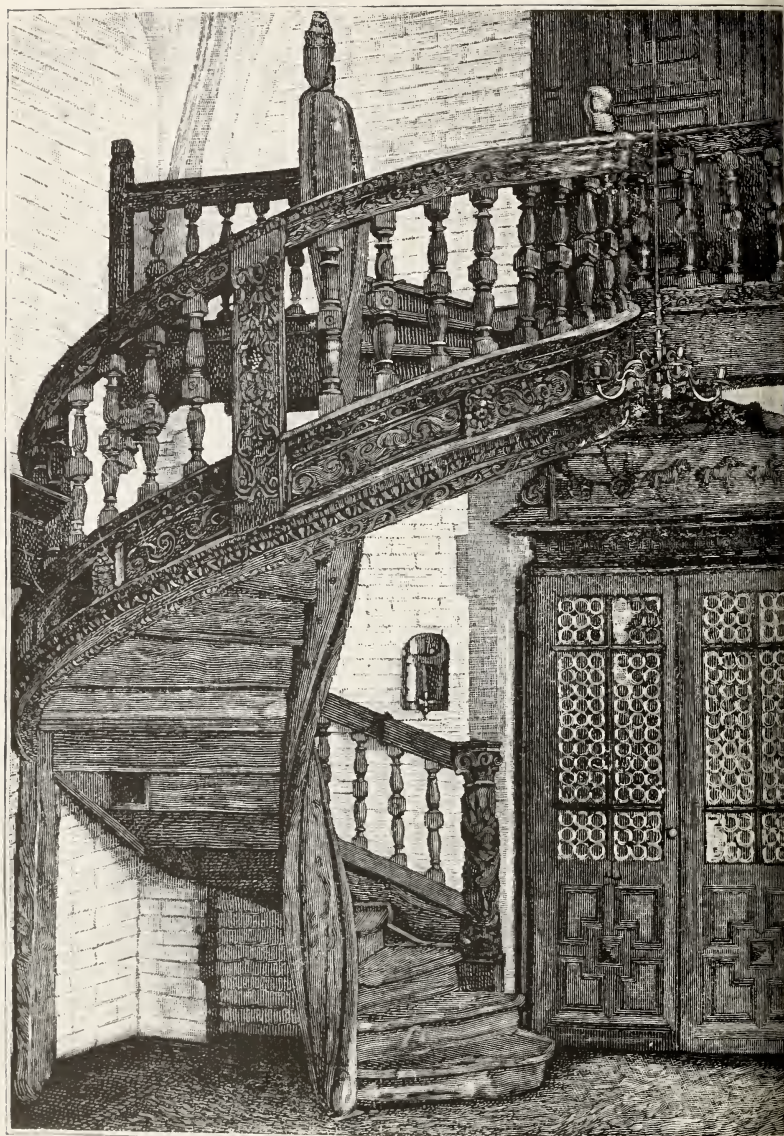
...„Had vyftich kinders, 't was mans ghetier,  
Sterf duyst, vierhondert, tneghentich vier.” 1)

The show-cases in this hall contain all sorts of earthen bottles and vases from the 15<sup>th</sup>, 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> century. The collections of stone bottles of Jhr. Dr. J. P. Six and of the Royal Antiquarian Society are arranged here in separate show-cases.

**Senate-house hall.** The ceiling of this hall, as well as the chimney, **XV<sup>th</sup> century.** is an imitation of those in the Senate-house at Zwolle, which was built by the architect Master Berent in 1447. The two painted blazons before the fire-place are imitated after those adorning a mantle piece at the castle of Loevesteyn; one of them is the coat-of-arms of Philip the Fair, Archduke of Austria, Duke of Burgundy, Count of Holland, &c., afterwards King of Spain; above the escutcheon may be read his defying device: *quy vouldra*; the other one is that of Albert, Duke of Saxony and Stadtholder General of the Netherlands, in which dignity he obtained Loevesteyn as a security, which, however, afterwards was cancelled and instead of which he got the hereditary Stadtholdership of Friesland as far as the Lauwers as a fief; the little escutcheons over them are those of Austria and Spain. This painting dates probably between 1491 and 1495. 2) The chiselled escutcheons with a silver cross represent the coat-of-arms of Zwolle. The bar before it is enriched with very old lions couchant, dogs, cats, monkeys, etc., carved of oak-wood and which support escutcheons with blazons of the Dutch provinces, but the painting of which is

) ....Had fifty children, it was the man's thriving,  
Died one thousand four hundred and ninety four.

) Cf. Van Dam van Brakel. The origin of Loevestein and Monnikenland. Gorinchem 1856. 8<sup>o</sup>, 45—47.



VESTIBULE AND KITCHEN; 17TH CENTURY.

much damaged; these figures have come from the old court of Holland at The Hague. At the north side of the hall there is a hexagonal stove of German pottery from the early part of the 16th century, with painted scenes from the life of Samson, executed in blue, yellow and pink colours. On the wall there are Gobelins of the Burgundian period and others from the 1st half of the 16th century. In the middle of the hall: show-cases with fine wrought iron, keys, locks, knockers, bands, etc.; articles of tin, or brass, and skets, of which some have a leather covering and metal bands, and others are ornamented with inlaid work. Before leaving this hall particular attention is required for the touch-stone top of a table artistically inlaid with pearl-mother by Dirck Van Ryswyck, an Amsterdam artist who flourished in the middle of the 17th century and whose magnificent works have been sung by Joost Van den Vondel.

**Vestibule and kitchen.**

**XVIIth century.**

No. 158 of the ground-plan.

On the walls: Old Delft tiles in colours, and representations in Delft earthenware tiles.

The doorposts have nice carpenter's work enriched with wood-carvings from the latter half of the 17th century; the western doorpost is from the house called „Keulen” (Cologne) on the Main market at Rotterdam, where in the early part of that century the renowned printing-office of Van Waesberghe was established. In the kitchen we see a winding staircase with a very nicely carved baluster. Over the door there is a carved panel, probably originally a sign-board, presenting an ancient post-chaise. Further a fire-place from the 17th century with an iron crook (pot-hook with cramp).

**Pavillion hall.**

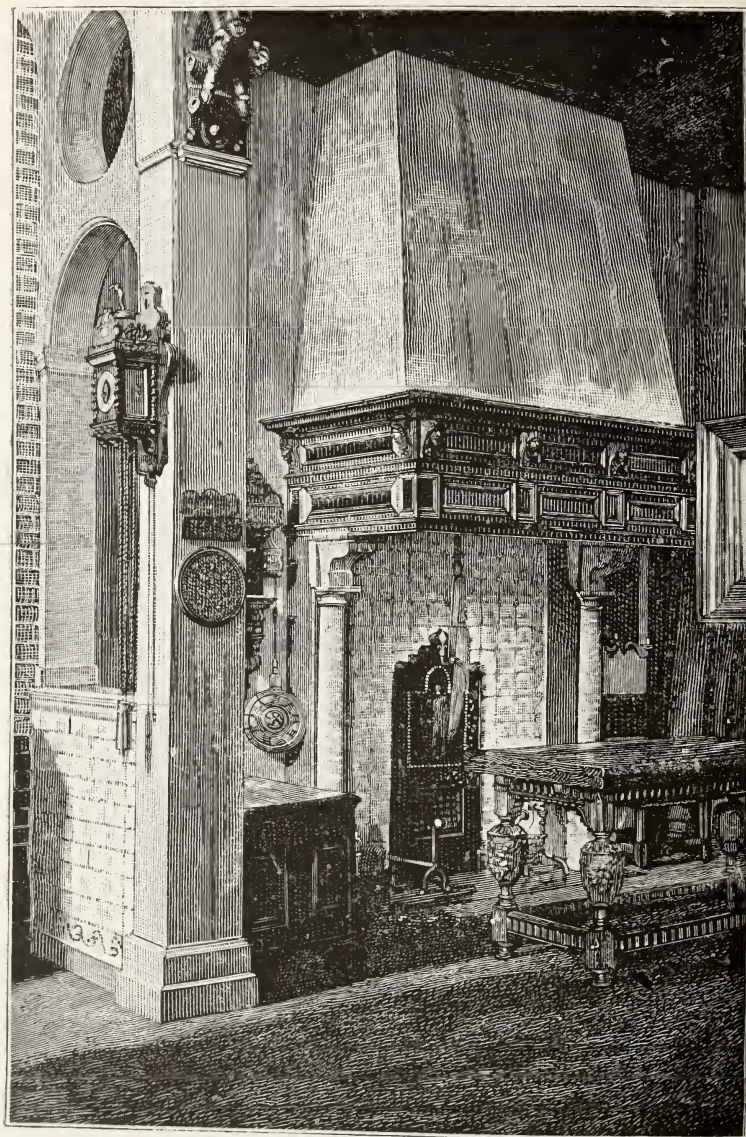
No. 157 of the ground-plan.

By an iron gate, a remarkable product of modern forge-work, we now enter the eastern Pavillion-hall, containing among other things

sorts of gold and silver objects of very costly nature.

On the wall are suspended the renowned Middelburg tapestry hangings made by Jan De Maecht, dating from the latter part of the 16th century; one represents the damage done by the Zeelanders to the fortifications of the Spaniards at the siege of Zieriksee in 176, the subject of the other is the attack of the Zeelanders on the





OLD-DUTCH BEDROOM;  
middle of the 17th century.



Spanish fleet under Sancho D'Avila, between Beveland and Walcheren in 1573. The border of these carpets is conspicuous for the ingeniousness and elegance of the drawing.

In the then following turning show-case are exhibited all sorts of small objects in silver, as spoons, trinkets, etc.

The glass-ware is contained in five show-cases.

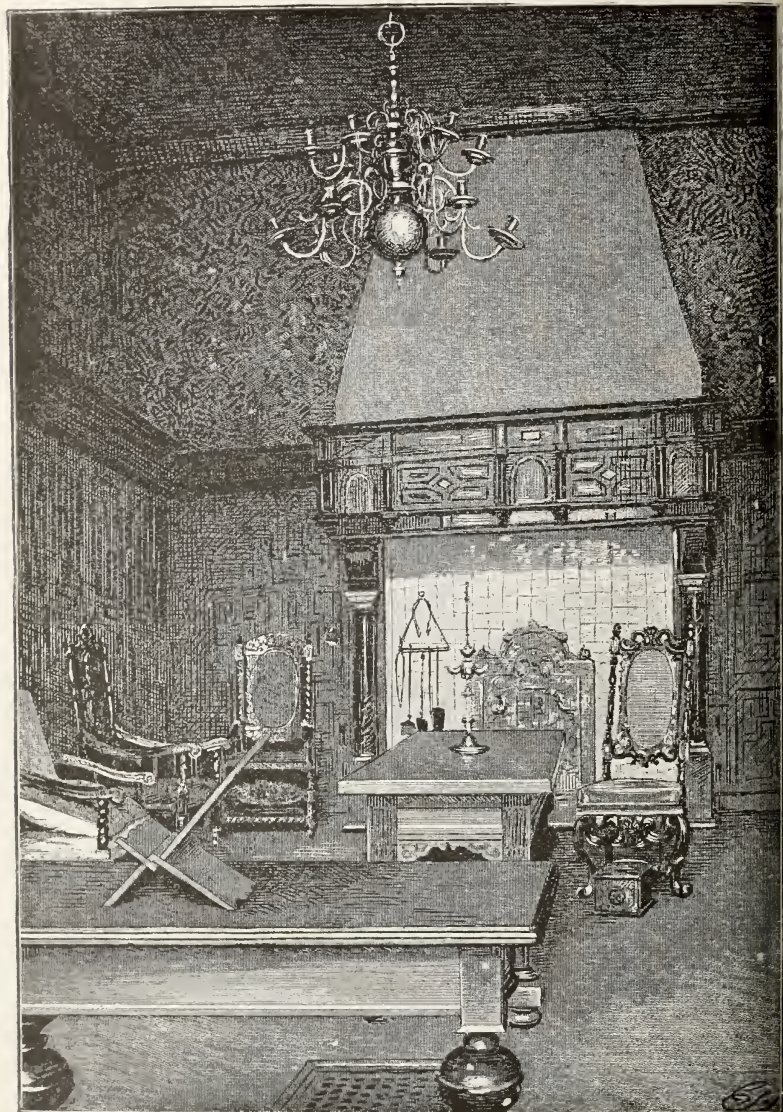
Placed together are: 1<sup>o</sup>. cut and cast drinking glasses; among the former there is a glass of great age — perhaps as early as the 12th century — the so-called „Hedwig glass”, on which shapes of animals are cut in relief. These shapes seem to point at a Byzantine origin; similar glasses are only found in the collections at Breslau and at Nuremberg.

2<sup>o</sup>. German cylindric beakers of green glass, richly ornamented with painted arms, the greater part of them from the 16th and the early part of the 17th century, as also Dutch rummers of the 17th century.

3<sup>o</sup>. Venetian glass and what, in former centuries, has been produced, under that name, in Holland.

4<sup>o</sup>. Glasses with etched and dotted portraits and ornaments; some of these, such as that by A. Schouman, are exceedingly fine. In the north-east corner of the hall there is a turning case with objects of gold and silver, a few of which are of Indian origin.

The three cases following contain the most remarkable beakers and bumpers, etc., of silver, gilt silver, and gold. Among these the most noteworthy are: three beautifully wrought chalices of the 13th, 14th and 15th centuries; the two former from the old Master church at Utrecht. If these objects have chiefly an artistic value, others are important as historical relics, such as the silver drinking cup from Dirk Schey, on which is engraved his adventure of December 29 and 30, 1626. This plain boatman gained renown by his expedition from Cologne, in a boat specially arranged by him for the occasion. Amidst frequent dangers and along hostile towns, he succeeded in carrying down the Rhine and safely taking to Holland, besides a number of valuable things, a very considerable sum of money destined for the Spanish garrisons of the neighbouring towns. For this extraordinary feat the Stadtholder Frederick Henry presented him and his companions with the booty taken, and besides



OLD-DUTCH BEDROOM  
of the 17<sup>th</sup> century.

nde him, as the planner of the expedition, a ship's captain to the Admiralty of Amsterdam. Afterwards he assisted in the taking of Sienkenschans and died at an advanced age. His great-grandson was Vice-Admiral Gilles Schey. — Beaker of the chapter of St. Mary at Utrecht, of 1686. — Reliquary of gilt brass, in the form of a human head, 14<sup>th</sup> century, — Embossed drinking vessel with the portrait of Willem Courten, in prison; the inscription is to the following purport: On March 2, 1567 the Duke of Alva intended to take away Ghuilliam Courten's life, but God has given victory to his spouse Marghuerita, March 29, 1567 1). — Tankard and silver from the town of Flushing, of about 1608. — Beaker of silver with lid and enameled ornamentation. — Embossed silver gage of St. George's guild at Stryp, 17<sup>th</sup> century. — Drinking horn of the Mainskippers' guild at Stavoren of 1538. — Gold cup presented to H. Swaerdecroon in 1729. — Gold cup presented to Captain Cornelis Schryver in 1724.

In a separate closet: an embossed silver image representing Atlas bearing the globe. On the pedestal there is an embossed plate with Mercury and the shepherd Argus. This exquisite piece was wrought by the celebrated Paulus Van Vianen in 1610 and was bequeathed to the Museum by Mrs. Tirion *née* Scheltes, in 1855.

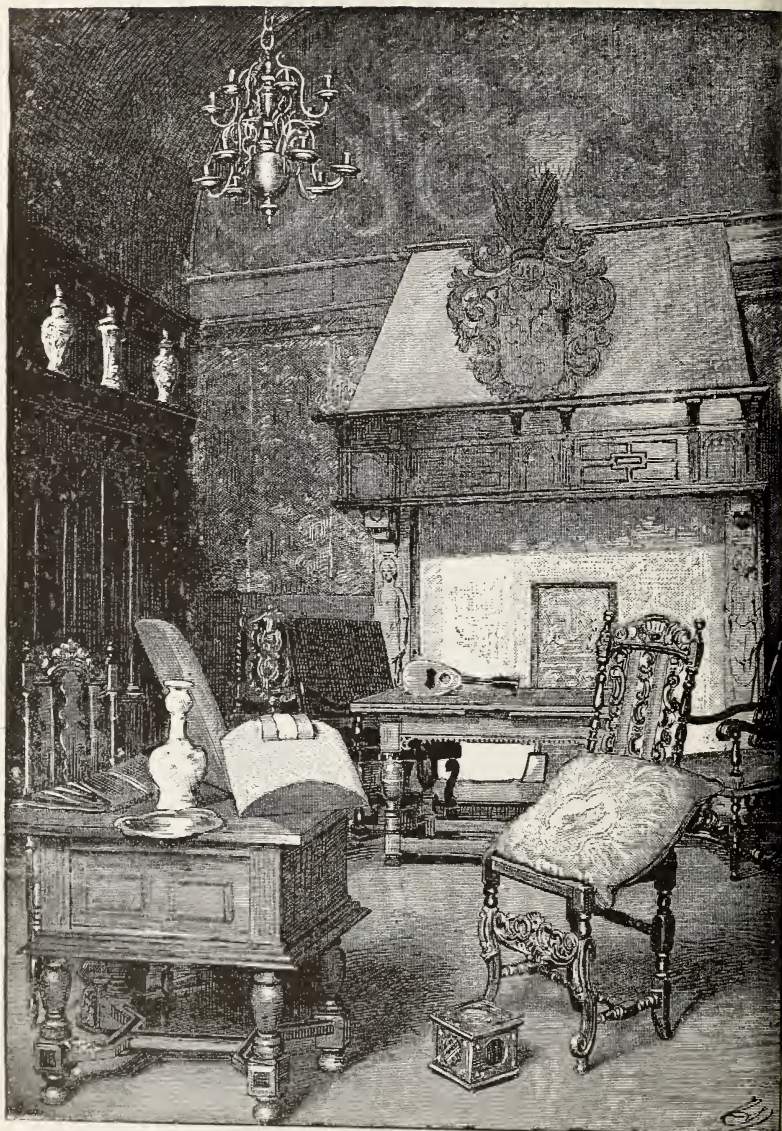
The central show-case contains the silver objects ceded by the city of Amsterdam as a loan. Among them are conspicuous the drinking-horns and beakers of the Cross-bow shooting-house and of the old guilds of the Arquebusiers and of St. Sebastian; the drinking-horn with St. George on horseback is the same which figures on Van der Helst's celebrated picture „Civic-guard banquet.” Further are note-worthy nicely wrought chains of the Arquebusiers' guild, badges, etc.

In the third show-case, besides a number of Silver objects of art of different nature, our attention is especially called to five high reliefs in silver by Mathias Melin, an almost unknown Dutch artist from the first quarter of the 17<sup>th</sup> century; they represent episodes from the life of the Italian general Johannis Baptista Spinola.

The turning show-case in the north-west corner of the hall contains

1) This Courten's portrait has been noted **a**bove, page 81.





OLD-DUTCH ROOM WITH CYLINDRICAL VAULT;  
of the 17<sup>th</sup> century.



beautiful collection of Cloisonné, Enamel and Miniatures, in metal, ivory, etc., from the 15<sup>th</sup>, 16<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries.

In the other two show-cases are exhibited electro-typic reproductions, manufactured by the firm of Elkington & Co., after elsewhere extant beakers, tankards, chargers, etc. in precious metal, excelling by beauty of outline and artistic embossing.

**Hall.** This apartment, representing an old-Dutch bedroom of the middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> century, forms an exceedingly picturesque whole, especially the old-fashioned fire-place with the surrounding objects. (Cf. plate No. 29).

In the show-case there are some objects of art in terra-cotta from different periods; in a separate glass case there is a full length statuette of Bilderdyk by J. Th. Stracké.

**Hall.** Following the dotted line of the plan we here see cases with nicely inlaid ornamentation and the oaken lining of a room from the 17<sup>th</sup> century, burnt glasses with coats-of-arms and scenes in tiles, one of which represents the Delf-ware trade.

**Hall.** The chimney and oak lining date from the year 1626 and are from a house at Dordrecht. The ceiling painted in compartments, from the latter half of the 17<sup>th</sup> century, representing Morning and Evening, formerly adorned the bedroom of Mary, eldest daughter to king James II of England and consort to Willem III, Prince of Orange, afterwards king of England; it was taken from the former residence of the Stadtholders on the 'Binnenhof' at The Hague. The gold-coloured hangings are from the same time. (Cf. picture No. 30).

**Hall.** The chimney and lining in timberwork are from the first half of the 17<sup>th</sup> century. The portion to the right is from a house at Zaltbommel; that to the left from Brouwershaven, and is a present of Mr. F. J. Hallingse. The beautifully painted wooden cylindrical vault is from one of the apartments at the 'Binnenhof' at The Hague, that

of Mary Stuart, Princess Royal of England, daughter to king Charles I of England and consort to Willem II, Prince of Orange. The gold-leather hangings are from the latter half of the 17<sup>th</sup> century and the furniture from the same time. (Cf. picture No. 31).

### Hall.

The lining in timberwork is from the latter part of the 17<sup>th</sup> century and was taken from the demolished house at The Hague, formerly belonging to Constantyn Huygens, consecutively Secretary to three Princes of Orange, Frederik Hendrik, Willem II and Willem III; the house has originally been built by Jacob Van Campen. The blue silk material in the compartments of the timberwork deserves to be noticed. The ceiling, painted by Gérard De Lairesse (1640—1711), represents Apollo and Aurora, and was presented by Mr. W. F. Piek.

On the wall we see a weather-glass with dainty carving, in which the arms of the Republic and of the 7 Dutch provinces have been introduced, and which was manufactured by Langkamp in 1709. — Among the furniture there is a black wooden closet, inside enriched with painted panels, representing Adam and Eve in Paradise.

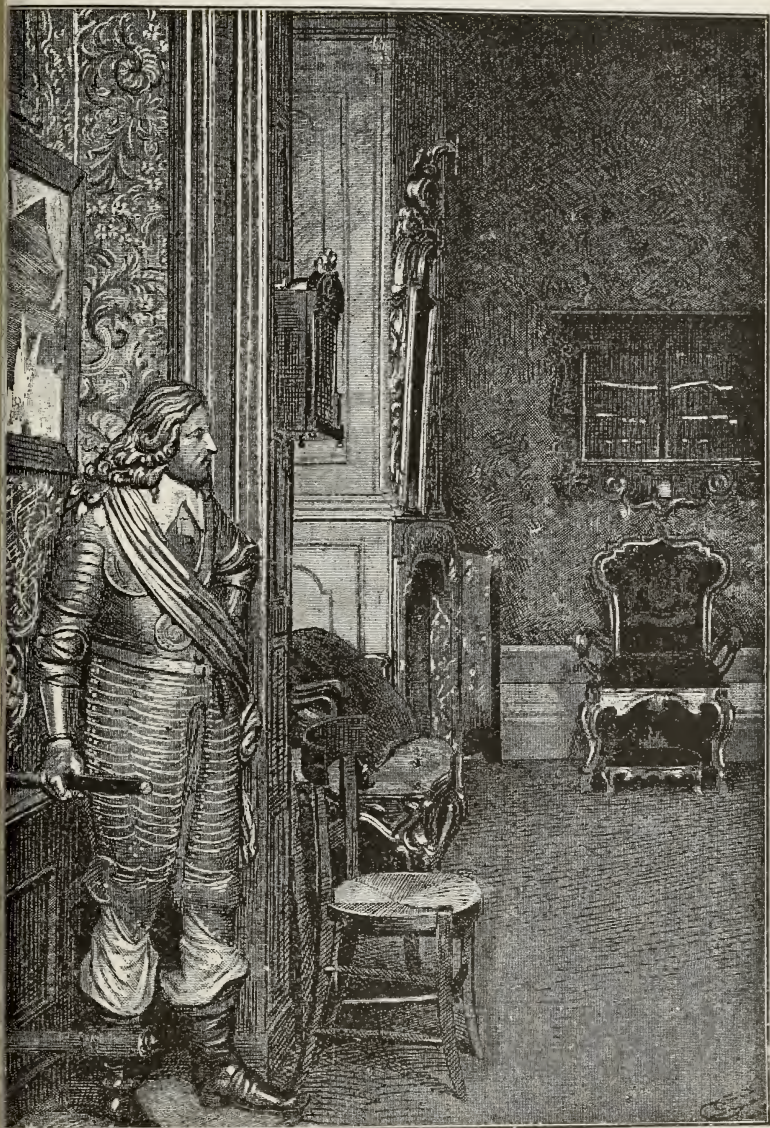
### Hall with

#### historical relics.

No. 152 of the ground-plan.

The painted ceiling dates from the latter half of the 17<sup>th</sup> century, and was taken from the Stadtholder's palace at Leeuwarden; the gold-leather hangings are from the 18<sup>th</sup> century. Among the historical relics the following deserve attention: the clothes of the Princes Ernest Casimir, Henry Casimir and Willem Frederik, as also two pistols having belonged to the latter, exhibited in a case in the wall, further the violet dressing-gown stitched with silver flowers, used by Willem III, Prince of Orange and King of England (b. 1650, † 1702); with it there is the under-waistcoat worn by this prince on his deathbed, etc.

The show-case in the middle of the hall contains among other objects the following curiosities, a silver chalice, paten, gold ring and fragment of a crozier, found in the grave of Bernulph, Bishop of Utrecht, deceased in 1054. — Lock of the hair of Jaqueline of Bavaria, Countess of Holland (b. 1401, † 1436). — Gold Beggars'



HALL WITH HISTORICAL RELICS.



medal and wood Beggars' bowl. — Bible and gold chain with medal, according to tradition from Lieutenant-Admiral-General De Ruyter. — Lock of the hair of Vice-Admiral Cornelis Evertsen. — Idem of the Stadtholder Willem IV, Prince of Orange. — Gold box with a piece of gold-ore on the lid, presented to this Prince by the West-India Company. — Gilt silver regal crown, present of the Duke of York, afterwards King James II of England, to a negro-chief on the coast of Guinea, and captured there by De Ruyter. — Red velvet bag, used by the Grand-Pensionary Johan De Witt, to keep state-papers. — Spectacles of Dominus A. Geesteranus. — Portrait of the Lieutenant of the Navy J. C. J. Van Speyk, and fragments of the wood and flag of the gun-boat in which he had himself blown up, Febr. 5, 1831. — Pewter milkjug, etc., used by Lieutenant-General D. H. Baron Chassé, during the defense of the citadel at Antwerp against the French army in 1832.

In the hall: Fine oaken press in rococo style, from the 18th century. 1) — Chair said to have been used by Johan Van Oldenbarnevelt. — Chair of state with the carved arms of Holland, Zeeland and West-Friesland. — Chair of Lieutenant-General Baron Chassé, used in the citadel of Antwerp, 1832. — On the wall, in a glazed frame: fragments of the mantle of Hugh Grotius. (Cf. picture No. 32).

### Hall.

The painted ceiling is from the latter part of the 17th century, and represents a prince, conducted by Mars to Jupiter. The mantlepiece, taken from a house at Amsterdam, is a present of Mr. A. B. Geels. The gold-leather hangings date from the 18th century. In this hall there are four chairs of state with the arms of the Stadtholder Prince Willem V. and on the wall there is a carved wooden gun-rack, from the Governor-General of the Dutch Indies, Swaerdecroon. The eastern portion of 151 forms a separate room. The wooden wall-lining is Chinese work from the latter half of the 17th century; it formerly adorned an apartment in the palace of the Friese Stadtholders at Leeuwarden.

1) The wooden image of the Stadtholder Willem II represented on picture No. 32, formerly in the recess of the Dutch Museum, is now placed in the eastern vestibule.



**Hall.**

No. 146 of the ground-plan.

In this hall there is a carved gun-rack of Asiatic origin, with the arms of the family Tromp, originating from the family Van Beresteyn, and primitively having belonged to Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp <sup>1)</sup>. The weapons are in part of European and in part of Asiatic make. The show-case contains a number of images and other objects of bronze, for the greater part from the 17<sup>th</sup> and the 18<sup>th</sup> century, but among which some of mediaeval origin, as also some fine medallions in lead from the 17<sup>th</sup> century.

**Hall.**

No. 147 of the ground-plan.

The Gothic lining of oak timberwork and the cupboards on the wall are from the 15<sup>th</sup> century; on the carved wooden covering (modern reproduction after samples from that time) there are ten various bronze images, said to represent Counts and Countesses of Holland; they date from the 15<sup>th</sup> century and belong to the city of Amsterdam, being in its possession since 1690. It does not appear to us an unlikely guess that these master-pieces of the art of founding metal take their origin from a mediaeval tomb of a prince or princess of the 15<sup>th</sup> century, formerly perhaps having figured in the ruined Abbey of Egmont. As is proved by some monuments of that time still extant elsewhere, figures of a similar dimension are seen placed in niches on the side panels of such tombs.

The chimney hewn in stone is from the same time; it is from a house in the province of Utrecht, probably from the castle of Loenersloot, and was presented by Mr. S. Muller Fzn. LL.D. — Iron plate of a hearth from the early part of the 16<sup>th</sup> century. — Among the

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1) The escutcheon with the inscription Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp Admil., evidently dates from the latter part of the 17<sup>th</sup> century, and therefore has been added a long time after the great commander's death, perhaps by his grandson and namesake Mr. Maerten Harpertsz. Tromp, b. at Delft, April 10, 1659; d. March 5, 1708, Common Councillor at Delft (1691), Alderman (1695—1700), Treasurer of the main Fishery, and Deputy to the States council (1701). He had no issue of his marriage with Catharine Beyer; his sister Dina Cornelia Tromp was married to Thomas Christiaensz. Van Beresteyn and by that the escutcheon may have come in the possession of the family Van Beresteyn. (Cf. Notes and information concerning the family Van der Tromp, or Tromp in „Rotterdamsche Historiebladen.”)

presses in Gothic style excels a fine oak closet standing in the middle of the hall, formerly in the alms-house at Alkmaar, of yore founded by Pieter Claessoen Palinck and Josina Van Foreest. This beautiful piece of furniture belongs to the Roy. Archeological Society. A Gothic iron chandelier from the 15th century and wall tapestry of the 16th century complete the furniture of this apartment. (Cf. plate No. 33).

**Hall.**

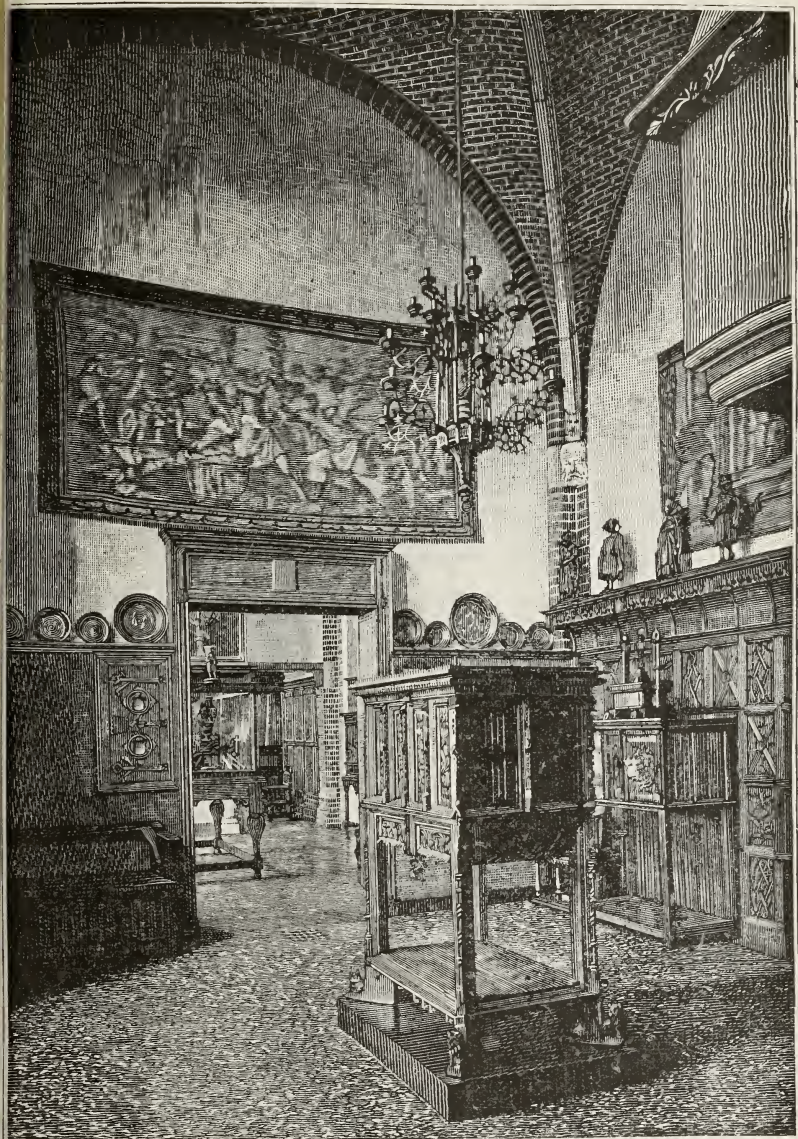
The chimney with a nicely carved oaken frieze No. 148 of the ground-plan. is in the style of the *Renaissance*. The corbels (representing Adam and Eve) are casts after those of Maerten Van Rossum's house at Zalt-Bommel, early part of the 16th century. The iron plate of the hearth is from 1592, and the hearth-stones with ornamentation in relief are imitated from models from the latter part of 16th century. Over the chimney, a picture from the early part of the 17th century, represents a family seated at table.

In the show-case we see a collection of wooden carved images and other objects among which excel: a pair of little bellows from the 15th century, on which, in sculpture, the flight to Egypt is represented, — chessmen from the 16th, and an image, representing a rat-catcher, from the latter half of the 17th century.

**Hall.**

The fire-place, the pilasters and corbels of No. 149 of the ground-plan. which are cast after those of Maerten Van Rossum's house at Zalt-Bommel, is of the first half of the 16th century. The iron plate of the hearth dates from 1541; the hearth-stones are from the 16th and the two Roman soldiers, in Delft tiles, are from the 17th century. The lining in timberwork opposite the window matches the chimney; that near the exit of the hall has chiselled scenes from the history of Loth, from the marriage-feast of Peleus and Thetis, and from the judgment of Paris; it is executed in the style of the *Renaissance*, is from a house at Enkhuizen, and belongs to the Roy. Archeological Society. — Bedstead enriched with fine carving, latter half of the 16th century, the property of Jhr. Dr. J. P. Six.

In the show-case is exhibited a rather interesting collection of ivory



HALL WITH MEDIAEVAL FURNITURE.



carving from the 15<sup>th</sup> to the 18<sup>th</sup> century; noteworthy are: a fragment of a crozier from the 15<sup>th</sup> century, images and bas-reliefs by F. De' Bossuit, G. Van Opstal and J. B. Xavery, etc.

**National Normalschool.** The National Normalschool for teachers of drawing is established on the upper floor in the north-east part of the National Museum. It aims at training teachers of freehand-, architectural- and machine drawing, and of modelling. The complete course lasts three years; the fee amounts to f 30.—. Every pupil, who having followed the entire course, obtains a diploma after having passed an end-examination, is presented with a sum of f 100.—. The school is under the direction of Mr. W. B. G. Molkenboer.

**National school for Art applied to Industry,** It is established on the upper floor in the north-west part of the Museum and furnishes instruction in the applying of architecture, sculpture and painting to the various branches of industry, and in artistic needle-work. The complete course lasts four years. The fee is f 30.—. The school is under the direction of Mr. J. R. De Kruffy.

Visitors of the schools, apply for admission to the Directors of these institutions.



# ALPHABETICAL INDEX

OF THE

## ARTISTS.

No. Page.		No. Page.			
Adams (J. T.) . . . . .	1	110	Backer (A.) . . . . .	27	33
Adamsen (A.) . . . . .		44	» » . . . . .	28	62
Adamsen, called Bosch (H. Van) . . . . .	158	49	» » . . . . .	29	90
Adams (A.) . . . . .		73	» » . . . . .	31	123
» . . . . .		74	Backhuysen (Ludolf) . . . . .	43	56
Adamsen (P.) . . . . .	2	53	» » . . . . .	44	58
» . . . . .		55	» » . . . . .	45	86
» . . . . .	3	55	» » . . . . .		86
» . . . . .	5	55	» » . . . . .	42	87
Adamsz (P.) . . . . .	4	56	» » . . . . .	41	88
Adamsloot (W.) . . . . .		143	» » . . . . .	46	100
Adamsloot (H.) . . . . .		138	» » . . . . .	47	102
Adamsyn (Jhr. Mr. W.) . . . . .	6	105	» » . . . . .	40	130
Adams (A.) . . . . .		148	» » . . . . .		133
Adams, called Bronzino (C.) . . . . .	202	46	» » . . . . .		141
Adams (S.) . . . . .	7	108	Badens (F.) . . . . .	32	56
Adams (Michel) . . . . .		125	Baen (J. De) . . . . .	33	33
Adams (P. Van) . . . . .	8	71	» » . . . . .	34	33
» . . . . .	9	71	» » . . . . .	35	62
» . . . . .	10	92	» » . . . . .	38	92
Adamsz (C.) . . . . .		139	» » . . . . .	36	118
» . . . . .		144	» » . . . . .	37	118
Adams (A. Van) . . . . .		73	» » . . . . .		141
» . . . . .	12	133	» » . . . . .		143
Adams (L. F. H.) . . . . .	14	107	Bailly (D.) . . . . .	39	73
» . . . . .	13	112	Bakhuyzen (Ger <sup>a</sup> . Jac <sup>a</sup> . Van de Sande) . . . . .	50	112
Adams (D. A. C.) . . . . .	15	114	Bakhuyzen (H. Van de Sande) . . . . .	48	110
Adams (P. Van) . . . . .	16	98	» » . . . . .	49	111
Adams (H. Van) . . . . .	17	112	» (J. J. Van de Sande) . . . . .		106
Adamsbergs (A.) . . . . .	18	109	» » . . . . .	52	106
Adamsyn (J.) . . . . .	19	33	» » . . . . .	51	110
» . . . . .	20	57	Balen (H. Van) . . . . .	53	45
» . . . . .	21	98	Balten (P.) . . . . .	53 <sup>a</sup>	47
Adams (J. Van) . . . . .	22	77	Ban (G.) . . . . .	54	75
Adams (J.) . . . . .	23	70	Barbieri (G. F.) . . . . .	418	46
Adams (J. A. J.) . . . . .	24	48	Barbiers (P.) . . . . .	55	109
» . . . . .	25	69	Barentsz (D.) . . . . .	57	50
Adams (H.) . . . . .	26	73	» » . . . . .	58	50
» . . . . .		146			

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

	No.	Page.		No.	1
Barentsz (D.) . . . . .	56	55	Berckheyde (G. A.) . . . . .	107	P. D.
» » . . . . .		146	» » . . . . .	104	»
Bary (H.) . . . . .		143	» (Hiob) . . . . .	99	»
Bassen (B. Van) . . . . .	59	73	» » . . . . .	100	»
Batist (K.) . . . . .	60	123	» » . . . . .	98	»
Baudewyns (A. F.) . . . . .	61	47	Berckmans (H.) . . . . .	108	»
Bauer (N.) . . . . .	63	113	Berends (J.) . . . . .	1629	»
» » . . . . .	62	113	Berent . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	65	134	Beresteyn (C. Van) . . . . .	109	»
» » . . . . .	66	134	Berg (S. Van den) . . . . .	110	»
» » . . . . .	67	134	Bergen (D. Van den) . . . . .	111	»
» » . . . . .	68	134	» » . . . . .	113	»
Beeckman (A.) . . . . .	69	129	» » . . . . .	112	»
Beeldemaker (A. C.) . . . . .	70	32	» » . . . . .	114	»
Beelt (K.) . . . . .	72	98	Bertin (N.) . . . . .	115	»
» » . . . . .	71	130	» » . . . . .	116	»
Beers (J. Van) . . . . .	73	107	Bervic (J. G.) . . . . .		»
Beerstraaten (A.) . . . . .	80	35	Beveren (C. Van) . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	79	61	» » . . . . .		»
» (J. A.) . . . . .	74	133	» » . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	75	33	Beyeren (A. H. Van) . . . . .	84	»
» » . . . . .	76	77	» » . . . . .	85	»
» » . . . . .	78	100	Bie (C. De) . . . . .	116a	»
» » . . . . .	77	118	Bilders (J. W.) . . . . .	119	»
Beest (Jhr. J. E. Van Heems- kerck Van) . . . . .	462	108	» » . . . . .	118	»
» » » . . . . .	461	111	» » . . . . .		»
Bega (C. P.) . . . . .	81	74	» » . . . . .	117	»
» » . . . . .	82	98	Bisschop (C.) . . . . .	120	»
Begeyn (A. C.) . . . . .		33	» » . . . . .		»
Behr (C. J.) . . . . .	83	111	» (J. De) . . . . .		»
Bellevois (J.) . . . . .	83a	133	Blankenhoff, called Jan Maet (J. T.) . . . . .	1091	»
Berchem (N. P.) . . . . .	92	33	Bleeck (P. Van) . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	91	35	Bleker (D.) . . . . .	121	»
» » . . . . .	97	57	Bles (D. J.) . . . . .	123	»
» » . . . . .	93	60	» » . . . . .	122	»
» » . . . . .	86	76	» » . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	90	76	Bles, called Civetta . . . . .	296	»
» » . . . . .	89	77	Bloemaert (A.) . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	88	83	» » . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	87	83	» (F.) . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	96	96	» (H.) . . . . .	125	»
» » . . . . .	95	100	» » . . . . .	126	»
» » . . . . .	94	102	» » . . . . .	124	»
» (C. P.) . . . . .		141	» » . . . . .	127	»
» » . . . . .		147	Bloeme (H. A. De) . . . . .	127	»
Berckheyde (G. A.) . . . . .	102	61	Blommen (N. Van) . . . . .	128	»
» » . . . . .	103	61	Blommendael (J.) . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	101	76	Blommers (B. J.) . . . . .	129	»
» » . . . . .	105	98	» » . . . . .		»
» » . . . . .	106	98	Blon (M. Le) . . . . .		»

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page.	
Bot (P. De) . . . . .	73	Both (J.) . . . . .	162 77
» . . . . .	74	» » . . . . .	160 77
» . . . . .	130 74	» » . . . . .	161 83
Boteligh (A.) . . . . .	143	» » . . . . .	163 98
» » . . . . .	143	» » . . . . .	164 102
» » . . . . .	145	Bouchorst (J.) . . . . .	147
Boofoft (Z.) . . . . .	131 123	Boulengier (H.) . . . . .	165 74
» . . . . .	132 123	Bourdon (S.) . . . . .	166 48
Bo (P.) . . . . .	138	Boursse (E.) . . . . .	167 76
Bo (F.) . . . . .	61	» » . . . . .	685 103
» . . . . .	138 61	Bout (P.) . . . . .	141
» . . . . .	133 84	Braeकेलेer (F. De) . . . . .	169 134
» . . . . .	134 86	Brakenburgh (R.) . . . . .	170 57
» . . . . .	141 96	» » . . . . .	171 79
» . . . . .	144 102	Bramer (L.) . . . . .	173 87
» . . . . .	143 120	» » . . . . .	174 121
» . . . . .	142 120	Brandt (A.) . . . . .	175 111
» . . . . .	137 121	» » . . . . .	176 111
» . . . . .	136 123	Brascassat (J. R.) . . . . .	177 104
» . . . . .	135 131	Brassauw (M.) . . . . .	178 56
» . . . . .	141	Bray (D. De) . . . . .	179 86
» . . . . .	143	» » . . . . .	146
» . . . . .	147	» (J. De) . . . . .	179 86
» . . . . .	89	» » . . . . .	142
Bomey (B) . . . . .	145	Bree (M. I. Van) . . . . .	181 84
Bwert (S. A. Van) . . . . .	141	» » . . . . .	182 114
Bne (D.) . . . . .	47	Bredael (J. Van) . . . . .	180 46
Bnen (A.) . . . . .	62	Breen (A. Van) . . . . .	183 76
» . . . . .	91	Breenbergh (B.) . . . . .	73
» . . . . .	93	» » . . . . .	184 98
» . . . . .	93	Breitner (G. H.) . . . . .	185 104
Bch (G. Ter) . . . . .	1411 57	Brekelenkam (Q.) . . . . .	188 56
» . . . . .	1412 57	» » . . . . .	189 60
» . . . . .	1413 84	» » . . . . .	190 76
» . . . . .	1414 88	» » . . . . .	186 77
» . . . . .	1415 96	» » . . . . .	187 77
» . . . . .	145	» » . . . . .	192 98
» . . . . .	147	» » . . . . .	191 100
» . . . . .	147	Brescia (G. A. da) . . . . .	138
(M. Ter) . . . . .	147	Breton (Mad. Virginie Demont) . . . . .	107
Bculo (Van) . . . . .	75	Breuhau De Groot (F. A.) . . . . .	193 113
Bnan (J.) . . . . .	152 88	Brice (J.) . . . . .	194 110
Beekens (M.) . . . . .	139	Bril (P.) . . . . .	195 45
Beeselen (J. W. Van) . . . . .	154 111	Brisé (C.) . . . . .	196 35
Beisum (A. Van) . . . . .	147	Broeck (C. Van den) . . . . .	146
Booom (J.) . . . . .	106	» (E. Van den) . . . . .	197 45
» . . . . .	156 108	» » . . . . .	45
» . . . . .	157 108	Bronchorst (J. G. Van) . . . . .	198 20
» . . . . .	155 112	Brondgeest (A.) . . . . .	201 107
Bch (H. Van Aecken, called) . . . . .	158 49	Bronzino . . . . .	202 46
Bsuit (F. De) . . . . .	184	Brouwer (A.) . . . . .	203 72
Bu (J.) . . . . .	159 57		

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

	No.	Page.		No.	Page.
Brouwer (A.) . . . . .	204	73	Constant (B.) . . . . .		
» (C.) . . . . .		146	Coolwijk (J.) . . . . .		
Brueghel (Abraham) . . . . .		46	Cornelisz (J.) . . . . .		
» the Elder (Jan) . . . . .	211	44	Cornet (J. L.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	209	44	Couwenberg (A. J.) . . . . .	243	
» » . . . . .	206	45	» (H. W.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	208	46	Craeyvanger (G.) . . . . .	83	
» » . . . . .	207	46	» » . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	210	47	Cranach the Elder (L.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .		141	Craeyer (C. De) . . . . .	244	
» (P) . . . . .		146	» » . . . . .	245	
Brugghen (G. A. Van der) . . . . .		148	Croos (A. J. Van der) . . . . .	246	
Bueckeleer (J.) . . . . .		44	Cunaeus (C.) . . . . .	247	
Burbure (L. De) . . . . .		104	Cuylenburg (C. Van) . . . . .	249	
Burgh (H. Van der) . . . . .	213	114	» » . . . . .	250	
» (H. A. Van der) . . . . .	214	116	» » . . . . .	248	
» (R. Van der) . . . . .	215	92	Cuyp (A.) . . . . .	253	
Burgkly Glimmer (Mrs.) . . . . .	216	103	» » . . . . .	252	
Buy (J.) . . . . .	216a	62	» » . . . . .	251	
» » . . . . .		84	» » . . . . .		
Bylert (J. Van) . . . . .	217	79	» » . . . . .	255	
			» » . . . . .	256	
Calame (A.) . . . . .	218	103	» » . . . . .	254	
» » . . . . .	219	107	» (B. G.) . . . . .	257	
Calisch (M.) . . . . .		105	» (J. G.) . . . . .	258	
Camerarius (A.) . . . . .	222	36	» » . . . . .	259	
Campagnola (J.) . . . . .		138	Cuypers (Jos. Th. J.) . . . . .	Page 43 n	
Campen (J. Van) . . . . .		2			
» » . . . . .		161	Daiwaille (J. A.) . . . . .		
Camphuysen (G.) . . . . .	223	84	Dalans the Elder (D.) . . . . .	261	
Capelle (J. Van de) . . . . .	224	84	Dalen Jr. (C. Van) . . . . .		
Caravaggio . . . . .	225	46	» » . . . . .		
Cate (H. G. Ten) . . . . .	227	103	» Sr. (C. Van) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	226	114	Danckerts (D.) . . . . .		
Cels (C.) . . . . .	228	100	Danzel (J.) . . . . .		
Čermak (J.) . . . . .	230	106	Daubigny (C. F.) . . . . .		
Cesena (P. da) . . . . .		138	Daullé (J.) . . . . .		
Chattel (T. J. Van Rossum Du) . . . . .	231	107	Delff (Cornelis Jacobsz.) . . . . .	264	
Claesz (Pieter) . . . . .	232	75	» (Jacobus) . . . . .	266	
Claeszen (Aertgen) . . . . .		146	» (Jacob Willemz.) . . . . .	265	
» (Alaert) . . . . .		140	» (W.) . . . . .		
Clau (J. De) . . . . .		92	Delvaux (E.) . . . . .	267	
Cock (H.) . . . . .		139	Demarteau (G.) . . . . .		
» (Joan Claude De) . . . . .		31	Demont-Breton (Mad <sup>e</sup> . Virginie) . . . . .		
Coclars (L. B.) . . . . .	234	64	Denner (B.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	233	64	Deventer (W. A. Van) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .		144	» » . . . . .	268	
Codde (P.) . . . . .	235	73	Diday (F.) . . . . .	269	
Coene (J. H. De) . . . . .	237	113	Dietz . . . . .	270	
Compe (J. Ten) . . . . .	238	100	Dixon . . . . .		
Coninck (D. De) . . . . .		29	Does (S. Van der) . . . . .	273	



## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No.		No. Page.		No. Page.		
	D. (S. Van der)	274	57	Dyck (A. Van)	141	
	»	271	76	»	145	
	»	272	87	»	147	
241	Dekkers R. Hz. (F. R. J.)	135	»	(Ph. Van)	317 79	
	Dener (L.)	87	»	»	318 79	
8.	D. (Gerard)	275	57	»	316 79	
	»	280	61	»	323 79	
	»	277	76	»	322 81	
241	»	279	76	»	320 81	
241	»	278	76	»	321 81	
241	»	276	87	»	319 81	
241	»	281	96	»	144	
241	»	282	102	Dykhoff Jr. (J.)	148	
241	»		145			
241	D. v (?)	284	90	Earlom (R.)	139	
241	(Simon Van)	283	88	Eeckhout (G. Van den)	324 76	
241	Dier (J. Schoenmaker)	1308	116	»	325 102	
241	Dibholz (C. L. W.)	285	113	»	141	
241	Diet (P. J.)		138	»	146	
241	D. (J. A. Van der)	286	109	»	147	
241	Dichsloot (J. C.)	287	36	»	(J. J.)	326 112
241	»	288	131	Eelkema (E. J.)	329 103	
241	Dit (C.)	289	120	»	328 109	
241	Dobels (H.)	291	60	»	327 116	
241	»	290	76	Eggers (B.)	117	
241	»	292	102	»	132	
241	Dourcq (P. L.)	293	111	Ekels the Younger (J.)	330 61	
241	D. (J. A.)	294	88	»	331 61	
241	D. het (Gaspard)	1143	48	Elias surnamed Pickenoy (N.)	333 35	
241	»	1144	48	»	343 36	
241	D. esnil (L. M.)		117	»	342 37	
241	D. r (A.)	299	50	»	59	
241	»		138	»	339 60	
241	D. rt (C.)	302	56	»	334 60	
241	»	304	60	»	338 60	
241	»	303	75	»	336 62	
241	»	300	77	»	341 91	
241	»	301	88	»	337 118	
241	D. uen (J. Van)		92	»	335 120	
241	D. ster (W. C.)		74	»	332 120	
241	»		117	Elliger (O.)	344 75	
241	D. y (A. Van)	309	44	Elsheimer (H.)	143	
241	»	307	44	Elven (P. Tetar Van)	345 108	
241	»	310	47	Engelberts (W. J. M.)	347 116	
241	»	305	47	Esselens (J.)	147	
241	»	306	60	Everdingen (A. Van)	348 58	
241	»	311	72	»	350 60	
241	»	313	86	»	349 76	
241	»	312	86	»	351 100	
241	»	308	96	»	(C. Van)	352 35
241	»	314	99	»	353 35	

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

	No.	Page.		No.	Page.
Eversdyck (W.) . . . . .	356	87	Gheyn (J. De) . . . . .	1	87
» » . . . . .	354	88	» » . . . . .	1	88
» » . . . . .	355	88	» » . . . . .	1	88
Evrard (Adèle) . . . . .	357	114	Glauber (J.) . . . . .	399	1
Ewoutsz (J.) . . . . .	144	»	» » . . . . .	400	1
Eyck (H. Van) . . . . .	110	110	Glimmer (Mrs. Burgkly) . . .	216	1
» (J. Van) . . . . .	110	110	Godecharles . . . . .	179	1
Eycken (J. B. Van) . . . . .	358	116	Golingh (J.) . . . . .	401	1
Fabritius (B.) . . . . .	359	35	Goltzius (H.) . . . . .	401	1
Falconet (Marie Anne) . . . .		31	» » . . . . .	402	1
Feddes (P.) . . . . .	141	141	» » . . . . .	394	1
Ferguson (W.) . . . . .	360	75	» » . . . . .	393	1
Feytema (S.) . . . . .	147	147	» » . . . . .	395	1
Flinck (G.) . . . . .	366a	35	» » . . . . .	396	1
» » . . . . .	361	35	Gossaert (J.) . . . . .	403	1
» » . . . . .	362	35	Goudt (H. Van) . . . . .	404	1
» » . . . . .	364	39	Govaerts (A. C.) . . . . .	405	1
» » . . . . .	366	69	Goyen (J. Van) . . . . .	407	1
» » . . . . .	363	71	» » . . . . .	409	1
» » . . . . .	365	120	» » . . . . .	408	1
» » . . . . .		143	» » . . . . .	406	1
» » . . . . .		144	Graet (B.) . . . . .	410	1
Fokke (S.) . . . . .	144	90	» » . . . . .	411	1
Folkema (J.) . . . . .	144	91	Grebber (P. De) . . . . .	414	1
Fournier (J.) . . . . .	368	44	Greive (J. C.) . . . . .	413	1
» » . . . . .	369	91	» » . . . . .	415	1
Francken the Younger (F.) . .	370	46	Griffier (J.) . . . . .	416	1
» » » . . . . .	371	96	Groot (F. A. Breuhaus De) . .	193	1
» » » . . . . .	372	96	Gruyter (W.) . . . . .	417	1
Frey (J. De) . . . . .	144	144	Guercino . . . . .	418	1
Frytom . . . . .	128	128	Guidi (R.) . . . . .	419	1
Gabriël (P. J.) . . . . .	31	104	Gysaerts (G. W.) . . . . .	420	1
» » . . . . .	135	76	Gysels (P.) . . . . .	420	1
» (P. J. C.) . . . . .	103	84	Haag (T. P. C.) . . . . .	7	1
» » . . . . .	104	50	Haanen (Adriana Johanna) . .	10	1
Gaesbeeck (A. Van) . . . . .	380	66	» » . . . . .	423	1
Geefs (W.) . . . . .	30	67	» » . . . . .	421	1
Geel (J. Van) . . . . .	381	67	» » . . . . .	422	1
Geertgen tot St. Jans . . . . .	382	69	Haas (J. H. L. De) . . . . .	428	1
Geest the Elder (W. De) . . .	384	69	» » . . . . .	427	1
» » » . . . . .	390	71	Hackaert (J.) . . . . .	430	1
» » » . . . . .	383	71	» » . . . . .	431	1
» » » . . . . .	385	104	» » . . . . .	429	1
» » » . . . . .	386	107	» » . . . . .	432	1
» » » . . . . .	391	139			
Gelder (A. De) . . . . .	392				
Gempt (B. Te) . . . . .	398				
» » . . . . .	397				
Gérard . . . . .					

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

	No.	Page.		No.	Page.
an (N. W. Van) . . . . .	145		Helst (B. Van der) . . . . .	469	66
anbergen (J. Van) . . . . .	433	86	» » . . . . .	479	91
anem (C. Van) . . . . .	435	55	» » . . . . .	480	98
» . . . . .	436	55	» » . . . . .	468	120
» . . . . .	434	56	» » . . . . .	473	123
an (J. Van der) . . . . .	437	36	» » . . . . .	474	123
» . . . . .	440	98	» » . . . . .	478	130
» . . . . .	439	102	» » . . . . .	470	130
» . . . . .	438	120	» » . . . . .	471	130
the Elder (F.) . . . . .	444	41	» » . . . . .	472	131
» » . . . . .	442	57	» » . . . . .		143
» » . . . . .		71	» (L. Van der) . . . . .	486	70
» » . . . . .	443	77	» » . . . . .	485	132
» » . . . . .	445	91	Hemert (J. Van) . . . . .	487	61
» » . . . . .	446	91	Hendriks (W.) . . . . .	488	86
» » . . . . .	447	96	Heusch (W. De) . . . . .	489	57
» » . . . . .	441	121	» » . . . . .	490	57
» » . . . . .		142	» » . . . . .	491	57
l (A. Du) . . . . .		140	Heyden (J. Van der) . . . . .	492	75
lloes (L.) . . . . .	448	114	» » . . . . .	493	75
lrot (J.) . . . . .		92	» » . . . . .	494	88
lslaere (P. Van) . . . . .	450	112	» » . . . . .	495	96
» » . . . . .	449	116	» » . . . . .		148
l (J.) . . . . .	452	134	Heyl (D. Van) . . . . .	689	45
l (A. C.) . . . . .	454	134	Hildebrand (Th.) . . . . .	496	103
» . . . . .	454 <sup>a</sup>	134	Hillegaert (P. Van) . . . . .	501	66
lman (H. J.) . . . . .	455	105	» » . . . . .	523	66
l (C. D. Van der) . . . . .	456	83	» » . . . . .	502	73
» » . . . . .	457	83	» » . . . . .	497	131
l (A. Van der) . . . . .	458	35	» » . . . . .	498	131
» » . . . . .		92	» » . . . . .	499	131
l (J. D. De) . . . . .	460	77	» » . . . . .	500	132
» » . . . . .	459	121	Hilverdink (E. A.) . . . . .	503	105
lskerck v. Beest (Jhr. J. E. V.) . . . . .	462	108	» (J.) . . . . .	505	108
» » . . . . .	461	111	» » . . . . .	504	112
lskerck (M. Van) . . . . .	463	53	Hobbema (M) . . . . .	506	57
» » . . . . .	464	56	» » . . . . .	507	96
» » . . . . .	465	56	» » . . . . .	508	100
l chop (H.) . . . . .	466	33	Hodges (C. H.) . . . . .	510	65
» » . . . . .		90	» » . . . . .	511	65
» » . . . . .		141	» » . . . . .	512	104
l breeker (D.) . . . . .		146	» » . . . . .		105
» » . . . . .		147	» » . . . . .	509	110
l (B. Van der) . . . . .	475	36	» » . . . . .	514	111
» » . . . . .	476	36	» » . . . . .	517	111
» » . . . . .	467	39	» » . . . . .	515	114
» » . . . . .	477	41	» » . . . . .	513	116
» » . . . . .	483	64	» » . . . . .	516	116
» » . . . . .	484	64	» » . . . . .		145
» » . . . . .	482	64	Hoet (G.) . . . . .	522	75
» » . . . . .	481	64	» » . . . . .	512	89

	No.	Page.		No.	P.
Hoet (G.) . . . . .	518	89	Hove (Bart Van) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	520	89	» » . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	519	89	» » . . . . .		
Hogers (J.) . . . . .		35	» » . . . . .		
Holbein the Younger (H.) . .	523	47	» » . . . . .		
Hollar (W.) . . . . .		138	» (B. J. Van) . . . . .		
Holsteyn (C.) . . . . .	655	20	» » . . . . .	694	
» (P.) . . . . .		142	Huchtenburgh (J. Van) . . .	695	
Hondecoeter (Gillis D') . . .		74	» » . . . . .	696	
» (Gijsbert D') . . . . .	656	37	» » . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	657	92	Hue (L. D') . . . . .	697	
» (M. D') . . . . .	664	35	Hulst (J. B. Van der) . . . .	698	
» » . . . . .	662	36	» » . . . . .	699	
» » . . . . .	663	36	» » . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	666	61	» (F. De) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	667	61	Hulswit (J.) . . . . .	702	
» » . . . . .	659	75	» » . . . . .	700	
» » . . . . .	658	83	» » . . . . .	701	
» » . . . . .	668	96	» » . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	665	121	Humbert De Superville (D. P.)	703	
» » . . . . .	661	123	Huygens (C.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	660	123	Huysum (J. Van) . . . . .	705	
Hondius (W.) . . . . .		142	» » . . . . .	704	
Honthorst (G. Van) . . . . .	670	67	» » . . . . .	706	
» » . . . . .	671	67	» » . . . . .	707	
» » . . . . .	558	67	» » . . . . .	709	
» » . . . . .	672	67	» » . . . . .	708	
» » . . . . .	673	69	» » . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	675	69			
» » . . . . .	674	69	Isacsen (Isaac) . . . . .	717	
» » . . . . .		85	Israëls (J.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .		86	» » . . . . .	712	
» » . . . . .	669	120	» » . . . . .	711	
» » . . . . .	676	121	» » . . . . .		
» (W. Van) . . . . .	679	66	» » . . . . .	710	
» » . . . . .	680	69			
Hooch (P. De) . . . . .	682	76	Jacobsz (Dirck) . . . . .	719	
» » . . . . .	681	86	» » . . . . .	718	
» » . . . . .	683	96	» » . . . . .	547	
» » . . . . .	687	96	Jamin (D. F.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	686	98	Janson (J. C.) . . . . .	720	
» » . . . . .	684	102	» » . . . . .	721	
Hooge (R. De) . . . . .	688	36	» » . . . . .	722	
» » . . . . .		142	Jardin (K. Du) . . . . .	724	
» » . . . . .		147	» » . . . . .	726	
Hooghstraten (D. Van) . . . .		92	» » . . . . .	725	
Hoogstraten (S. Van) . . . . .	691	58	» » . . . . .	727	
» » . . . . .	692	98	» » . . . . .	729	
Houbraken (A.) . . . . .	693	100	» » . . . . .	728	
Houdon (J. A.) . . . . .		132	» » . . . . .	723	
Hove (Bart Van) . . . . .		6	» » . . . . .	732	



## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page.	
Frin (K. Du) . . . . .	731 98	Keyser (W. De) . . . . .	770 96
» . . . . .	730 102	Klinkenberg (J. C. K.) . . . . .	106
Fr (Simon Saint) . . . . .	1270 108	» . . . . .	773 108
Frer (Chr.) . . . . .	145	» . . . . .	772 116
» . . . . .	145	Klomp (A. J.) . . . . .	775 98
Frerhuis (Rz. (J.) . . . . .	736 112	» . . . . .	774 98
» . . . . .	734 113	» . . . . .	776 100
» . . . . .	733 113	Kneller (G.) . . . . .	777 86
Frersma . . . . .	144	Knip (Mrs. H. Rönner) . . . . .	779 103
Fr (J. De) . . . . .	179 86	» . . . . .	780 112
(L. De) . . . . .	739 98	» (J. A.) . . . . .	778 111
» . . . . .	737 130	Knoll (F. C.) . . . . .	781 114
» . . . . .	738 130	Knupfer (N.) . . . . .	74
(Pieter De Josselin De) . . . . .	736a 104	Kobell (J.) . . . . .	783 110
Frhe (J. B. De) . . . . .	740 110	» . . . . .	782 110
Fr (P. J.) . . . . .	144	» . . . . .	785 110
Frans (J.) . . . . .	742 44	» . . . . .	148
» . . . . .	741 44	Koedyck (J.) . . . . .	786 132
» . . . . .	147	Koekkoek (B. C.) . . . . .	146
Fr (C.) . . . . .	146	Koninck (Ph. De) . . . . .	791 34
Frser (J. W.) . . . . .	144	» . . . . .	790 58
Fr (W.) . . . . .	743 77	» . . . . .	147
Frper (G.) . . . . .	744 72	» (S.) . . . . .	792 74
Fr (H. F. C. Ten) . . . . .	746 112	» . . . . .	141
Fr en Jr. (D. Van der) . . . . .	747 107	Kooi (W. B. Van der) . . . . .	796 110
Fr (J. Van) . . . . .	748 58	» . . . . .	798 111
» . . . . .	749 61	» . . . . .	797 112
» . . . . .	750 75	» . . . . .	799 112
Fr l (C.) . . . . .	755 53	Korff (A. H. Bakker). . . . .	800 113
» . . . . .	756 53	Körnlein (J.) . . . . .	146
» . . . . .	759 55	Koster (E.) . . . . .	801 114
» . . . . .	754 55	Kruseman (C.) . . . . .	805 112
» . . . . .	758 55	» . . . . .	804 113
» . . . . .	757 58	» . . . . .	803 114
» . . . . .	753 73	» . . . . .	808 114
» . . . . .	752 73	» . . . . .	806 116
» . . . . .	760 90	» . . . . .	146
» . . . . .	140	» (J. A.) . . . . .	813 100
Katjes (G. L.) . . . . .	761a 134	» . . . . .	812 100
K (W.) . . . . .	85	» . . . . .	105
Kser (Th. De) . . . . .	765 61	» . . . . .	809 112
» . . . . .	766 62	» . . . . .	810 116
» . . . . .	762 73	Kuyl (G. Van der) . . . . .	814 35
» . . . . .	764 77	» . . . . .	815 57
» . . . . .	769 118	Laan (D. J. Van der) . . . . .	817 100
» . . . . .	768 120	Laer (P. De) . . . . .	92
» . . . . .	767 121	Lairesse (G. De) . . . . .	821 33
» . . . . .	763 132	» . . . . .	820 35
» . . . . .	142	» . . . . .	824 35
(H. De) . . . . .	127	» . . . . .	819 54

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

	No.	Page.		No.	Page.
Lairesse (G. De) . . . . .	818	64	Liotard (J. E.) . . . . .	871	
» » . . . . .	822	89	» » . . . . .	856	
» » . . . . .		117	» » . . . . .	855	
» » . . . . .	823	120	» » . . . . .	850	
» » . . . . .		148	» » . . . . .	869	
» » . . . . .		178	» » . . . . .	859	
Lastman (P. P.) . . . . .	827	73	» » . . . . .	849	
» » . . . . .		145	» » . . . . .	854	
Lauwers (J. J.) . . . . .	828	110	» » . . . . .	868	
Lawrence (Sir Th.) . . . . .	829	61	» » . . . . .	860	
Leemans (A.) . . . . .	830	33	» » . . . . .	863	
Leenhoff (F.) . . . . .		103	» » . . . . .	872	
Leickert (C. H. J.) . . . . .	831	114	» » . . . . .	864	
Leiden (A. C. Van) . . . . .		146	» » . . . . .	853	
» (L. Van) . . . . .		140	» » . . . . .	867	
» » . . . . .		144	» » . . . . .	858	
Lelie (A. De) . . . . .	833	89	» » . . . . .	862	
» » . . . . .	832	114	Lokhorst (D. Van) . . . . .	876	
Leliënburgh (C.) . . . . .		92	Longhi (G.) . . . . .		
Lely (P. De) . . . . .		143	Loo (J. Van) . . . . .	877	
Leys (H.) . . . . .	834	103	Lubinitzki (C.) . . . . .	878	
Lépicié . . . . .		138	Luiken (J.) . . . . .		
Lievens (J.) . . . . .	873	121	Lutma the Younger (J.) . . . .		
» » . . . . .	874	132	Lyon (J.) . . . . .	879	
» » . . . . .	875	132	Lys (J.) . . . . .	879 <sup>a</sup>	
» » . . . . .		141			
» » . . . . .		144	Maecht (J. De) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .		147	Maes (N) . . . . .		
Limborgh (H. Van) . . . . .	837	77	» » . . . . .	882	
» » . . . . .	836	89	» » . . . . .	885	
» » . . . . .	835	90	» » . . . . .	886	
Limburg (M.) . . . . .		143	» » . . . . .	884	
Lingelbach (J.) . . . . .	841	58	» » . . . . .	888	
» » . . . . .	842	59	» » . . . . .	887	
» » . . . . .	845	61	» » . . . . .	889	
» » . . . . .	838	87	» » . . . . .	890	
» » . . . . .	839	88	» » . . . . .	891	
» » . . . . .	844	88	» » . . . . .	893	
» » . . . . .	840	88	» » . . . . .	892	
» » . . . . .	846	100	» » . . . . .	883	
» » . . . . .	843	132	Malo (V.) . . . . .	894	
Lingeman (L.) . . . . .	847 <sup>a</sup>	106	» » . . . . .	895	
» » . . . . .	847	112	Mander (K. Van) . . . . .	1561	
Linthorst (J.) . . . . .	848	110	» » . . . . .	552	
Liotard (J. E.) . . . . .	866	64	» » . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	865	65	Mantegna (A.) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	851	82	Mare (J. De) . . . . .		
» » . . . . .	870	82	Marellus (J.) . . . . .	897	
» » . . . . .	852	82	Maris (J.) . . . . .	895 <sup>a</sup>	
» » . . . . .	857	83	Maschhaupt (J. H.) . . . . .	900	
» » . . . . .	861	83	» » . . . . .	901	

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page	
Assys (Quinten) . . . . .	903 47	Mierevelt (M. J. Van) . . . . .	143
» » . . . . .	902 50	» » . . . . .	147
Aster »des Jardins d'amour" . . . . .	139	» (School of) . . . . .	939 70
» of »the Lobster" . . . . .	140	» » . . . . .	570 71
» » 1466 . . . . .	138	» » . . . . .	940 96
» » 1480 . . . . .	139	Mieris the Younger (Frans Van) . . . . .	957 74
» L. C. Z. . . . .	140	» » Elder . . . . .	951 58
» W. . . . .	140	» » » . . . . .	952 61
Amham (J.) . . . . .	140	» » » . . . . .	949 84
» » . . . . .	147	» » » . . . . .	950 88
» (Th.) . . . . .	142	» » » . . . . .	953 96
Auwe (A.) . . . . .	106	» » » . . . . .	958 102
» » . . . . .	904 106	» » » . . . . .	959 102
Aer (J. Van der) . . . . .	905 77	» (Willem Van) . . . . .	954 88
Aerhout (J.) . . . . .	36	» » . . . . .	955 96
Alin (M.) . . . . .	175	» » . . . . .	956 98
Alan (C.) . . . . .	138	Mignard . . . . .	138
Alsdag (H. W.) . . . . .	106	Mignon (A.) . . . . .	963 58
» » . . . . .	906 110	» » . . . . .	962 58
Altsu (G.) . . . . .	909 74	» » . . . . .	960 77
» » . . . . .	907 77	» » . . . . .	964 98
» » . . . . .	908 83	» » . . . . .	961 121
» » . . . . .	910 103	Mirou (A.) . . . . .	965 44
Altsys (Cornelis) . . . . .	911 55	Moerenhout (J. J.) . . . . .	968 116
Alulemans (A.) . . . . .	913 114	» » . . . . .	967 134
Alulen (F. P. Ter) . . . . .	1416 104	Moeyaart (N. C.) . . . . .	970 35
Alulener (P.) . . . . .	914 47	» » . . . . .	971 36
Alurice (F.) . . . . .	158	» » . . . . .	93
Aluyer (H. De) . . . . .	916 88	Molenaar (J. M.) . . . . .	973 96
» » . . . . .	131	» » . . . . .	974 98
» » . . . . .	915 131	Molyn (P.) . . . . .	143
» (J. H. L.) . . . . .	919 106	Momper (F. De) . . . . .	976 73
» » . . . . .	918 108	» (J. De) . . . . .	975 45
» » . . . . .	917 112	Moni (L. De) . . . . .	977 89
Alchaëlis (G. J.) . . . . .	920 110	Moor (C. De) . . . . .	145
Alerevelt (M. J. Van) . . . . .	926 34	Moreelse (P.) . . . . .	981 67
» » . . . . .	930 65	» » . . . . .	978 71
» » . . . . .	924 66	» » . . . . .	982 74
» » . . . . .	921 67	» » . . . . .	979 77
» » . . . . .	922 67	» » . . . . .	980 83
» » . . . . .	923 67	» » . . . . .	86
» » . . . . .	925 71	» » . . . . .	145
» » . . . . .	927 72	Morel (J. E.) . . . . .	985 60
» » . . . . .	928 73	Moritz (L.) . . . . .	994 62
» » . . . . .	929 74	» » . . . . .	993 105
» » . . . . .	931 79	» » . . . . .	110
» » . . . . .	932 79	» » . . . . .	991 112
» » . . . . .	933 91	» » . . . . .	992 134
» » . . . . .	934 91	Mörner (Otto Count Von) . . . . .	969 100
» » . . . . .	935 96	Mostaert . . . . .	143
» » . . . . .	140	Moucheron (Frederik De) . . . . .	986 59

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page.	
Moucheron (Frederik De) . . . . .	987 77	Noël (P. J.) . . . . .	1032 11
» » . . . . .	988 102	Nooms, called Zeeman (R.) . . . . .	1034 8
» (Isaac De) . . . . .	990 57	» » » . . . . .	1034 <sup>a</sup> 13
» » . . . . .	989 84	» » » . . . . .	1034 <sup>d</sup> 13
Mouilleron (A.) . . . . .	105	» » » . . . . .	1034 <sup>b</sup> 13
Muller (J.) . . . . .	140	» » » . . . . .	1034 <sup>c</sup> 13
» » . . . . .	140	» » » . . . . .	1033 13
Munnickhuysen (J. Van) . . . . .	143	» » » . . . . .	1034 <sup>e</sup> 13
Murant (E.) . . . . .	995 77	Noorde (C. Van) . . . . .	14
Murillo (B. E.) . . . . .	996 45	» » . . . . .	14
Musscher (M. Van) . . . . .	999 65	Noort (P. P. Van) . . . . .	1039 12
» » . . . . .	998 66	» » » . . . . .	1038 12
» » . . . . .	997 89	» (J. Van) . . . . .	1036 6
Myn (G. Van der) . . . . .	90	» » . . . . .	1035 6
Mytens (J. A.) . . . . .	1001 131	» » . . . . .	1037 6
» » . . . . .	1002 131	Noter (P. F. De) . . . . .	11
» » . . . . .	1003 132	» » . . . . .	1040 11
» » . . . . .	1004 132	» » . . . . .	1041 11
» » . . . . .	142	Nuyen (W. J. J.) . . . . .	1042 11
» (M.) . . . . .	1005 85	Ochternvelt (J.) . . . . .	1046 3
Naiveu (M.) . . . . .	1006 77	» » . . . . .	14
» » . . . . .	1007 92	Odekercken (W. Van) . . . . .	1047 9
Nakken (W. C.) . . . . .	1008 108	Oever (H. Ten) . . . . .	1049 7
Nanteuil (R.) . . . . .	138	Olis (J.) . . . . .	1050 7
Natalis (M.) . . . . .	142	Ommeganck (B. P.) . . . . .	1051 11
Navez (F. J.) . . . . .	1009 112	Oostsanen (J. C. Van) . . . . .	5
Neck (J. Van) . . . . .	1011 62	» » . . . . .	241 5
Neefs the Elder (P.) . . . . .	1012 44	» » . . . . .	12
» » » . . . . .	1013 47	» » . . . . .	14
» » » . . . . .	1014 47	Opferdoes (J. P.) . . . . .	1052 7
Neer (A. Van der) . . . . .	1015 77	Opstal (G. Van) . . . . .	18
» » . . . . .	1017 102	Os (G. J. J. Van) . . . . .	1056 11
» » . . . . .	1016 103	» » . . . . .	1058 11
» (E. H. Van der) . . . . .	1018 76	» » . . . . .	1057 11
Netscher (Caspar) . . . . .	1019 75	» (Maria Margrieta Van) . . . . .	1059 11
» » . . . . .	1021 83	» (P. G. Van) . . . . .	1065 10
» » . . . . .	1020 84	» » . . . . .	1067 11
» » . . . . .	1022 102	» » . . . . .	1066 11
» (Constantyn) . . . . .	1023 61	» » . . . . .	1060 11
» » . . . . .	1025 65	» » . . . . .	1061 11
» » . . . . .	1024 66	» » . . . . .	11
» » . . . . .	1026 102	» » . . . . .	1064 13
» » . . . . .	1027 103	» » . . . . .	1068 13
Neuhuys (A.) . . . . .	1028 112	» » . . . . .	1062 13
» (J.) . . . . .	1029 104	» » . . . . .	1063 13
Nickelen (J. Van) . . . . .	1257 86	Ossenbeeck (W.) . . . . .	1069 5
Nicolie (J. C.) . . . . .	1030 116	Ostade (Adriaen Van) . . . . .	1072 5
Nieulant (A. Van) . . . . .	826 36	» » . . . . .	1073 5
Nieuwlandt (W. Van) . . . . .	142	» » . . . . .	1071 7
Noël (P. J.) . . . . .	1031 109		



No. Page.		No. Page.	
stade (Adriaen Van) . . .	1070 76	Ploos Van Amstel (C.) . . .	146
» » . . .	1074 76	Poel E. Van der) . . .	1116 75
» » . . .	1075 96	» » . . .	1117 87
» » . . .	1076 96	Poelenburgh (C. Van) . . .	1121 75
» » . . .	141	» » . . .	1120 77
» » . . .	147	» » . . .	1119 83
» (Isaac Van) . . .	1077 83	» » . . .	1118 84
» » » . . .	1078 96	Poelman (P. J.) . . .	1122 113
udenrogge (J. D.) . . .	1079 87	Pontius (P. Du Pont) . . .	141
water (I.) . . .	1080 89	Pool (J.) . . .	1123 62
» » . . .	1081 89	Poorter (W. De) . . .	1124 88
vens (J.) . . .	172 36	Poortman (C. J. L.) . . .	1126 113
» » . . .	1082 65	Post (F.) . . .	1128 129
» » . . .	1085 72	» » . . .	1127 130
» » . . .	1084 91	» » . . .	135
» » . . .	1083 98	Pothoven (H.) . . .	1129 90
» » . . .	142	Potter (Paulus) . . .	132 33
melinck (J.) . . .	1086 114	» » . . .	1136 60
lamedesz (A.) . . .	72	» » . . .	1035 76
» » . . .	147	» » . . .	1134 77
lma (J.) . . .	138	» » . . .	1133 83
lthe (J.) . . .	1090 64	» » . . .	1138 96
» » . . .	1088 64	» » . . .	1139 96
» » . . .	1089 65	» » . . .	1137 96
eters (G.) . . .	1093 47	» » . . .	141
» (J.) . . .	1092 131	» (Pieter) . . .	1130 88
cart (B.) . . .	143	» » . . .	1131 100
» » . . .	147	Pourbus the Younger (Frans)	1142 70
acqué (C.) . . .	1094 116	» » Elder » . . .	1140 81
eneman (J. W.) . . .	109 109	Prins (J. H.) . . .	1145 114
» » . . .	1098 109	Puytlinck, alias »Trechter» (C.)	92
» » . . .	1095 110	Pynacker (A.) . . .	1147 37
» » . . .	1097 111	» » . . .	1148 56
» » . . .	1096 111	» » . . .	1149 59
» » . . .	1100 112	» » . . .	1150 98
» » . . .	1101 113	Quellinus (A.) . . .	117
» » . . .	1105 114	» » . . .	126
» » . . .	1099 116	» (E.) . . .	145
» » . . .	1103 134	Quinckhart (J. M.) . . .	1156 62
» » . . .	1104 134	» » . . .	1155 62
» » . . .	1102 134	» » . . .	1154 63
» (N.) . . .	1107 105	» » . . .	1160 86
» » . . .	1106 111	» » . . .	1152 89
» » . . .	144	» » . . .	1153 89
etersen (A.) . . .	1111 53	» » . . .	1161 89
» » . . .	1108 55	» » . . .	1157 90
» » . . .	1110 58	» » . . .	1158 91
» » . . .	1109 62		
loo (A. S.) . . .	1113 110	Raimondi (M. A.) . . .	139
loos Van Amstel (C.) . . .	145	Raoux (J.) . . .	144

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page.	
Raphaël . . . . .	139	Romeyn (W.) . . . . .	1214
Ravenswaay (J. Van) . . . . .	1164	» » . . . . .	1212
Ravestejn (J. A. Van) . . . . .	1170	» » . . . . .	1211
» » . . . . .	1169	» « . . . . .	1210
» » . . . . .	1165	Rönner Knip (Mrs. H.) . . . . .	779
» » . . . . .	1166	» » » . . . . .	780
Regemorter (I. J. Van) . . . . .	1194	Roosenboom (Marguerite) . . . . .	1214a
» » . . . . .	1195	» » . . . . .	1216
Regters (Tibout) . . . . .	1197a	» » . . . . .	1215
» » . . . . .	1197	Rosex (N. da Modena) . . . . .	1217
» » . . . . .	1196	Rossum (J. Van) . . . . .	231
Reimer (C. T.) . . . . .	1246	» Du Chattel (F. J. Van) . . . . .	1218
Rembrandt . . . . .	1249	Roth (G. A.) . . . . .	1220
» . . . . .	1250	Rottenhammer (H.) . . . . .	1219
» . . . . .	1247	» » . . . . .	1219
» . . . . .	1251	Rottermont (P.) . . . . .	1222
» . . . . .	1248	Royer (Louis) . . . . .	1225
» . . . . .	1252	« » . . . . .	1221
» . . . . .	138	» » . . . . .	1226
» . . . . .	140	» » . . . . .	1223
» . . . . .	142	» » . . . . .	1224
» . . . . .	144	» » . . . . .	1227
» . . . . .	146	» » . . . . .	1236
» . . . . .	147	» » . . . . .	1229
» (School of) . . . . .	74	» » . . . . .	1231
» » . . . . .	91	» » . . . . .	1228
Renesse (C. Van) . . . . .	141	» » . . . . .	1234
Reni (G.) . . . . .	47	» » . . . . .	1235
Reygers (J. H.) . . . . .	153	» » . . . . .	1233
Reynolds . . . . .	139	» » . . . . .	1232
Rietschoof (J. C.) . . . . .	89	» » . . . . .	141
» » . . . . .	90	» » . . . . .	143
Rigaud (H.) . . . . .	138	» (Salomon Van) . . . . .	1236
» » . . . . .	138	» » . . . . .	1237
Ring (P. de) . . . . .	83	Ruiter (J. De) . . . . .	1239
Robetta . . . . .	138	Ruysch (Rachel) . . . . .	1241
Rochussen (C.) . . . . .	106	» . . . . .	1240
» » . . . . .	146	» » . . . . .	1243
Rocquette (J. De la) . . . . .	90	» » . . . . .	1242
Roelofs (W.) . . . . .	106		
» » . . . . .	106		
» » . . . . .	110		
Roepel (C.) . . . . .	89		
» » . . . . .	89		
Rochmans (G.) . . . . .	142		
Rochman (R.) . . . . .	142		
» » . . . . .	147		
Roghman (R.) . . . . .	118		
Rombouts (G. or J.) . . . . .	75		
Romeyn (W.) . . . . .	1213		

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page.	
Feyven (P. J. Van) . . . . .	1238 92	Schaickcn (G.) . . . . .	1296 81
Fek (P. C. Van) . . . . .	1244 20	» » . . . . .	1294 83
Fekkaert III (D.) . . . . .	1245 46	» » . . . . .	1293 84
Felbrack (M.) . . . . .	31	» » . . . . .	1295 88
Felwyck (D. Van) . . . . .	171	» » . . . . .	1292 88
		» » . . . . .	629 98
		» » . . . . .	145
Fée (P. L. J. F.) . . . . .	1255 106	Schelfhout (A.) . . . . .	1298 103
» . . . . .	1254 114	» » . . . . .	1300 111
Feler (Æg.) . . . . .	1560 47	» » . . . . .	1299 113
» (J.) . . . . .	140	» » . . . . .	146
» » . . . . .	140	Scheltcma (T.) . . . . .	1301 108
Snredam (H.) . . . . .	140	Schenk (P.) . . . . .	145
» (P. J.) . . . . .	1260 73	Schey (P.) . . . . .	74
» » . . . . .	1258 73	Schieblius (J. G.) . . . . .	1303 88
» » . . . . .	1259 74	Schmidt (G. A.) . . . . .	1304 113
» » . . . . .	1256 76	» (G. F.) . . . . .	138
» » . . . . .	1261 98	Schoenmaker Doyer (J.) . . . . .	1308 116
Seleven (C.) . . . . .	1262 60	Schoenmakers Pz. (J.) . . . . .	1309 116
» » . . . . .	1264 77	Scholten (H. J.) . . . . .	1311 108
» » . . . . .	1263 88	» » . . . . .	1310 113
» III (H.) . . . . .	1268 60	Schöngauer (M.) . . . . .	138
» » . . . . .	1266 74	Schoor (A. Van der) . . . . .	92
» » . . . . .	1267 75	Schooten (J. Van) . . . . .	1313 34
» » . . . . .	1265 76	Schotel (J. C.) . . . . .	1315 103
» » . . . . .	1269 96	» » . . . . .	1314 103
» » . . . . .	141	» » . . . . .	1316 109
Sat-Jean (S.) . . . . .	1270 108	» (P. J.) . . . . .	1318 113
Seh (Raden) . . . . .	1271 110	Schouman (A.) . . . . .	145
Sigo (C. L.) . . . . .	1272 116	» » . . . . .	161
Siders (H.) . . . . .	1273 72	» » . . . . .	173
Sdrart (J. Van) . . . . .	1279 41	» » . . . . .	174
» » . . . . .	1276 65	» (M.) . . . . .	1322 133
» » . . . . .	1278 65	» » . . . . .	1321 134
» » . . . . .	1277 66	» » . . . . .	1323 135
» » . . . . .	1275 66	Schrieck (O. M. Van) . . . . .	898 75
» » . . . . .	1274 75	Schubbruch (P.) . . . . .	1324 48
Sitvoort (D. D.) . . . . .	1282 37	Schuppen (J. Van) . . . . .	1325 45
» » . . . . .	1285 92	» (P. Van) . . . . .	143
» » . . . . .	1286 92	Schuylenburgh (H. Van) . . . . .	1326 130
» » . . . . .	1281 120	Schwartzc (J. G.) . . . . .	1327 105
» » . . . . .	1283 123	» (Thérèse) . . . . .	1328 104
» » . . . . .	1284 123	» » . . . . .	1330 108
» » . . . . .	1280 123	» » . . . . .	1329 108
Sery (R.) . . . . .	1287 74	Scorel (J. Van) . . . . .	1333 50
» » . . . . .	1289 74	» » . . . . .	1332 50
» » . . . . .	205 88	» » . . . . .	1334 50
» » . . . . .	90	» » . . . . .	1331 51
» » . . . . .	1288 92	Sebes (P. W.) . . . . .	1335 70
Saak (B.) . . . . .	1290 87	» » . . . . .	1336 70
Saicken (G.) . . . . .	1291 66	» » . . . . .	1337 70
» » . . . . .	1297 81		

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Pa	
Seghers (G.) . . . . .	141	Steen (Jan) . . . . .	14
» » . . . . .	1338	Steenwijck (H. Van) . . . . .	7
Sillemans (E.) . . . . .	1339	Stokvisch (H.) . . . . .	10
Slabbaert (K.) . . . . .	1340	» » . . . . .	14
Slingelant (P. C.) . . . . .	1341	Stoop (D.) . . . . .	5
» » . . . . .	1342	Storck (A.) . . . . .	7
Sluyter (D. J.) . . . . .	144	» » . . . . .	8
Snyders (F.) . . . . .	1343	» » . . . . .	9
» » . . . . .	1344	» » . . . . .	10
Snyers (P.) . . . . .	1345	» » . . . . .	10
Soeren (G. J. Van) . . . . .	104	» » . . . . .	13
Sorgh (H. M.) . . . . .	1346	Stortenbeker (P.) . . . . .	629a
» » . . . . .	1347	Stracké (F.) . . . . .	1389
» » . . . . .	1348	» (F. L.) . . . . .	15
» » . . . . .	1350	» (J. Th.) . . . . .	3
» » . . . . .	1349	» » . . . . .	17
Spagnoletto (J. R.) . . . . .	138	Stroebe (J. A. B.) . . . . .	1390
Spilberg (J.) . . . . .	1353	Stry (A. Van) . . . . .	1391
» » . . . . .	1354	» » . . . . .	1393
» » . . . . .	1355	» J. Van) . . . . .	1394
Spinny (G.) . . . . .	1356	» » . . . . .	1395
» » . . . . .	1357	Sturm (G.) . . . . .	11
Spranger (B.) . . . . .	139	» » . . . . .	3m (J. B.)
Springer (C.) . . . . .	106	Superville (Humbert De) . . . . .	14
» » . . . . .	107	Suterman (L. S.) . . . . .	11
» » . . . . .	112	Suyderhoef (J.) . . . . .	13
Stalbeint (A. Van) . . . . .	1360	» » . . . . .	14
Stalburch (J. Van) . . . . .	139	Tadema (L. Alma) . . . . .	10
Stang (R.) . . . . .	139	Tanjé (P.) . . . . .	14
Star (D. Van) . . . . .	140	» » . . . . .	14
Staveren (J. A. Van) . . . . .	1362	Taurel (A. B. B.) . . . . .	14
» » . . . . .	1361	Teerlink (A.) . . . . .	1399
» » . . . . .	1363	» » . . . . .	1398
Steen (Jan) . . . . .	1365	Tempel (A. Van den) . . . . .	1403
» » . . . . .	1373	» » . . . . .	1402
» » . . . . .	1372	» » . . . . .	1401
» » . . . . .	1375	Teniers the Younger (D.) . . . . .	1406
» » . . . . .	1374	» » » . . . . .	1407
» » . . . . .	1371	» » » . . . . .	1404
» » . . . . .	1367	» » » . . . . .	1405
» » . . . . .	1366	» » » . . . . .	1410
» » . . . . .	1370	» » » . . . . .	1408
» » . . . . .	1368	» » » . . . . .	1409
» » . . . . .	1364	» » » . . . . .	»
» » . . . . .	1369	Terwen (J. A.) . . . . .	8
» » . . . . .	1378	Terwesten (M.) . . . . .	1417
» » . . . . .	1376	Testas (W. De Famars) . . . . .	1417a
» » . . . . .	1377	Tetar Van Elven (P.) . . . . .	345
» » . . . . .	1380	Teunisz (C.) . . . . .	1418
» » . . . . .	1379	» » . . . . .	1419
» » . . . . .	144	Thielen (J. P. Van) . . . . .	1420



## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page.	
Topas (J.) . . . . .	148	Valck (H. De) . . . . .	1469 <sup>b</sup> 132
Toman (P.) . . . . .	126	Valckenborgh (Fr. Van) . . . . .	44
Toretto . . . . .	142	Valckert (W. Van) . . . . .	1459 60
Tschbein (J. F. A.) . . . . .	1423 82	» » . . . . .	1468 60
» » . . . . .	1425 82	» » . . . . .	1461 60
» » . . . . .	1421 82	» » . . . . .	1460 61
» » . . . . .	1422 82	» » . . . . .	1462 61
» » . . . . .	1426 82	» » . . . . .	1469 91
» » . . . . .	1429 82	» » . . . . .	1463 121
» » . . . . .	1424 82	» » . . . . .	1464 121
» » . . . . .	1427 82	» » . . . . .	1465 121
» » . . . . .	1428 82	» » . . . . .	1466 121
» » . . . . .	1430 91	» » . . . . .	1467 121
Tio (Benvenuto) . . . . .	1431 46	Valkenburg (H.) . . . . .	1470 106
» » . . . . .	1432 100	Valois (J. F.) . . . . .	104
Taan . . . . .	713 96	» » . . . . .	1471 112
» » . . . . .	144	Vecelli (Tiziano) . . . . .	1433 47
Tiqué (L.) . . . . .	138	» » . . . . .	142
T (D. Van) . . . . .	1435 64	» » . . . . .	142
» » . . . . .	1434 88	Veen (Otto Van) . . . . .	1472 55
» » . . . . .	1436 103	» » . . . . .	1473 55
Tn (J. B.) . . . . .	1437 110	» » . . . . .	1474 55
Tgt (H. A. Van) . . . . .	1439 108	» » . . . . .	1475 55
» » . . . . .	1438 112	» » . . . . .	1476 55
Tost (C.) . . . . .	1441 61	» » . . . . .	1477 55
» » . . . . .	1442 62	» » . . . . .	1478 55
» » . . . . .	1443 62	» » . . . . .	1479 55
» » . . . . .	1445 64	» » . . . . .	1480 55
» » . . . . .	1444 71	» » . . . . .	1481 55
» » . . . . .	1446 72	» » . . . . .	1482 55
» » . . . . .	1447 86	» » . . . . .	1483 55
» » . . . . .	1440 89	Velde (Adriaen Van de) . . . . .	1486 57
» » . . . . .	1448 89	» » . . . . .	1484 74
» » . . . . .	145	» » . . . . .	1485 87
» » . . . . .	145	» » . . . . .	1489 96
Tostwijk (W. J. Van) . . . . .	1449 110	» » . . . . .	1488 98
» » . . . . .	1450 114	» » . . . . .	1487 103
» » . . . . .		» (Esaias Van de) . . . . .	1492 73
Ut (J. Van der) . . . . .	1453 60	» » . . . . .	1490 76
» » . . . . .	1452 88	» » . . . . .	1493 92
» » . . . . .	1451 88	» » . . . . .	1491 131
Uino (F. B. D') . . . . .	140	» (J. Van de) . . . . .	142
Uawael (P.) . . . . .	140	» the Younger (W. Van de) . . . . .	1509 58
Uecht (A. Van) . . . . .	1454 102	» » . . . . .	1514 60
» » . . . . .		» » . . . . .	1513 60
Ullant (W.) . . . . .	1456 65	» » . . . . .	1510 88
» » . . . . .	1455 66	» » . . . . .	1512 88
» » . . . . .	1458 86	» » . . . . .	1511 88
» » . . . . .	1457 118	» » . . . . .	1518 98
» » . . . . .	145	» » . . . . .	1516 98
Uck (G.) . . . . .	143	» » . . . . .	1515 99
(H. De) . . . . .	1469 <sup>a</sup> 132	» » . . . . .	1517 100

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

	No.	Page.		No.	Page.
Velde the Younger (W. Van de)	1506	118	Verspronck (J. C.)	1545	915 (A. D.)
» » »	1507	131	Verveer (S. L.)	1550	108 (M.)
» » »	1508	132	» »	1548	110 (R.)
» » »		147	» »	1549	111 (E.)
» the Elder (W. Van de)	1496	133	Vervloet (F.)	1551	112 (H.)
» » »	1494	133	Verwilt (F.)	1552	30
» » »	1495	133	Vettewinkel (H.)		100
» » »	1500	133	Vianen (P. Van)	1554	8
» » »	1501	133	» »		17
» » »	1502	133	Victors (J.)	1555	3
» » »	1503	133	» »	1557	9
» » »	1499	133	» »	1556	9
» » »	1498	133	Vincent		14
» » »	1505	133	Vinckboons (D.)	1559	7
» » »	1504	133	» »	1558	7
Velden (P. Van der)	1519	112	Vinckenbrink (A. J.)		15
Venne (A. P. Van de)	1524	65	Visscher (C. De)		14
» » »	1520	67	» »		14
» » »	1521	75	» (L.)		14
» » »	1526	75	» »		14
» » »	1522	75	» (C. J.)		14
» » »		143	Vlieger (S. De)	1572	13
Verboeckhoven (E. J.)	1527	110	» »		14
» » »	1528	112	Vliet (H. C. Van)	1573	7
» » »	1529	116	» »	1574	9
Verboom (A. H.)	1531	58	» (J. G. Van)		14
» » »	1530	118	Vogel (C. J. De)	1575	11
Verelst (H.)	1532	66	» (J. G.)	1576	11
» » »	1533	66	Vois (A. De)	1579	5
Verhulst (R.)			» »	1577	7
» » »		31	» »	1578	7
» » »		132	» »	1580	9
» » »		135	Vollenhoven (H. Van)	1581	8
Verkolje (J.)	1534	60	Vollevens (J.)	1582	6
» » »		86	Vonck (J.)	1584	8
» » »		92	» »		9
» » »		145	Voordecker (H.)	1585	11
» (N)	1535	84	Voort (C. Van der)		3
» » »		145	» »	1589	3
Verlat (C.)		104	» »	1586	5
Vermeer (J.)	1536	96	» »	1587	5
Vermeulen (A.)	1537	103	» »	1588	6
Vermeulen (F.)		6	» »	1590	9
» » »		20	» »	1591	9
» » »		30	» »	1591a	9
Verschuier (L.)	1538	33	Vos (attributed to Maarten De)		4
» » »	1540	98	Vos (Maria)	1593	10
» » »	1539	130	» »	1592	11
Verschuur (W.)	1543	106	Vrancx (S.)		4
» » »	1542	113	» »		13
» » »		135	» »	1594	13
Verspronck (J. C.)	1544	71	» »		13

## ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

No. Page.		No. Page.		
Ves (A. De) . . . . .	1595	70	Wingen, or Winghe (J. Van) . . . . .	140
» (M. Van) . . . . .		93	Winter (A. H.) . . . . .	1635 111
» (R. Van) . . . . .	1596	77	Wit (J. De) . . . . .	1636 90
Vendt (F. De) . . . . .		139	» » . . . . .	144
Voom (H. C.) . . . . .	1599	128	Witkamp Jr. (E. S.) . . . . .	1637 105
» » . . . . .	1597	130	Witte (E. De) . . . . .	1638 77
» » . . . . .	1598	133	» » . . . . .	1640 84
			» » . . . . .	1639 98
Valdorp (A.) . . . . .	1601	106	Wolfert (J. B.) . . . . .	36
Vlaven (I.) . . . . .	1602	90	Wolff (B.) . . . . .	1641 72
Vppers (G.) . . . . .	1603	114	Wolterbeek (A. H.) . . . . .	1642 105
Vterloo (A.) . . . . .	1604	92	Wonder (P. C.) . . . . .	1643 110
» » . . . . .		141	Wouters (Johan) . . . . .	1644 56
» » . . . . .		147	Wouwerman (Philips) . . . . .	1647 59
Vtson (J.) . . . . .		139	» » . . . . .	1650 75
» (Th.) . . . . .		139	» » . . . . .	1652 76
Venix (J.) . . . . .	1607	35	» » . . . . .	1649 76
» » . . . . .	1606	35	» » . . . . .	1651 77
» » . . . . .	1610	98	» » . . . . .	1648 83
» » . . . . .	1608	98	» » . . . . .	1654 83
» » . . . . .	1609	102	» » . . . . .	1645 83
» » . . . . .	1605	121	» » . . . . .	1646 84
» (J. B.) . . . . .	1611	32	» » . . . . .	1653 87
Vissenbruch (J.) . . . . .	1613	107	» » . . . . .	1655 102
» » . . . . .	1612	112	» » . . . . .	1657 102
» (J. H.) . . . . .		103	» » . . . . .	1656 102
Vrff (Adriaen Van der) . . . . .	1615	58	» » . . . . .	142
» » . . . . .	1614	84	» (Pieter) . . . . .	1659 58
» » . . . . .	1618	88	» » . . . . .	1658 133
» » . . . . .	1616	88	Wttenbrouck (M.) . . . . .	261 74
» » . . . . .	1617	89	» » . . . . .	92
» » . . . . .	1620	91	Wttewael (J.) . . . . .	1660 53
» » . . . . .	1619	100	Wyck (Thomas) . . . . .	1661 57
» » . . . . .	1619a	102	» » . . . . .	1662 77
» » . . . . .		145	Wyckersloot (J. Van) . . . . .	72
(Pieter Van der) . . . . .	1623	83	» (attributed to J. Van) . . . . .	592 33
» » . . . . .	1622	84	Wynants (J.) . . . . .	1664 56
» » . . . . .	1621	87	» » . . . . .	1666 75
» » . . . . .	1624	102	» » . . . . .	1663 77
» » . . . . .	1625	102	» » . . . . .	1665 86
Vst (J. H. Van) . . . . .	1626	103	» » . . . . .	1667 99
Vstenberg (P. G.) . . . . .	1627	112	» » . . . . .	1668 100
Vyden (R. Van der) . . . . .	1628	49	» » . . . . .	1670 102
Vyerman (J. C.) . . . . .	1629a	91	» » . . . . .	1669 102
Vrix (H.) . . . . .		140		
Vdens (J.) . . . . .	1630	44		
Vlaerts (A.) . . . . .	594	72	Xavery (J. B.) . . . . .	31
» » . . . . .	1631	130	» » . . . . .	184
» » . . . . .	1632	133		
Vle (J. G.) . . . . .		138	Yperen (J. T. Van) . . . . .	145
Vleboirts (T.) . . . . .	1633	45		
Vigen, or Winghe (J. Van) . . . . .	1634	44	Ziesenis (J. G.) . . . . .	1671 69









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